A Study in Hypnotism
Description of Paul Lindau's Great Drama, "HIS OTER SELF," in Tuesday's Post-Dispatch.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

WEATHER: Fair Monday and Tuesday; cooler to-night, with frost.

Girls! Girls! Girls!
There are places for you in the Post-Dispatch Want Columns.

VOL. 46, NO. 60. MONDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—OCTOBER 8, 1894. PRICE, 2 CENTS.

WM. L. WILSON

He Stands by the Sentiments Expressed in London.

Reply to Criticisms on His Address Before the Chamber of Commerce.

THE SPEECH GARBLED AND DISTORTED BY PROTECTIONIST NEWSPAPERS.

An Account of the Incidents of His Visit Abroad—The Invitation to the Dinner at the Hotel Metropole and Why It Was Accepted—He Spoke There Just as He Had Spoken in Congress.

Protectionist newspapers have freely criticised Representative William L. Wilson, the tariff-reform leader of the House, for the delivery of an address before the London Chamber of Commerce during his recent visit abroad. The POST-DISPATCH has obtained from Mr. Wilson an account of the incidents of his visit, including his own reviews as to the propriety of his speech, and justifying the sentiments which have so deeply offended protectionists.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—You request of me a signed interview of my trip. My ocean voyage, taken by the advice of physicians for the benefit of my health, and my brief sojourn abroad, are so devoid of any features of public interest that such a story can afford little entertainment to the readers of the POST-DISPATCH. I crossed on the American Liner Paris and returned on the New York, and had the fortune to encounter cyclonic storms on both trips, indeed several of them on the return voyage, but as I am a good sailor, I cannot say that they were especially disagreeable to me, except so far as my sympathies were excited by the sickness of most of the passengers on the New York and the alarm of a few of the ladies.

My stay in England was a little over two weeks in duration, with London as my headquarters. As it is a season when, to use the phrase commonly heard there, "Nobody is in town," I did not have the opportunity of meeting many of the public men of England, a fact which did not at all take away from the enjoyment of my trip, because I was there simply for rest and recreation.

Isador Straus was my traveling companion and a sharer in most of my experiences while abroad. Together we visited both of the great English universities—Oxford and Cambridge—having with us in our visit to the former Secretary J. Sterling Morton and his two sons. Probably the most enjoyable, and in some respects the most instructive, day of our sojourn was our visit to the University of Cambridge. We were the guests of Dr. Charles Waldstein, formerly of New York City, but now of King's College and reader on Archæology in the University, a position of the same dignity as professor. It was very pleasant to find an American, who is still a young man, occupying this high position, and in his company we made a visit to the best known libraries, museums and colleges of Cambridge.

In the Library of Trinity College we were shown by Mr. W. Alders Wright two plays of Shakspeare, in good preservation, that were printed in his life time, with his name on the title page spelled as it is ordinarily spelled in our day. Mr. Wright is a well-known Shakspearean editor and scholar, and takes no stock in the idea that the Bard of Avon was not the real author of the plays now attributed to him.

I had also the pleasure of visiting Newham College, the well-known institution for the higher education of women in Cambridge, and took tea with Prof. Sidgwick, whose wife is the principal of the college. Prof. Sidgwick himself is one of the professors in the university and a writer of distinction and authority on economic and other subjects. I was interested to find him a bimetallist. His wife is a sister of Mr. Arthur Balfour and a niece of the Marquis of Salisbury, while the associate principal of the college is daughter of Mr. Gladstone.

It seemed a happy omen for higher education, this co-operation of the niece of the Tory Prime Minister and a daughter of the late Liberal Minister. We dined with the Fellows of Kings' College, and I had the pleasure of calling to see Prof. Ewing of the University, whose wife is a native of my own county and immediate neighborhood in West Virginia.

We spent a night and part of two days in the country in Hertfordshire as the guests of Mr. Michael P. Grace, formerly of New York, having the good fortune to find also his brother, William R. Grace, then also at his house. This visit gave me what I had never been able to enjoy before, a view and taste of English country life. The mansion occupied by Mr. Grace was built by Lord Howe, who commanded the British fleet in our revolutionary war, and is the center of a park and surrounding landscape, whose beauty is scarcely possible to exaggerate.

The existing agricultural depression in England has lowered the rent of country property, and it is possible that the future may see the sub-division of the great landed estates and the transfer of not a few of them to the new mercantile or trading wealth of the kingdom.

I spent one day at Brighton and one day at Windsor Court and Richmond. On our visit to the latter place we were in company with Thomas Addis Emmett of New York and Boston, and also Mr. Thomas P. O'Connor, the well-known Irish leader who represents the Liverpool constituency in the House of Commons. Mr. O'Connor is one of the best men about America that I met in England and I esteemed it a pleasure to dine with him a few evenings afterwards and to meet besides the gentleman I have mentioned Justin McCarthy, to whom I was introduced on the floor of our own House of Representatives, and whose writings—especially his "History of Our Own Times"—are so widely read in this country.

The only member of Mr. Gladstone's, now, Rosebery's, Cabinet with whom I am not acquainted, Prof. Brice, author of the "American Commonwealth" was traveling in Italy for his health, but at his suggestion I was tendered many courtesies from the Board of Trade, which is the Government Department over which he presides, and enjoyed several interesting and instructive interviews with its permanent secretary, Hon. Courtney Boyle, and the Government British Statistician, Mr. Robert Giffen. The Board of Trade is a very large and important department of the English Government, and has under its jurisdiction many of the important functions which with us are distributed among the Treasury, War, Interior and State Departments.

About the only public question to which I gave any inquiry in England was that of bimetallism, as I was very desirous of learning how far the movement toward some international agreement had made progress. I met some very able bimetallists, such as Prof. Sidgwick, whom I have already mentioned; Sir Samuel Montague, M. P., one of the leading London bankers, and Sir John Puleston, who is known to many Americans. I was sorry not to have the opportunity to meet Mr. Gibbs, one of the former governors of the Bank of England, who is conceded to be one of the ablest advocates of the double standard. On the other side of the question I conversed with Sir Courtney Boyle, Mr. Robert Griffen, Mr. A. J. Wilson, the financial editor of the *Standard*, and Mr. Henry Raphael, who is considered by some of the gentlemen just mentioned as a very high authority. I was sorry not to have the advantage of hearing both sides presented in argument. Of course, in the few days of my stay my opportunities for learning the trend of public opinion were exceedingly meager, and any opinion based upon them must necessarily be of little if any value, but if I ventured an opinion I should say that there seemed, so far as I could learn, no organized effort to divert public opinion towards some practical action in favor of international agreement on this subject. Until that is done it seems to hover on the edge, rather than to be within the arena, of results in the immediate future. Of course, I met and received many pleasant courtesies from my warm personal friends, Mr. Bayard and Gen. Collins, our Ambassador and Consul General in London, and I believe that I am justified in saying that we have never had two men in their respective positions there more popular than they are, and this is none the less true because each of them is thoroughly American.

In the last week of my stay I received an invitation, through the Chairman of the London Chamber of Commerce, to a dinner to be given at the Hotel Metropole on the 27th of September. I accepted the invitation with some reluctance, first, because it broke into the rest which I had gone abroad to enjoy and for whose sake I had kept out of sight as much as possible, and secondly because I knew that both the dinner itself and whatever I might say at the dinner would be grossly and maliciously perverted by the protectionist press of America. But the honor was a very high one, coming from such a source, both to my country and to myself, and I determined not to decline.

The speech which I made on that occasion was one of the few which I have carefully written out in advance, so as to prevent falsification and garbling, and was, so far as I could make it, a plain and full statement of the position of the tariff reformers of the United States. I did not believe that I could manifest my sense of the honor done me better than to speak there exactly as I have spoken in this country, both in Congress and on the stump, and so I told them that while our protectionists had builded up walls to keep England and other countries from coming in to compete with us in our home market, the tariff reformers were now tearing down these walls in order to let us compete with England and other nations in all the markets of the world, and that I believed, and those cooperating with me believed, that our new tariff meant a new era for the United States, in which we should regain our share of the carrying trade, which we had voluntarily relinquished to them and other nations, and our appearance as an exporter of manufactured products, as we have been agricultural products, to all neutral markets. They had heretofore profited by our errors, while their experience doubtless condemned our policy. If they now approved our policy of greater commercial freedom, I gave them friendly warning that it meant our entrance as a competitor with them upon the high seas and in the world's markets, and that, owing to our larger supplies of the basic material of industry, and their accessibility to markets and transportation, it would be our fault if the manufacturing supremacy of the world did not ultimately pass to us.

Those sentiments were, of course, new to some of them, while I found more than one intelligent Englishman who believed just what I said and who declared that, from the point of view of surface advantage, McKinleyism was immensely to the benefit of England, as it was the voluntary withdrawal from the sea and from the world's markets of the competitor whom she had most to fear. I have been in America but a day, and yet I have seen the garbling and falsification of my remarks, which I anticipated, and this even in a speech of Gov. McKinley's; and I have been told that the Republican Committee were waiting to get a full copy of my speech to publish as a campaign document. I sincerely hope they do, for if they do it honestly and fully, and not by taking half a sentence and omitting all of the rest, as I have seen done, I think the American people will get at their expense more sound tariff reform than they have ever gotten before.

WM. L. WILSON.

IN WEST VIRGINIA.

Congressman Wilson Addresses a Mass-Meeting at Charlestown.

CHARLESTOWN, W. Va., Oct. 8.—Hon. W. L. Wilson arrived here at 2 o'clock this afternoon from the East. He was met at Harper's Ferry by a special train crowded with enthusiastic Second District Democrats, who escorted him to his native town. In Mr. Wilson's party were Hon. Robert W. Hunter of Virginia; Charles S. Hamlin, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; Hon. R. T. Barton of Winchester, Va.; Hon. John T. McGraw, Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee; ex-Congressman B. F. Myers of Harrisburg, Pa., and Hon. Fred J. Nelson of Frederick City, Md. The great mass-meeting was convened at the Court-house immediately after the arrival of the special bearing Mr. Wilson, Chairman McGraw calling the meeting to order and introducing Mr. Wilson.

FOR SPORTING NEWS SEE PAGE 7.

TUTHILL'S WIFE.

Sylvia Thorne Refuses to Say Whether She Got a Divorce.

Sylvia Thorne, the beautiful blonde who sings a little and looks a great deal in "The Passing Show" company at the Grand this week, is, or once was, the beloved wife of Ben Tuthill, the manager of the summer opera company at Uhrig's Cave last season. The status of the marital relations of this couple, so far as St. Louisans are concerned, is at present in a doubtful condition. Readers of the POST-DISPATCH will remember the story printed during the summer of their domestic infelicities. While Tuthill was engaged in his multifarious duties of attending to Cave's affairs and making of himself a ladies' favorite, the mother of his fair wife, Mrs. Titus, put in an



Sylvia Thorne.

appearance on the scene with the avowed intention of securing evidence against her daughter's liege lord on which to secure a divorce. She did it. She secured the services of Detective Burks of the police department, and the gay manager was trapped in an immoral resort. It was said at the time that there was collusion between the mother and the son-in-law, but the truth of this was never established.

At any rate the mother, armed with the documentary evidence of Tuthill's infidelity hied herself away to her daughter in the East with the purpose of appealing to the courts, but the echo of the proceedings, if there were any such, never reached St. Louis.

The fair Sylvia was interrogated as to the exact status of the trouble, but not a word would she utter in regard to it. She looked with the most reproachful innocence at the reporter when the question was asked her.

"I have nothing whatever to say," she replied in her sweetest way. "It is my affair entirely and does not concern the public. I will neither confirm nor deny any reports that may have been circulated."

Manager Frank Martineau confessed utter ignorance on the subject, but one of the male members of the company stated that it was generally understood that the divorce had been granted.

SONNESCHEIN IN 'FRISCO.

Resigns His Pulpit Because He Is too Progressive.

Rev. S. H. Sonneschein, who is remembered as the brilliant rabbi of Temple Israel, this city, who had many domestic troubles, astonished the Ohabai Shalome congregation at San Francisco, Cal., of which he was rabbi, by ascending to the pulpit, during the services on the Jewish New Year, last Monday, and announcing his resignation. He



Rev. S. H. Sonneschein.

spoke very touchingly of the pain which the separation gave him. He spoke in German and although his words were not understood by all, they created a commotion. It has not transpired whether Dr. Sonneschein resigned voluntarily or at the instance of certain members of the congregation. One member said that his platform was in opposition to that of his flock, because he is too reformed and progressive. Dr. Sonneschein was said not to be in sympathy with the practice of holding two days' services on holidays. Dr. Sonneschein refused to make a public statement.

Bankers' Annual Convention.

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 8.—Delegates to the twentieth annual convention of the Bankers' Association, which begins a three days' session in this city on Wednesday, are arriving by every train. Over 600 banks will be represented. On the opening day, among others, a paper will be read by Mr. D. V. Rieger, Kansas City, Mo., on "Responsibility of Bankers to the General Public." After adjournment a meeting of the delegates will be held to choose a list of names from which the Nominating Committee shall be chosen by the President.

Not in Favor of Annexation.

PARIS, Oct. 8.—The *Figaro* to-day throws cold water upon the reported intention of France to annex the island of Madagascar, saying that "the result obtained since 1885 is not brilliant and scarcely sufficient to make us desire to annex the island. The heavy expenses of the annexation can easily be foreseen, whereas the advantages are very problematical.

Arcola State Bank.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 8.—The Auditor of Public Accounts to-day granted a permit to Arcola State Bank at Arcola to do business in Illinois. Capital stock $30,000.

A RUDE AWAKENING.



Holly Gee. That's Tollible Little Blute! He Takes Chinaman for Plincushion.

FOR MUTUAL AID.

Meeting of Joint Protective Boards of Gould System Men.

A meeting is to be held at the Laclede Hotel of the Chairmen of Joint Protective Boards for the Gould system of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers' Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, Order of Railroad Conductors, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. The object of the meeting is the foundation of a railway federation for the Gould system. The meeting will continue probably three or four days.

Among the arrivals were: George P. Read, Chairman of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen's Joint Protective Board of Osawatomie, Kan.; Secretary and Treasurer Had Turner of El Dorado, Colo., and Chairman G. W. Wooley of the Brotherhood of Railway Telegraphers' Joint Protective Board of Coffeyville, Kan. Chairman Read said the meeting might not be called to order before Tuesday.

Being asked the object of the meeting, he said:

"It is to form a federation. The meeting was called by agreement. By federation should not be understood anything like amalgamation. If formed it will be for mutual aid in time of trouble. The gentlemen will probably form a [illegible]

What success will attend the effort to form a federation, I am, of course, unable to say."

LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN.

Convention of Delegates of the Missouri Pacific System.

The seventh annual convention of the delegates of the different lodges of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen on the Missouri Pacific System was called to order at 2 p. m. at Druids Hall by General Chairman George P. Reed of Osawatomie, Kan. There are fourteen lodges on the system, each of which is represented by one delegate. During the convention officers for the ensuing year will be elected, the financial affairs of the last year straightened out, and general matters pertaining to the order discussed. The convention may continue in session several days.

Sessions will be held both morning and afternoon until the convention adjourns.

The business of the first session consisted of hearing the reports of the different officers and the examination of credentials.

Massachusetts Democratic Ticket.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 8.—The following ticket was to-day nominated by the Democratic State Convention in this city: For Governor, Hon. John E Russell; Lieutenant-Governor, Charles E. Stratton; Secretary of State, Charles D. De Courcy; Attorney-General, Henry F. Hurlbut; Treasurer and Receiver, Gen. James S. Grinnell; Auditor, Alfred C. Whitney of Boston.

Embezzler Arrested.

MARSHALL, Mo., Oct. 8.—Perry M. Campbell, city circulator of the *Daily Democrat-News* of this city, was arrested to-day for embezzling $284 from that printing company. He has carried on his peculations for months, and when confronted with proof acknowledged his guilt. The company will make a vigorous prosecution.

An Afternoon Fire.

A big fire broke out in the stable of the Phœnix Planing Mill Co. at 1828 Spruce street, damaging the building and contents to the amount of $200.

THE WEATHER.

Fair To-Day and To-Morrow—Cooler To-Night, With Frost.

Forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Fair Monday and Tuesday; colder Monday night, with frost; warmer Tuesday afternoon.

Forecast for Missouri: Ti-night fair; colder in east portion; Tuesday fair; warmer by afternoon; westerly winds.

A moderate cold wave covers the country west of the Mississippi, north of Central Texas. The temperature is at freezing or below over Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming and the extreme North and Northwest. Killing frosts are reported from Eastern Nebraska, Southeastern Kansas, Central Illinois and the Western half of Missouri.

Light rains occurred yesterday in the Upper Lake Region and Eastern Missouri, and snow in Minnesota and South Dakota.

There are indications of a disturbance in the Gulf south of New Orleans this morning.

Killed Vegetation.

EMPORIA, Kan., Oct. 8.—The first heavy frost of the season occurred last night. As a result tomatoes and garden truck in general are done for this season.

Severe Frost.

BRUNSWICK, Mo., Oct. [illegible] severe frost of the year visited this section last night. It did little damage, as [illegible] were prepared.

BY AN OPIATE.

Ernest Herman Follows Dr. Priest's Advice in Committing Suicide.

Ernest Herman, a laborer 50 years of age, took a dose of laudanum Sunday, about midnight, and died in the morning on the operating table at the City Dispensary whilst Dr. Jordan was trying to revive him.

Herman was a guest of the St. Clair Hotel, Third and Market streets.

WILL NOT DOWN.

Friends of Breckinridge Talk of Running Him for the Senate.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 8.—The friends of Breckinridge are bringing him out for Senator. Secretary Carlisle, Senator Blackburn, Gov. Brown, Gen. Buckner and Henry Watterson are among the other names mentioned.

The friends of Owens are insisting on Senator Blackburn taking the stump immediately in the Ashland district for Owens.

LARGER LOAVES.

A Test Fails to Verify the Claims of Bakers.

Now that wheat is so cheap that the farmers are feeding it to their hogs and the price of flour has been reduced to $2.85 a barrel, people are daily asking: "Why is it that the price of bread is not reduced?" A POST-DISPATCH reporter repeated the same question to several of the leading bakers in the city and their replies indicated that the people are getting cheaper bread but don't know it.

According to the bakers the size of the ordinary loaf of bread has, during the past eight months, been increased six ounces, or one-third larger than before. Eight months ago, they say, the ordinary loaf weighed but 17 or 18 ounces. Now it ranges from 23 to 24 ounces, whereas a barrel of flour was formerly sufficient for nearly 200 loaves, it now makes only about 140. This makes the barrel of flour made up by the baker $5.60, as it is sold to the retailer for 4 cents. The bakers say this, with their expenses is as cheap as they can afford to make bread, that competition is sharp and if it could be made cheaper it would be.

In all this the bakers go on the apparent theory that all flour is made into bread, and that their expenses have to be paid out of the profits on bread alone. This is clearly not the case, as a large proportion of the labor and other expenses about the big bakery is incurred in the making of cakes and other pastries, in which a barrel of flour, with the other ingredients which outside the sugar cut a small figure, brings in nearer $20. Those well posted in the matter say that the bakers could well afford to make a 28-ounce loaf.

In some cases, too, the bakers' statement that 23 and 24-ounce loaves are now the rule is not true. The POST-DISPATCH reporter went into a grocery where several makes of bread were kept and only one make weighed 23 ounces. Two others weighed 19 ounces and one weighed but 18½ ounces. In spite of the statements of the bakers, people who eat bakers' bread are clearly entitled to more bread for their money at the present time than they are getting.

GLOBE-TROTTERS AT HANNIBAL.

Californians Passing Through Missouri on a Tramp Around the World.

HANNIBAL, Mo., Oct. 8.—J. Fred Thoerner and Gus Koegel, the two men who left San Francisco, Cal., on June 1 to make a trip around the world on foot, arrived in Hannibal Saturday evening and remained over night. They are to receive $18,000 if they make the trip in one year. The considerations of the wager are that they must not beg, borrow or steal and can only receive pay for their work, advertising and the sale of their photographs. The distance they will cover during their tour will be over 26,000 miles, as in foreign countries they will have to travel through only settled and Christian countries. They will have to walk 18,743 miles. The rest is made by water. Their average is to be eighteen miles per day and on their arrival in Hannibal they were 225 miles ahead of time. They have already worn out five pairs of shoes each, but they look fresh.

BLIND DRUNK.

Another Unfortunate Turns Up at the City Hospital.

Dr. Heine Marks, Superintendent of the City Hospital, is of the opinion that all of the blind men in the city must have agreed to get drunk. Three of the sightless drunkards have been at the City Hospital within the past week. The last one is Joseph G. Saulsbury, 40 years of age. When he was taken to the hospital he was so drunk that he had alcoholic paralysis. He was unable to move any part of his body. After being given heroic treatment he revived sufficiently to tell Dr. Marks that he had a brother at 4046 Lucky street. He said his brother's name was James Saulsbury and that he was a motorman. Dr. Marks asked the blind man how he managed to get money to buy liquor.

"Oh, I beg for it until I get enough to get enough whisky to last me for a week or two," he replied.

It is quite probable that this will be his last spree as Dr. Marks thinks that Saulsbury may not recover.

PEARY SCORED

Dr. Edward Vincent Handles the Explorer Without Gloves.

He Flatly Contradicts Many Statements Made by Mrs. Peary.

EXPEDITION LAMELY CONDUCTED AND MEN SHABBILY TREATED.

Those Who Accompanied the Lieutenant Deceived From the Outset as to the Time, They Were to Be Absent—Only One-Third Enough Coal Oil Taken on Board—The Men Poorly Fed and Came Near Freezing.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 8.—Dr. Edward Vincent, the surgeon and ethnologist of Lieut. Peary's arctic expedition, got back to Springfield this morning. His reception at his old home, where he is deservedly popular, was most cordial. The doctor is looking well. He is a young man of good physique and perfect health, and he withstood the hardships of the first journey across Greenland better perhaps than any other member of the party. Dr. Vincent talked entertainingly to the POST-DISPATCH correspondent this morning of the expedition.

"The expedition," said he, "was a success in several respects, while in others that much can not be said of it. At the time the party started out it was the understanding that two years should be occupied in the endeavor to reach the North Pole. This, however, was contrary to the intention of Lieut. Peary, for it was his idea to stay but one, although that fact was concealed from us at the time. The provision made by Peary for the expedition was inadequate. I regret that it should be necessary to say anything in criticism of Lieut. Peary, but Mrs. Peary's version of our difficulties is so far from the facts that the truth, in justice to everybody, ought to be told.

"When we were preparing for the expedition Engineer Entrikin, whose experience entitled him to the respect of Lieut. Peary as an authority on the subject, told Peary that 120 barrels of coal oil must be taken along. This advice was totally ignored by Peary, and only forty barrels were taken. The result was that we narrowly escaped being frozen to death—that is all of us except Lieut. and Mrs. Peary. We (I mean the party exclusive of the Lieutenant and his wife) had one small coal oil stove, and we improvised a coal stove by the use of two tin buckets. We had a little coal. Two and a half bushels had been stored by Peary on a former expedition and this coal was doled out to us at the rate of a tomato can and a half full every hour. We had to burn our coal oil very sparingly. At length we tore out some of the house partitions and used the wood for fuel.

"The thermometer at this time registered 40 degs. below zero. But Lieut. Peary and wife would not have known it unless they stepped outside, for in their apartments the thermometer registered 70 degs. above zero—certainly a very comfortable temperature.

"As to our food, we would have starved to death if we had not chanced to find a number of reindeer. It was only by chance that we found them, for they are migratory. We ate walrus and seal part of the time. Our supply of canned goods was limited, and as they were distributed by Lieut. Peary with a stinted hand we did not get fat on them. Think of one small can of beans being divided among fourteen persons. Peary kept everything of that sort under lock and key. Fearing we might use too much sugar, he would take a spoon and sprinkle it on our mush.

"We saw very little of Mrs. Peary. She and the Lieutenant were exclusive in their way of living. We never received an invitation to dine with them. In respect to food, Peary certainly did not share the hardships of the rest of the party.

"Our headquarters, as is well known, was at Bowdoin Bay. There the ship left us, after we had built a house and stored it with provisions. We were in latitude 78 deg. north. Nineteen miles from our station was an Esquimau village. It contained forty persons. The whole tribe of which its inhabitants were a part numbered only 244. Our situation gave us an opportunity to learn the language of the tribe. It is virtually the same as the language of the British-American Indians of the far north. It is a spoken language. There is no alphabet, and sign language is unknown. And for that reason they have only a traditional history. The food of these people is only flesh. They are very prolific, but so many of the men are killed in the chase after sea animals that the tribe does not increase any.

"The journey to the pole across Greenland began in March. The selection of the month for this purpose by Peary was most unfortunate, for in that latitude it is the coldest month of the year. Seven of us, headed by Peary, started to cross the ice pack. Here let me say that I did not give out and return, as has been erroneously reported. My physical condition was first-class. During the first week Hugh J. Lee was frost-bitten and Astrup, the Norwegian, was taken ill. Both were taken back to headquarters by Peary and G. H. Clark on sledges. Upon their return they told us Lee was in danger of losing his leg.

"At Equinoctial Camp, March 21, we encountered a fierce storm. It raged for three nights. The wind averaged forty-eight miles an hour, and the thermometer dropped to 60 deg. below zero. The tent in which G. H. Clark, Davidson and myself had taken refuge was torn into shreds by the wind and finally blown away. We now found ourselves overwhelmed by an immense snow drift. For a time we were unable to get out. At length Davidson managed to work his way out, and securing a spade dug us out. In doing this he froze his heel to the bone, and being thus incapacitated for further duty he had to be taken back to headquarters. I was ordered to take him back. I was probably better fitted physically than any of the others to go on with Peary, but I could only obey orders and go back. Hitching four dogs to a sledge Davidson and I started on the return trip. The storm was renewed. There were mock suns and we were several times lost. Our compass was our only guide. Finally a heavy storm forced us to stop. We passed through it with no sun and no fire. The dogs gave out. I hitched myself to the sledge and dragged it for much of the distance. Then the sledge broke down and for the last six miles of the journey Davidson had to walk. The flesh came off of his heel and he was in bed 126 days. He will be a cripple the rest of his life.

"Peary and his companions returned after having gone about eighty miles. Why he abandoned the attempt to reach the pole I don't know. He gave no plausible explanation. He informed us that he would release us from our obligations to him, but would ask for volunteers to stay with him after the arrival of the ship, so that he might make one more attempt to reach the pole. All of us, except Hugh J. Lee, decided to go back on the ship. Lee was induced to remain by a promise of a good naval position. The ship brought plenty of food, but we did not care to go with Peary again, because he had not the material necessary to a successful journey to the pole.

A MORTGAGE DUE.

Why Christ Callandrum Took Paris Green and Ended His Life.

Christ Callandrum, a carpenter 38 years old, residing at 1835 South Tenth street, took a dose of paris green at 8 o'clock a. m., with suicidal intent. He was discovered in great agony shortly afterward by his wife. Dr. Sthunber of 1709 South Eighth street was summoned and attended him until 2 o'clock, when he died. The deceased leaves a wife and six children, the oldest 17 years and the youngest 6 months. The probable cause of his action is financial troubles. He is said to have a mortgage on his house, which is due, and which he was unable to meet. The property is to be sold under the mortgage.

TORN TO SPLINTERS.

Electric Car Collides With a Lumber Wagon—Boy Killed.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—A heavy loaded electric car collided with a lumber wagon at Halstead and Forty-third sirtet to-day, killing an unknown boy and injuring all of the twenty-five passengers. The car was torn to splinters. None of the injured will die.

WILL ATTACK PEKIN.

American Residents Warned by Minister Denby to Leave the City.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 8.—United States Minister Denby has warned the American residents of Pekin that the city is certain to be attacked by Japanese and he advised that all the women and children be sent at once to places of safety.

Already many of the wealthier natives are departing and many others are making preparations to follow their example.

THREATENED HOLD-UP.

Two Heavily Armed and Suspicious Looking Men Arrested.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Oct. 8.—Yesterday afternoon a farmer came into the city and reported that a tramp had informed him that an effort would be made to hold up the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis train at Turner.

A force of twenty officers was sent out on the train from here, but no effort was made to hold it up. This morning another force of officers went to Turner, where two strange men heavily armed were found sitting near a camp fire. They claimed to be hunters but are thought to be crooks. They were placed under arrest on suspicion and brought to this city, where they are now held.

CLOTHING FOUND.

Arrests Made by the Police and Property Recovered.

Thomas Foach, Charles Thomas, alias [illegible]roe, and Josephine Covington, all colored were arrested at a room, No. 111 South [illegible] street, by Sergt. Fox and Officer Hayes. The officers found in the room a bag containing thirteen pairs of new pants and [illegible] overcoats. Mary Bradford, who keeps the room at the above number, says that two men came there about 4 o'clock this morning, bringing with them the same clothing. They told her if she informed them they would kill her. About 10 o'clock in the morning Detective Zeigler arrested Joe Douglas, colored, at Eleventh and Collar streets. Douglas had on a new overcoat which he admitted was stolen. He took the detective to where he had disposed of the pairs of pants and thirteen overcoats, which he says were stolen from Maurice Cauffman, 920 Old Manchester road. He said that other two men, Foach and Thomas, were implicated with him in the robbery.

COBB MUST R

Twelfth District Democrat mined to Force Him

From 1 to 8 p. m. polls will be [illegible] First, Second, Third, Fifteenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-second, Twenty-third, Twenty-seventh and Twenty-[illegible] for the election of delegates to Congressional District Democratic convention. The convention will be held [illegible] day, beginning at 10 a. m., at Uhrig's Cave, and will renominate Hon. Seth [illegible] for Congress. Because of the general [illegible] standing that such will be the case, [illegible] at the primary election is to be one of the highest that has ever been in the district. There is not a single [illegible] and all the delegations are pledged [illegible] Cobb.

The present indication is that [illegible] Dwight Collier will be nominated by [illegible] publicans against Mr. Cobb.

In the Eleventh Congressional District [illegible] Democrats have a fair field for choice, [illegible] the turnout of voters at the primaries on the 15th shall be great. [illegible] Fred F. Espenschied will probably [illegible] the nomination. If, however, the [illegible] left entirely in the hands of the [illegible] of the other candidates, possibly [illegible] King, will be apt to develop [illegible] strength.

While there has been some talk [illegible] tuting an active worker for Hon. [illegible] Joy, now that Hon. John J. O'Neill [illegible] the race, the suggestion has not [illegible] received with enthusiasm, and the [illegible] still a long way in Joy's favor. [illegible] said this morning that he would [illegible] have Mr. Espenschied for an opponent [illegible] because of any pleasure to be [illegible] defeating him, but because the [illegible] could be conducted without any [illegible] personalities such as would have [illegible] liable if Mr. O'Neill had received [illegible] nation.

The contending Democratic [illegible] the Justiceship canvass in the [illegible] have been harmonized, and that [illegible] but one delegation in the convention [illegible] nature of the compromise indicates [illegible] supporters of Dolan for the Court [illegible] have formed a coalition with the [illegible] are supporting Patrick J. Tobin [illegible] Twentieth Ward for Justice of [illegible] and that their delegation [illegible] exchange votes. If Dolan [illegible] be nominated (and that [illegible] conclusion since James J. Butler's [illegible] his delegates have entered the contest [illegible] the nomination of Patrick Sheehan [illegible] Butler's candidate for the Justiceship [illegible] not be likely to go through, since [illegible] and Dolan are both from the First [illegible] only remains now for Col. Butler [illegible] the support of his delegation [illegible] teenth Ward to Taafe and Dolan [illegible] the deal and bring about the [illegible] This would be a death [illegible] hopes of Sheehan and Phelan [illegible] the First Ward workers say that [illegible] will probably happen. If [illegible] leaves the First Ward without [illegible] delegation James J. Byrne, [illegible] Patrick J. Manley, John J. [illegible]

Cronin and Edward Morrissey. The deal was engineered by Charles McCormick, the further entry against Jim Cronin for the First Ward Democratic nomination for House of Delegates.

Touching the recent report charging Thomas Holland of the Sixth Ward with attempting to secure money from Mr. Landvoght to support Mr. Nacke for Justice of the Peace in the Seventh District, Mr. Holland said:

"On Sept. 20 Landvoght and a man named Wittroft came to my house to secure my Congressional delegation for their ticket. We adjourned to Peter Walsh's saloon, and not finding Mr. Walsh there, Landvoght asked me to take his rig and go in quest of him, which I did. On finding Mr. Walsh, we both returned to the saloon, where the proposition was made to us to aid in securing the Democratic vote for Landvoght's ticket at the Republican primary election. Landvoght was told that it would cost more than it was worth, and the figure was placed at $400. As far as I myself am concerned I could not influence one Democratic vote. Landvoght had repeatedly asked me to talk to Judge Nacke, but I have always refused, as I could not support him. Anyone posted in the Sixth Ward knows that money is being spent there, and I could have secured my share had I gone after it. My sole reason for being with Landvoght at any time was to get my congressional ticket indorsed by him and his delegation. When I refused to go any further Landvoght got angry and is throwing mud at me. After the close of the primary election he will be a poorer and wiser man."

Thomas B. Walsh has made an affidavit concerning the same matter. Mr. Walsh swears that he never asked Mr. Landvoght for any sum of money in consideration of his services or influence for Judge Nacke. He further swears that Landvoght declared, in the presence of Tom Holland and a man named Witthoff, that $1,000 had been appropriated, and they had already spent $800.

Additional appointments for Senator Cockrell have been made by Chairman Sam B. Cook of the Democratic State Executive Committee, as follows: Clinton, Oct. 22; Osceola, 23; Houston, 24; West Plains, 25, all in the afternoon; Williamsville, 26, evening; Doniphan, 27; Greenville, 29; Fredericktown, 30, and Potosi, 31, all afternoon; and Kearney, Nov. 1, evening.

The Four Courts Democratic politicians who only recently were training with Deputy Coroner C. H. F. Rohlfing, and aiding and abetting his attempt to bring about the renomination of Coroner Frank, are evincing a disposition to take their hands out of the fight, and to let the Republican Committee Secretary solve his own political destiny. They are said to have been very powerfully strengthened in this resolve by the plain intimation of Mr. Filley in last Friday's POST-DISPATCH that he was done with both Rohlfing and Frank. At any rate, no Democratic assistance is likely to be tendered the Deputy Coroner in his battle for political existence before the Republican primary election on Oct. 17.

Political Notes.

An attempt will be made to-night to form a woman's single tax club in room 501 of the Fagin Building. All women interested in Single Tax are invited to be present.

The Eleventh Ward Young Men's Republican Club will hold its next meeting at Lueckng's Hall, Iowa avenue and Arsenal street, Friday night. Congressman Bartholdt will be there.

The Twenty-fourth Ward Republican Club will meet at 8 p. m. on Tuesday at Hoffman's Hall, Elliott and St. Louis avenues.

There will be a Democratic rally at Delarr's Hall, corner Prospect avenue and Manchester road, this evening at 8 o'clock. Good speakers will be in attendance.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY NOTES.

Items of Interest From Missouri, Illinois, Arkansas and Texas.

MISSOURI.

Quail shooting is the order of the day.

R. W. Boskett, a wealthy citizen of Howard County, aged 75, was married to Miss [illegible] ayne, aged 45, who had been his housekeeper for twenty-five years.

Jasper County corn this year weighs 26½ ounces an ear.

The 7th Missouri Volunteer Cavalry held their seventh reunion at Lebanon.

Robert L. Wilson of Laclede County was severely bitten by a vicious bulldog, and he near dying from blood poisoning.

Hazelwood Cemetery, Springfield, will be improved.

The Springfield Military Band had an unpleasant experience at Kansas City with a [illegible] band.

Hoodlums were fined at Springfield for disturbing the Salvation Army.

Carthage has the foot-ball fever.

[illegible] rora ladies make the round of calls on [illegible] cles.

[illegible] s. Emma Conday of Sedalia put a robber [illegible] ght.

[illegible] Republican rally at Georgetown was a [illegible] affair.

[illegible] erson City and Sedalia have agreed to [illegible] ree on base ball and will play no more [illegible] es.

[illegible] s. J. R. Parsons of Sedalia was caught in [illegible] ding-bed and badly hurt.

[illegible] e enrollment at the State University is [illegible] 127, being 82 less than last year.

[illegible] e J. D. Johnson, a prominent Odd Fellow [illegible] d at El Dorado Springs.

[illegible] dred and fifty Kentuckians registered [illegible] amar on "Kentucky Day."

[illegible] souri Penitentiary now has a population [illegible] 317.

ILLINOIS.

[illegible] 's wagon passed through Weston [illegible] he legend, "Sneakin' Back to In-[illegible]

[illegible] s' association has been organized [illegible] County.

[illegible] Trost sues the city of Springfield [illegible] r personal injuries.

[illegible] in Starkewicz of Kankakee tried [illegible] re with kerosene and was burned [illegible]

[illegible] sentatives of Blackburn, Carlinville [illegible] ot fare well at the inter-collegiate [illegible] Jacksonville.

[illegible] market place is proposed at [illegible]

[illegible] id persons attended the Quincy [illegible] ate.

[illegible] ngfield Canning Works put up [illegible] of tomatoes and corn this year, [illegible] of 200,000.

TEXAS.

[illegible] eland club was organized at Fort [illegible] nposed only of Democrats opposed [illegible] coinage of silver.

[illegible] Clark says there is going to be an [illegible] it in the party.

[illegible] a great deal of hard feeling over [illegible] rdman's refusal to allow Senator [illegible] speak in Representative Hall at [illegible]

[illegible] is delivering his remarkable dis-[illegible] Cleburne.

[illegible] Austin, a 16-year-old boy, is held [illegible] r at Houston, he having kill a boy [illegible] n Lewis in a boyish fight.

[illegible] act for the new High School [illegible] Temple has been let.

[illegible] surer of Brecosta County was [illegible] 5,000 by masked men at Alpine.

ARKANSAS.

[illegible] Little Rock cyclone and the Fayetteville [illegible] re, Arkansas has her share of dis-[illegible]

[illegible] tion Army will build a church at [illegible]

[illegible] receipts of Washington County [illegible] r ending Oct. 1 were $29,716.10.

[illegible] cimens of zinc ore have been found [illegible] gton County.

[illegible] th annual convention of the Y. P. [illegible] ll be held at Russellville Oct. 11 [illegible]

[illegible] e Rock *Democrat* suggests an in-[illegible] salaries for State officers.

[illegible] ck is full of energy and activity [illegible] the damage from the cyclone.

[illegible] This Come to Pass Also?

[illegible] icago Record.

[illegible] "What's the charge in this [illegible] utterby vs. Sutterby?"

[illegible] 's attorney: "Failure to sup-[illegible]"

[illegible] ne husband wouldn't pay for [illegible] is that it?"

[illegible] 's attorney: "No, your hon-[illegible] ndidate on a Populist ticket [illegible] Democrat."

THE FULL LIST.

Names of the Candidates of All Parties in Illinois.

State, Congressional and Both Branches of the Legislature.

NOMINATIONS FOR THE ELECTION WHICH TAKES PLACE NEXT MONTH

All Filed With the Secretary of State at Springfield—Saturday Was the Last Day for Filing—The Office Closed at Midnight—Campaign Committee Chairmen Looked After the Interests of Their Parties.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 8.—The list given below presents the names of the candidates of all political parties in Illinois to be voted for in the election next month. They have all filed the necessary papers for nomination, under the law, with the Secretary of State:

REPUBLICAN.

State Treasurer.......Henry Wulff
Superintendent Public Instruction.......Samuel M. Inglis
Trustees University Illinois.......Lucy L. Flower; Alexander McClean; Samuel A. Bullard

INDEPENDENT REPUBLICAN.

State Treasurer.......Orrin L. Mann

DEMOCRATIC.

State Treasurer.......Bernard J. Claggett
Superintendent Public Instruction.......Henry Raab
Trustees University Illinois.......Julia Holmes Smith; Taylor C. Clendenen; Calvin S. Pleasants

PEOPLE'S.

State Treasurer.......John F. Randolph
Superintendent Public Instruction.......L. E. Roberts
Trustees University Illinois.......John C. Tanquary; Thos. R. Rinehart; Horace M. Gilbert

PROHIBITION.

State Treasurer.......Howell J. Puterbaugh
Superintendent Public Instruction.......Nicholas T. Edwards
Trustees University of Illinois.......Rena Michaels Atchison; Amelia C. Sanford; Charles H. Merritt

PEOPLE'S SILVER PARTY.

Trustees University of Illinois.......E. Wakeley

Congressional Candidates.

The candidates for Congress in the twenty-two districts of the State are as follows:

1.	Frank J. Aldrich	Rep
	Max Demnbufsky	Dem
	William H. Craig	Pro
	W. Scott McComas	Ind. Am
2.	William Lorrimer	Rep
	John Z. White	Peo
	John J. Hannahan	Dem. Peo
3.	H. Reed Belknap	Rep
	L. E. McGann	Dem
	John B. Clarke	Peo
4.	Charles W. Woodman	Rep
	Patrick J. Minitor	Peo
	P. E. Ryan	Dem. Peo
	J. Simington	Pro
	Frank Lawler	Ind. Dem
5.	George E. White	Rep
	Charles G. Dixon	Peo
	Ed T. Noonan	Dem.-Peo
	H. C. Francher	Ind
6.	Edward D. Cook	Rep
	Julius Goldzier	Dem
	Louis W. Rogers	Peo
	James J. Linehan	Peo
7.	George Edmund Foss	Rep
	Louis Long	Dem
	Henry D. Lloyd	Peo
8.	Albert J. Hopkins	Rep
	Lewis Stewart	Dem
	George S. Bowen	Peo
	George W. Sindlinger	Pro
9.	Robert R. Hitt	Rep
	David F. Thompson	Dem
	Shepherd H. Zimmerman	Peo
	James Lamont	Pro
10.	Philip S. Post	Rep
	Jonas W. Olson	Dem
	William W. Mathews	Peo
	Samuel T. Shirley	Pro
11.	Walter Reeves	Rep
	Robert R. Gibbons	Dem
	William M. Hirschy	Peo
	Marion Gallupp	Pro
12.	Joseph G. Cannon	Rep
	Fred D. Radeke	Dem
	Samuel Leavitt	Peo
	Rev. E. T. Hayes	Pro
13.	Vespasian Warner	Rep
	A. J. Barr	Dem
	Nathan M. Barnett	Peo
	Wilfred M. Kellogg	Pro
14.	Joseph V. Graff	Rep
	George O. Barnes	Dem
	William L. Herberling	Peo
	David McCulloch	Pro
	William G. Eggleston	Ind
15.	Benjamin F. Marsh	Rep
	Turman Plautz	Dem
	Martin W. Greer	Peo
	Samuel Woods	Pro
16.	John I. Rinaker	Rep
	Finis E. Downing	Dem
	P. D. Stout	Peo
	M. M. Cooper	Pro
17.	James A. Connelly	Rep
	William M. Springer	Dem
	James A. Crawford	Peo
	Albert F. Smith	Pro
18.	Frederick Remann	Rep
	Edward Lane	Dem
	Joseph S. Barnum	Peo
	Thomas W. Hynes	Pro
19.	Benson Wood	Rep
	George W. Fithian	Dem
	Harvey M. Brooks	Peo
	Henry B. Kepley	Pro
20.	Orlando Burnell	Rep
	James R. Williams	Dem
	Harry G. Jones	Peo
	The Rev. W. C. Willey	Pro
21.	Everett J. Murphy	Rep
	John J. Higgins	Dem
	Henry C. McDill	Peo
	James H. Sawyer	Pro
22.	George W. Smith	Rep
	Francis M. Youngblood	Dem
	John J. Hall	Peo
	Elder Calvin Allen	Pro

For the Legislature.

STATE SENATE.

For the State Senate this year, fifty-one members are to be chosen, the elections taking place in the odd numbered districts. Here is the list of candidates:

1.	S. A. Douglas	Rep
	P. V. Fitzpatrick	Ind. Rep
	Bryant Conley	Dem
	Wm. H. Bond	Peop
3.	Sidney McCloud	Rep
	Edward Maher	Dem
	R. Featherstone	Peop
	John Harmon	Ind. Am. Cit
5.	Charles H. Crawford	Rep
	Patrick L. McArdle	Dem
	John W. Maskin	Peop
	F. C. Baird	Pro
	J. Boydill	Ind. Am. Cit
7.	John Humphrey	Rep
	George A. Weimer	Dem
	P. W. Dunne	Peop
	H. A. Delano	Pro
9.	F. Craigmile	Rep
	William J. O'Brien	Dem
	John Mutz	Rep
	S. F. A. Sataleck	Peop
11.	Fred Kundin	Rep
	William [illegible] eacock	Dem
	W. T. Cooling	Peop
13.	Joseph Libac	Rep
	Joseph P. Mahoney	Dem
	William F. Burns	Peo
	R. F. Gudgeon	Ind. Dem
15.	J. J. Morrison	Rep
	James F. Gleason	Dem
	E. G. Bell	Peo
17.	E. J. Dwyer	Rep
	John Gaynor	Dem
	W. M. Groves	Peo
	William J. Busse	Ind. Am. Cit
19.	D. A. Campbell	Rep
	Stanley H. Kunz	Dem
	F. J. Nash	Peo
21.	C. M. Netherstrom	Rep
	Otto D. Swearingen	Dem
	M. Britzius	Peo
23.	G. D. Anthony	Rep
	John F. O'Malley	Dem
	V. B. Williams	Peo
	Ed Pariee	Peo
	W. J. Candlist	Pro
25.	G. H. Munroe	Rep
	C. Wilkening	Dem
	J. J. Smith	Peo
	R. Patterson	Pro
27.	L. M. Sawyer	Rep
	T. N. Haskins	Dem
	A. C. Croswell	Peo
	Uriah Persons	Pro
29.	D. D. Hunt	Rep
	O. Riordan	Dem
	R. M. Reed	Peo
31.	J. W. Templeton	Rep
	J. Whallon	Dem
	J. O'Connor	Peo
	A. S. Bissell	Pro
33.	H. V. Fisher	Rep
	J. Miller	Pro
	B. Jordan	Pro
35.	F. E. Harding	Rep
	R. B. McKinley	Dem
	J. A. Lafferty	Peo
	S. L. Guthrie	Pro
37.	W. H. Collins	Rep
	A. W. Wells	Dem
	P. Thomas	Pop
	D. L. Musselman	Pro
39.	D. T. Littler	Rep
	B. F. Caldwell	Dem
	O. J. Alsbury	Peo
	E. Miller	Pro
41.	M. J. Kanan	Rep
	H. Manecke	Dem
	H. Bunn	Peo
	A. L. Keelan	Pro
43.	W. O. Wilson	Rep
	H. L. McKinley	Dem
	T. Ratcliffe	Peo
	C. B. McNay	Pro
45.	M. H. Kingsbury	Rep
	A. J. Reavill	Dem
	J. L. Jessop	Peo
	W. H. Higgins	Pro
47.	C. A. Herb	Rep
	L. F. Lumaghi	Dem
	John Bell	Pro
49.	J. L. Willoughby	Rep
	P. Felbert	Dem
	J. Green	Peo
	William Little	Pro
51.	P. T. Chapman	Rep
	William Wright	Dem
	D. N. Anderson	Peo
	W. G. Showers	Pro

The full membership of the lower branch of the Legislature will be elected next month. The party candidates follow.

1.	W. H. King	Rep
	William G. Lamb	Rep
	Stephen B. May	Dem
	John G. Sterchie	Dem
	G. H. Wishman	Peo
	F. T. McNamara	Peo
2.	Rudolph Mulac	Rep
	Oscar L. Dudley	Rep
	Sherman P. Cody	Dem
	Edward J. Herdlicka	Dem
	Christopher O'Brien	Peo
3.	Solomon L. Lowenthal	Rep
	George W. Miller	Rep
	Alexander J. Jones	Dem
	W. C. Walsh	Peo
4.	W. C. Eakins	Rep
	Frank Bischoff	Rep
	Daniel F. Currey	Dem
	Henry O. Eirich	Dem
	John E. Murphy	Peo
5.	John C. Buckner	Rep
	Milroy H. Gibson	Rep
	Angelo S. Calla	Dem
	T. J. Kiernan	Peo
	William Jones	Peo
6.	George M. Boyd	Rep
	Isidore N. Pletke	Rep
	Adam J. Weckler	Dem
	Bernard J. Mahoney	Dem
	Max Rathberger	Peo
7.	Wm. Thiemann	Rep
	Robert H. Muir	Rep
	Clayton E. Crafts	Dem
	George C. Whipple	Peo
8.	George Reed	Rep
	R. J. Beck	Rep
	George R. Lyon	Rep
	P. H. Delaney	Dem
	Ansen Thompson	Pro
	S. H. Bradbury	Ind
	E. D. Shurtleff	Ind
9.	David E. Shanahan	Rep
	Philip Steiner	Dem
	Christian Walleck	Dem
	William G. Smith	Peo
	Walter Carmody	Peo (Pop)
	John P. Taylor	Peo (Pop)
10.	L. M. Noling	Rep
	Vic H. Berri	Rep
	C. Harris	Dem
	W. A. Patterson	Peo
11.	Ernest G. Schubert	Rep
	M. Gilbert Mauritzon	Rep
	Joseph S. Schwab	Rep
	C. A. Carson	Rep
12.	D. S. Berry	Rep
	J. C. McKenzie	Rep
	M. Stospopf	Rep
	C. M. Feezer	Rep
	M. W. Saylor	Peo
	William S. Smith	Pro
13.	James P. Cavanagh	Rep
	Henry P. Carmody	Dem
	Edward J. Novak	Dem
	Simon Shoffen	Dem
	Peter Knickrehn	Peo
	J. J. Riley	Peo. (Pop.)
	Robert F. Gudgeon	Ind. Dem
14.	E. C. Hawley	Rep
	C. P. Bryan	Rep
	L. M. Dearborn	Rep
	V. W. Panton	Peo
	R. C. Bryan	Pro
15.	John Mayer	Rep
	Wm. F. McCarthy	Rep
	John T. Fleming	Dem
	Wm. Jones	Dem
	Edward Rohrig	Dem
	H. E. Rohn	Peo
16.	Ed C. Curtis	Rep
	A. M. Jones	Rep
	F. P. Morris	Dem
	D. Brumback	Peo
	G. B. Winter	Pro
17.	Albert Glade	Rep
	William Burke	Dem
	Frank J. Briggnadello	Rep
	C. L. Heeg	Rep
18.	James P. Fletcher	Rep
	M. B. Bailey	Rep
	Wm. M. Bines	Dem
	James E. Crammond	Dem
	Alex C. Barton	Peo
	George W. Woisey	Peo
19.	Charles G. Johnston	Rep
	Sewel B. Weston	Rep
	James Fitzsimmons	Dem
	John J. Swente	Dem
	Joseph S. Geshkewich	Ind.-Dem
	A. G. Lyons	Peo
21.	David Revell	Rep
	Fred A. Busse	Rep
	James H. Farrell	Dem
	Christian Meyer	Peo
22.	E. Stubblefield, Representative	Rep
	John L. White, Representative	Rep
	James F. O'Donnell, Representative	Dem
	Alex Keady, Representative	Pro.-Peo
23.	A. J. Olsen	Rep
	Lawrence Kilcourse	Rep
	Thomas H. Cannon	Dem
	W. H. Lyman	Dem
	Edward Pariee	Peo. (Pop.)
	W. H. Lyman	Peo. (Pop.)
	Charles F. Peterson	Peo
24.	A. Daugherty	Rep
	A. Merrill	Rep
	John Holmes	Dem
	John Cahill	Dem
	S. J. Malone	Peo
	J. E. Wilson	Peo
	A. S. Procter	Pro
25.	A. B. Hallock	Rep
	Wm. H. Steen	Rep
	J. M. Thompson	Dem
	W. M. McDonald	Dem
	M. Dandor	Peo
	Wm. Elliot	Pro
26.	J. W. Johnson	Rep
	J. Merriam	Rep
	L. C. Breeden	Dem
	W. G. Moore	Dem
	E. C. Sleau	Peo
	G. W. Warner	Pro
27.	U. S. Ellsworth	Rep
	J. Wylie	Rep
	J. McLaughlan	Dem
	Wm. Lacost	Dem
	L. M. Eddy	Peo
	G. W. Johnson	Peo
	A. P. Wright	Pro
28.	L. Kaiser	Rep
	U. A. Wilson	Rep
	James A. Teel	Dem
	Wm. H. Compton	Dem
	J. A. Kennedy	Peo
	R. Craven	Pro
29.	John R. Ely	Rep
	W. Guffin	Rep
	James Brannon	Dem
	W. E. Smith	Peo
	G. Mewhirter	Pro
	Joe Williams	Ind. Dem
30.	W. H. Taylor	Rep
	W. C. Hubbard	Rep
	James Owensby	Dem
	H. E. Shaw	Dem
	M. O. Stever	Peo
	J. S. Sprout	Pro
31.	J. W. White	Rep
	George Marry	Rep
	W. M. Pilgrim	Dem
	E. H. Kempster	Peo
	G. Armstrong	Pro
32.	W. S. Denham	Rep
	W. H. Buchanan	Rep
	G. Wendell	Dem
	E. J. Meil	Dem
	Herman Berg	Peo
	A. M. Caldwell	Pro
33.	William Payne	Rep
	William C. Stickney	Rep
	Joseph Mulligan	Dem
	L. O. Johns	Peo
	E. K. Hayes	Pro
34.	W. I. Klein	Rep
	August Dow	Rep
	E. McConnell	Dem
	J. D. Huffman	Dem
	S. Hudson	Peo
	R. T. Hicks	Pro
	G. W. Fox	Pro
35.	F. Murdock	Rep
	N. H. Guthrie	Rep
	L. V. B. De Forestal	Dem
	J. T. Dukes	Peo
	A. D. Metcalf	Pro
36.	J. W. Kritzmiller	Rep
	W. T. Mounts	Dem
	W. L. Jones	Dem
	J. H. Winters	Peo
	J. C. Kelly	Pro
37.	C. F. Kincheloe	Rep
	Dr. J. C. Rickey	Rep
	G. W. Dean	Dem
	E. A. Perry	Dem
	M. D. Sharpless	Pro
38.	J. R. Challacomb	Rep
	J. G. Miller	Rep
	E. P. Poindexter	Dem
	F. M. Guinn	Dem
	P. G. Donaldson	Peo
	Dr. L. F. Stoddard	Pro
39.	W. J. Butler	Rep
	C. E. Selby	Rep
	Thoms White	Dem
	E. L. Merritt	Dem
	C. H. Wells	Peo
	M. B. McFadden	Pro
40.	W. H. Wallace	Rep
	A. H. McTaggart	Rep
	J. P. Barricklan	Dem
	L. H. Williams	Dem
	A. Summerlin	Peo
	J. T. Killam	Pro
41.	W. G. Cochran	Rep
	J. E. Sharrock	Rep
	M. McDonald	Dem
	A. B. Herdman	Dem
	M. G. Okey	Peo
	William Dalby	Pro
42.	T. B. Needles	Rep
	M. J. O'Harnett	Rep
	T. C. Merritt	Dem
	J. A. Barns	Dem
	J. Telford	Peo
	G. W. Rutherford	Ind
43.	E. Harris	Rep
	J. H. Condo	Rep
	P. Brisco	Dem
	G. M. Lesreme	Dem
	George Kincaid	Peo
	A. A. Love	Pro
44.	R. Graham	Rep
	S. M. Smythe	Rep
	M. W. Spencer	Dem
	S. Cook	Dem
	C. Buchanan	Peo
	W. H. Hughes	Pro
45.	E. Callahan	Rep
	W. H. Lathrop	Rep
	J. E. Bibex	Dem
	[illegible]	Dem
	Thomas Tippit	Peo
	C. E. Palmer	Pro
	G. T. Smith	Rep
46.	C. A. Aikin	Rep
	B. H. Watson	Dem
	C. T. Taggart	Dem
	William H. Green	Peo
	J. P. Stelle	Peo
	J. H. Crosno	Pro
	J. H. Faith	Rep
47.	O. A. Snedaker	Rep
	T. P. McFee	Dem
	T. P. Ferns	Dem
	S. T. McDonald	Pro
	L. T. Kennedy	Rep
48.	E. J. Ingersoll	Rep
	J. Douglas	Dem
	H. P. Burroughs	Dem
	T. J. Cahill	Peo
	R. H. Allen	Pro
	R. H. Allen	Rep
49.	L. Perrottet	Rep
	M. Kelly	Dem
	William H. Snyder	Dem
	Fred Helms	Peo
	J. M. Carson	Pro
	J. T. Nixon	Rep
50.	A. J. Pickerell	Rep
	M. M. McDonald	Dem
	J. Bean	Dem
	William T. Davis	Peo
	T. E. O'Shea	Rep
51.	F. A. Armstrong	Rep
	R. M. Johnson	Dem
	C. A. F. Rondeau	Peo
	T. J. Murray	Pro
	G. M. Smoot	Pro

Saturday was the last day for filing nominations, and the Secretary of State kept his office open till midnight to accommodate the candidates, whose interests were looked after by the chairmen of the three political central committees.

ROBBED OF $2,500.

Big Haul Made From Ben Heman's Residence—East Side News.

Ben Heman of New Swansea was robbed Saturday night of the biggest part of $3,000 he had realized from the sale of a patent. He returned home last Thursday from New York, where he had sold a patent on a fence nail for $3,000 and placed $2,500 in bills in an old cupboard in his house. Saturday night thieves entered his residence and stole the $2,500. The police have been notified, but have no clew to the thieves.

The Supreme Court has declined to interfere in the Menkhausen case and the condemned wife murderer now has little hope of evading execution next Friday. Attorney McConaughy will apply to Gov. Altgeld for a reprieve or commutation of sentence.

Judge Augustus Chenot was given a surprise party in honor of his birthday.

Henry and Martin Heineman of St. Louis visited their father, H. Heineman.

Quarterly communion services were held at the Presbyterian Church at 10 a. m.

Hon. J. N. Perrin will deliver an address at the opening of the Cahokia Church fair.

E. V. Debs, who was expected to be present at the labor convention here Wednesday, has notified the local assembly that he cannot attend.

Rev. George W. Shepherd commenced his second year as pastor of the Methodist Church.

The roof of the residence of Charles Knapp on North Silver street was slightly damaged by fire.

Burglars attempted to enter the saloon of Henry Oexner on North Illinois street, but were frightened away.

Miss Carrie Roth has returned from Alton, where she spent three weeks with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Crowley of Wichita, Kan., are the guests of C. Dietz and wife.

William and Edward Hirt of Shelbyville are visiting here.

Mrs. William Eckhardt of Belleville, who is at Pinckneyville visiting her sister, Mrs. William Ash, had her right foot accidentally dislocated.

Charles Miller, Henry Davis, Henry Edwards, John Williams, John Keyes and James Carmody were taken to Chester to serve short terms in the penitentiary for burglary and larceny.

H. S. Corrington and family of San Antonio, Tex., are visiting J. C. Corrington.

The annual fair of St. Peter's Church will be held Oct. 23-25.

A sneak thief stole a coat from the residence of D. S. Elliott on Walnut street.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

State Convention of the Catholic Knights of Illinois.

The State Convention of the Catholic Knights will be held at Columbia to-morrow. M. J. Walsh, P. M. Sullivan, Frank Smith, John Cantillon, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Burke and other members of the local branches will attend. Mr. Walsh is President and Mr. Sullivan Trustee of the Grand Lodge. Messrs. Smith and Cantillon are the delegates of the local lodges, St. Mary's, No. 4 and Immaculate Conception, No. 2.

East St. Louis Branches No. 49 and No. 83, Knights of Fr. Mathew, will take communion next Sunday at St. John's Church, Sixteenth and Chestnut streets, in St. Louis. Wednesday night the members of Branch No. 49 will attend an entertainment at the K. of F. M. Club hall, 2627 Jefferson avenue.

At St. Patrick's Catholic Church the approaching nuptials of William McCormack and Miss Julia Murphy and John Luscombe and Miss Ellen Mitchell were announced.

Alexander Wade, aged 38, died at his residence, No. 405 St. Louis avenue. He left a wife. The funeral occurred at the City Cemetery.

Four different brick-making concerns have commenced laying sections of pavement at Missouri and Collinsville avenue for a comparative test. About 700 square yards of ground will be covered.

The fair to be held at the Church of the Holy Family in Cahokia will be opened with a historical address by Hon. J. N. Perrin, who will talk of the connection of the old village with the early history of Illinois.

Thomas Richardson and Miss Mary L. Bequeret of East St. Louis were married in St. Louis.

The funeral of Joseph Sarpe of East St. Louis, who was killed in a railroad wreck last week near Monterey, Mex., took place at 2 p. m. at St. Peter's Cemetery.

Presiding Elder O. H. Clark conducted services at the Summit Avenue Methodist Church.

The Election Commissioners have fixed the 16th and 23d inst., as dates for registration.

Hon. John J. Higgins of Duquoin was the guest of Thomas Knoebel and wife, Sunday.

Horace Eggman and Henry Kraft have gone to Louisville, Ky.

A FREE FIGHT.

Three Young Men Fined for a Row Saturday Night.

A telephone message from the Four Courts to Sergt. Pierce at the Sixth District station, about midnight Saturday night, told him there was a riot at the corner of Warne and Cottage avenues. He dispatched Officers Gallagher, Wolff and McSherry to the scene, and they arrested John White, John Conley, Mat Devlen and Pat Noonan, all young men, who live in the neighborhood, and who were said to have been fighting there. Conley's head looked as though it had been under an electric car. His face was all blood, and there was a big wound in the back of his head. He told the officers he had been hit with a brick, which he thought had been in Devlin's hands shortly before it touched his head. In the Second District Police Court the boys refused to tell what they were fighting about, and Judge Paxson discharged Conley, fined Devlin $10 and Noonan and White $5 each.

How to Help the Negroes.

From the New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The most important missionary work that can and ought to be done in the South is the sanitation of the negro districts of the big cities like New Orleans. Some $40,000,000 has been given toward the education of the colored race since the war, and twenty-odd colleges endowed for their benefit. It would have been far better for the negroes had a portion of the money gone to establish their comfort, health, and longer life, for there is little wisdom in teaching the negro youth and allowing them to be carried off each year, as they are by the thousands, by diseases easily preventable or incurable.

Pretty Bad.

From [illegible] ress.

Jac[illegible] you gave me was the wor[illegible] you never tackled [illegible]

IMMENSE!

There is no adjective which will describe the completeness and magnificence of our great store. For a year we have enjoyed our spacious building, and it has taken us fully a year to appreciate and realize what a complete establishment we own. We may safely say, without boasting, that there is not another exclusive

Carpet and Curtain House

In the United States which equals ours in modern conveniences; not another store which is so well lighted with daylight in every portion of its salesrooms. There is not a dark nook in any part of the house. Our wide expanse of windows on the Washington avenue side favor us with the softest north light, which is so desirable in exhibiting the beauties of our almost unlimited stock.

THE FIRST FLOOR . . .

Is devoted to DRAPERIES and CURTAINS. It is so divided by partitions hung on polished brass tubing that any portion of the entire salesroom may be used to show any class of Curtains in the most satisfactory manner. Thus any number of discriminating buyers may have access to the whole stock at the same time without confusion.

RETAIL DEPARTMENTS Occupy the Four Lower Floors. WHOLESALE and Cut Order DEPARTMENTS Occupy the 5th, 6th and 7th Floors.

THE SECOND FLOOR . . .

Is fully occupied by a fine assortment of ORIENTAL and DOMESTIC RUGS, which it would be difficult to duplicate in any city in the world. Special attention has been given to this department, and the choice selection of Modern and Antique Rugs is well worth a visit by those who contemplate purchasing this highly artistic style of floor covering. We have all sizes, all shapes, all grades, at all prices.

OUR STORE IS A MODERN WONDER And We Invite You to Call and Inspect the FINEST CARPET STORE IN AMERICA.

THE THIRD FLOOR . . .

Is one of the busiest, and yet the show rooms are so arranged that any number of customers need not conflict while making their selection. Here we carry an immense assortment of the most serviceable and most popular BODY BRUSSELS and TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, from the least expensive to the finest grades.

THE FOURTH FLOOR . . .

Is devoted to fine VELVET CARPETS, WILTONS, AXMINSTERS, MOQUETTES, etc. A person must be devoid of all taste for the beautiful if he could not find his "beau ideal" of a Carpet here.

Trorlicht, Duncker & Renard

CARPET CO., COR. FOURTH AND WASHINGTON AVENUE.

LEAVE TIEN TSIN.

The British and Russian Ministers on the Way to Pekin.

THE PURPOSE OF THEIR MISSION HAS NOT BEEN DISCLOSED.

How Li Hung Chang Treated a Disgraced Magistrate—Movements of Japan's War Fleet—A Decisive Blow Must Soon Be Delivered—Terrors of a Winter Campaign.

TIEN TSIN, Oct. 8.—The British and Russian Ministers, Mr. N. R. O'Connor and the Count Cassina, started for Pekin yesterday. The object of their visit to the capital is not known.

Sheng, the Taotai or district magistrate of Tien Tsin, whose disgrace and flight have already been reported, bought from Germany 800,000 discarded rifles for which he paid 2 taels each and charged the Government 9 taels. He also bought a large quantity of cartridges which were found to be utterly useless. Li Hung Chang discovered the fraud and summoned Sheng to him. In the interview that followed Li Hung Chang is said to have slapped Sheng's face. Sheng later made an application for leave of absence on the plea that he was ill, and the leave was granted. The report of an insurrection at Jehol, the seat of one of the imperial palaces, and about 120 miles from Pekin, is apparently unfounded.

The steamer Wenchow reports having spoken seven Japanese warships on Sunday. Some were ten miles south and others were northeast of Shantung promontory. The Japanese were inquiring about the movements of the Chinese Southern squadron.

RUSSIAN CRUISERS FOR THE ORIENT.

CRONSTADT, Oct. 8.—The Russian cruisers Djit and Valime Monomach have been ordered to proceed to the far East.

MUST STRIKE NOW.

The Japanese Not Prepared for a Winter Campaign.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 8.—The crisis of the China-Japan war is looked for within the next ten days or two weeks by those most interested and best informed on the contest. The legations of the two countries are expecting daily to hear that the decisive battle has been fought. This is based on the fact that the Japanese have been gradually closing in around Pekin, and the invading army is compelled by force of circumstances to strike their blow at once or not at all. The intense cold which comes on about the middle of October makes this imperative. The Japanese climate is very mild even in winter and the Japanese troops are wholly unprepared for the rigorous climate about Pekin, which is due within two weeks. The Chinese look upon this as one of their defenses and the Japanese fully appreciate that it compels them to concentrate their campaign for this year into the next few weeks. For that reason they are expected to make heroic efforts to decide the contest at once. They are without the heavy clothing, camp equipments, etc., for a campaign in the bitter cold.

If the Japanese can keep up their forced marches and can re-enforce their armies going inland with sufficient supplies of food China must prepare for peace on such terms as she can get. If the winter closes in on invading troops so that they shall be hemmed about, unless all intelligence has fled the imperial councils of Pekin the Mikado will be on his knees to China, and his dynasty will see its end in Japan.

ROSEBERY'S RETURN.

Unexpected Arrival in London From His Visit to Scotland.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—The Prime Minister, Lord Rosebery, has returned here from Dalmeny Park, Scotland, where he only arrived on Saturday last.

THE NEWS IN GERMANY.

BERLIN, Oct. 8.—The Boerse to-day was weak on the news of Lord Rosebery's sudden return to London from Scotland.

A FREE SHOOTER.

Thomas Hogan Fined $10 for Reckless Use of His Revolver.

Thomas Hogan, a middle-aged man, residing at 3934 Lucky street, walked into the Second District Police Court with the assistance of a cane at 9 a. m., to answer a charge of discharging fire arms. Mr. Hogan was arrested about 8:30 Saturday night by Officer Thompson of the Sixth District. The officer says he was standing on Vandeventer avenue and Lucky street when he heard four shots, and going up the street he found that Hogan had stood in his front yard with a drawn revolver and fired the shots across the street. Two bullets buried themselves in the ground, another went through the front window of Mrs. Simpson's residence, 3929 Lucky street, and narrowly missed that lady, while the fourth whistled within a few inches of the rosy cheek of Miss Mary Butler, daughter of Mrs. Ellen Butler of 3931 Lucky street. Hogan admitted doing the shooting, but said that he was trying to scare off a crowd of boys who had been congregating in front of his house. The policeman said, however, that there were no boys in front of his residence at the time. Hogan was fined $10.

A Failure to Connect.

From the Chicago Record.

The waiter (to the departing guest): "Haven't you forgotten my services, sir?"

The guest: "Not much—and I mean to report them to the manager, too."

Still Inventing.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

"Well, what are you working at now?"

"Greatest thing on earth," answered the inventor. "I'm going to get up a pneumatic pin cushion."

Is Your Blood Pure

If not, it is of the utmost importance that you should take Hood's Sarsaparilla without delay, for impure blood means danger. Hood's Sarsaparilla will give you a good appetite, and build you up so that when the cold weather comes it will not find you in a run down condition, a ready prey for the Grip, Pneumonia, Diphtheria and fevers. Attend to this now; be sure to get HOOD'S.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25c.

Marriage Licenses.

Paul Mienhaus	Alton, Ill.
Nellie Malson	4408 N. Broadway
William M. Cook	4055 Olive st.
Lily Gildehaus	3039 Eads av.
Jacob Miles	17 S. Compton av.
Lena Flieg	3965 Gratiot st.
William Hoene	1221 N. 11th st.
Agnes Schulte	1313 N. 12th st.
William Feler	1436 N. 13th st.
Emma Lorenz	2105 N. 14th st.
John F. Smith	Louisiana, Mo.
Mollie C. Pratt	Louisiana, Mo.
Stephen Grotegeers	3335 Missouri av.
Elizabeth Sievers	1904 S. 7th st.
Walter Karr	3961 Blair av.
Lena Crump	2415 Cass av.
William Robison	Galveston, Tex.
Caretta Reynolds	4252 San Francisco av.

Burial Permits.

Eugene Seegraber, 52 yrs., Alexian Brothers' Hospital; blood poisoning, homicide.

Nancy H. Adams, 69 yrs., 1424 Vandeventer av.; pneumonia.

Alex. Rothwell, 4 hrs., 1005 N. 18th.; premature birth.

James G. Coyle, 86 yrs., 5848 Easton av.; dropsy of the lungs.

Catherine Leuhard, 70 yrs., 2111 Cherokee st.; old age.

Amelia Dice, 60 yrs., 1424 Michigan av.; old age.

John Doyle, 39 yrs., Alexian Brothers' Hospital; abscess.

Fred Schneider, 23 yrs., 2044 S. King's highway; scarlet fever.

Elizabeth Kindermann, 44 yrs., Good Samaritan Hospital; pelvic disease.

Katherine C. Astrodt, 74 yrs., 2209 Madison st.; kidney disease.

Annie Haltermann, 9 mos., 3107 S. 7th st.; inflammation of the stomach.

Mary Stein, 58 yrs., 217 S. Main st.; heart disease.

Lelia Meyers, 1 yr.; Busch Station, Mo.; congestion of the brain.

Jacob Lucas, 69 yrs., Pekin, Ill.; heart failure.

Markus Welsh, 3 mos., 8521 Vulcan st.; marasmus.

Clara Maria Steenkan, 1 yr., 1623 Menard st.; congestion of the brain.

Edward S. Rowse, 64 yrs., 10 Benton place; enlargement of the liver.

N. Annie Gockey, 8 mos., 1236 N. 10th; convulsions.

Ella Zimmerman, 15 ds., 1235 N. 10th; premature birth.

Helen Peters, 7 yrs., 1415 Sullivan av.; marasmus.

Mina Zebel, 66 yrs., 4030 Cottage av.; cholera morbus.

Charles E. Walker, 1 yr., 2820 St. Vincent av.; diphtheria.

Louise Hyde, 61 yrs., 1300 Sullivan av.; pneumonia.

Mary C. Shea, 3 yrs., 2320 Mullanphy st.; diphtheria.

Jane Inney, 88 yrs., 1508 N. 9th st.; old age.

Jerry O'Shaughnassey, 12 ds., 4560 N[illegible] av.; uræmia.

William Brinkman, 2 mos., 1401 Bla[illegible]; marasmus.

DEATHS.

ECKELMAN—EDDIN ECKELMAN, beloved [illegible] Wm. H. and Annie Eckelman, aged 4 y[illegible] 8 months.

Funeral from residence, 1008 North [illegible] street, Tuesday, at 2 p. m.

MALONEY—Entered into rest Sunday, [illegible] 1 a. m., PATRICK J. MALONEY, beloved husband of Ellen Maloney.

Funeral Tuesday, Oct. 9, at 2 p. m., from residence, 2649 Rutger street, to St. [illegible] Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

Deceased was a member of Lafayette [illegible] No. 415, K. of H.

Chicago papers please copy.

...NUA...SSION.

...ond Conv... of the Inter... ...nal Typog...al Unio...

...D TO ORDER... BY PRESIDENT...

...es of Welcom... ...ered by Mayor ...ylor—Speech... ...ditor Kelly and ...H. A. Boie... ...ident Prescott's ...nnual Repor... ...rtant Business Come Up—L...

...VILLE, Ky., ...—The forty-second ...convention ...the International ...aphical Uni... ...ed here this morn... ...Odd Fello... ...ll. Mr. Wm. B. ...of India... President of the ...called th... ...ntion to order. Dr. ...Eaton ...d the convention ...rayer. ...yor Taylor de... ...n add... ...f welcome to the ...isitors... ...Col. R. ...ly, editor of the *Com...ercial*, ...come... ..."typos" on behalf of ...he press ...nd M... ...B oles, President of the local ...pogr... Union, on behalf of the local ...prin... The following is an abstract o... ...res... Prescott's annual re...ort:

President... ...stated that the mem...rship of ...nization has increased ...ring the ...by over 1,000, exclusive ...000 Germ... ...ing printers, who affil... ...l in accor... ...with the agreement ap...ved by t... ...scite. Nearly every ...cipal city ...country is represented ...he new ch...sued.

...ancially ...n is in excellent shape, ...general f... ...ning to accumulate. ...ite the ...n... conditions the re...s have ...than equaled expendi... Refer... ...de to the defunct In...apolis B... ...hich the funds of the ...n were d... and it is figured out after th... ...dividend has been de... ...d the un... ...sustain a net loss of ...t $12,000. ...he idea of reducing this ...nt suit h... instituted against the ...tors as in...is.

...e report o... ...th the pressmen's im...lio, with ...dition of the Printers' ...e at Co... Springs and with the ...tion of s... ...hours. On the latter the ...rt refers ...efeat last year of the ...osition o... ...ng nine hours a day's ...and co...

...t is evide... the causes which go to ...ke shorter ...such a necessity at this ...he also serv... ...rt hope to the opposi...tion and sho... ...us that adequate preparation ... ...cessary than ever. In a busine... ...the profits are not usually inordi... ...which the cost of material and ...potent factors in the cost of pro... ...is futile to suppose that employer... ...a change so long as there is... ...unity for success...ful resistance... ...it wi... ...duty to formulate... ...submission to the members... ...tains, as a pre...requisite to ...adoption of a shorter workday, me... ...or accumulating a large fund for the ...ose of prosecuting the fight. Timo... ...rsory observer of recent events in the la... ...world must be convinced that to orloo... ...most essential feature will be a stud... ...a worse state than the existing... ...gh the industrial outlook is not an... ...courging... ...tone just now, yet this ...the prer tin... ...to make preparation. Now the ti... ...to ...kle on our armor and pre...are for fray.

The centio... ...adjourned at noon until Tuesday morni... This afternoon at 2:30 ...here wa... str... parade. In the parade was the ...est ...mber of the International Union in ...pers... ...n of Mr. James R. Watson of this c... Mr. ...atson is ...2 years of age. The par... was ...ollowed ...y an entertain...ment piled f... the visitors in Music Hall. ...o-mor... ...the work of the convention ...roper begi... but the election of officers ...ill not be ...before Thursday.

...he sen wi... last the entire week. It ...last annual gathering, meetings ...o occur biennial. Delegates are ...every train and to-morrow it is ...at fully 300 will be in attendance. ...ict in the United State... and ...be represented.

...mu... importance to the union ...principal question to be ...fect of the rapid adoption ...machines. A proposition ...itted to raise the death ...60.

...ILROAD EMPLOYE...

...at the Receivers ...on... ...y of the Litigation.

..., Oct. 8.—The cas... of ...ay employes, who ...re ...rotherhood of Railway ...e receivers of the Rea... ...was brought before the ...Court Friday, was co... ...Judge Dallas, and after ...postponed until Frid...

...William P. Montague... ...es, who presented the ...f Washington, Martin ...y, and Francis Rawle...

...oyes presented a peti... ...n E. Wilkinson of the ...y Trainmen of Illinois; ...nd George H. Ruppie, ...f the Reading Rail...ion sets forth that ...f the organization, a ...been members seven ...August of this year ...led by Supt. Sweigard ...to renounce their al...erhood of Trainmen ...smissed from the em...ter, on Sept. 3, they ...that they must sur... the organization or ...e dismissed. Supt. ...was simply carrying ...erior officers. ...g Railway Co. in an...ed that on Oct. 1, ...le application for a ...to the customary ...a member of any ...was a willful false...e employes then ...In answer to Mc... ...e company stated ...m in the employe ... Counsel for the Judge Dallas to ...in statu quo, and ...to dismiss any em... ...brought up on Fri... ...llas refused to do, ...signed by Levi ...was then read and ...company asked ...day to answer, ...dge, although ...l for the em...e Judge Dallas ...ient of Illinois ...and the petition ...isposed of. The ...s that of Hicks. ...ehalf of the em... ...it was a ...Ohio, Indiana, ...r States to dis...rs of labor or...se. He also re... ...pinion in the ...nd Judge Har... ...orthern Pacific ...workingmen to...

...KERS.

...a Railroad Killed.

...ain wreckers ...of the Soo ...action, and ...train was ...nto Toma...

...is buried... ...oken.

..., 15 years ...14 Mound ...nider by a ...0 Mound

VERY SIGNIFICANT.

Instructions of Judge Edmunds to the Grand-Jury.

READ A SECTION ON COMPELLING GRAND-JURORS TO TESTIFY.

May Have Some Bearing in the Case of Ex-Delegate Thomas J. Lynam, Who, After Giving Testimony Which Caused the Indictment of Julius Wuerzburger, ex-Deputy Collector, Claimed He Made a Mistake.

The grand-jury for the October term of the Criminal Court was impaneled to-day. They are as follows: Foreman, Jacob Furth, President of Jacob Furth Grocery Co., 717 North Third street, residence 1821 Dillon street; Thomas B. Gettys, secretary W. P. Gettys Provision Co., 113 North Main street, residence 4956 Lotus avenue; Luthur Babcock, title investigator, office in Wainwright Building, Seventh and Chestnut streets, residence 2911 Russell avenue; Philip Roeder, stationer, 807 North Fourth street, residence 1709 Carr street; Charles B. Fisher of Fisher & Davis, machinery, 1024 North Main street, residence 5853 Plymouth avenue; Daniel F. Addington, President Phos-Ferrone Manufacturing Co., 1700 Olive street, residence 3329 Lucas avenue; Louis Edwards, Secretary Mississippi Glass Co., Main and Angelica streets, residence 2117 East Grand avenue; Sol J. Quinlivan, merchant, 109 North Levee, residence 4469 West Belle place; Matthew D. Ryan, boss teamster, Missouri Glass Co., Twelfth and Olive streets, residence 413 South Garrison avenue; August Tausig, commission merchant, 815 Pine street, residence 1740 Missouri avenue; John D. Filley, Secretary St. Louis Trust Co., Fourth and Locust streets, residence 40 Westmoreland place; Michael A. Furlong, grocer, Webber Bros., 3016 Easton avenue, residence 1027 North Leonard avenue.

Judge Edmunds gave no special instructions to the body beyond refering them to the sections of the statutes under which the Grand-jury operates, telling the members that the Assistant Circuit Attorney would read the sections to them. The Court read three of the sections, the first of which is as follows:

Sec. 4086. Grand-jurors required to testify, when—Members of the Grand-jury may be required by any Court to testify whether the testimony of a witness examined before such jury is consistent with or different from the evidence given by such witness before such court, and they may also be required to disclose the testimony given before them by any person upon a complaint against such person for perjury or upon his trial for such offense.

The other two sections read by the court refer to Grand-jurors' obligations not to disclose the secrets of the Grand-jury, unless as provided in sec. 4086.

The reading of the above sections by the court is somewhat significant following the controversy between Assistant Circuit Attorney Jesse A. McDonald and ex-Member of the House of Delegates Thomas Lynam regarding Mr. Lynam's connection with the case of Julius Wurzburger, ex-deputy collector, who was indicted by the last Grand-jury on Mr. Lynam's testimony and the case against him nolle prosequied by Circuit Attorney Zachritz on an affidavit made by Lynam stating that he had made a mistake in his testimony before the Grand-jury. Lynam alleged that he called the attention of Assistant Circuit Attorney McDonald to the matter and asked to have a correction made and that Mr. McDonald said that it was not necessary, as nothing had been done.

Mr. McDonald said that he made the correction and caused the indictment to read according to Lynam's second statement.

Judge Edmunds told the Grand-jurors after he had read the sections that he had no special instructions to give them, as they had been called to examine the cases in which the parties had been arrested and were either in jail or out on bond. The Grand-jury then retired to its quarters to begin its work.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL CONCERT.

Programme of Rehearsals to Be Held This Week.

The Sunday-school concerts at the Exposition having been postponed to Tuesday, Oct. 16, rehearsals will be held this week as follows:

Monday Evening—Delmar Avenue Baptist Church, Delmar and Pendleton avenues; S. C. Bond, leader. Trinity M. E., Tenth and North Market; W. E. Scherr, leader. Carondelet Presbyterian; C. E. Wilcox, leader. Lafayette Park M. E., Lafayette and Missouri avenues; L. F. Lindsay, leader. Central Christian, Finney, near Grand avenue.

Tuesday evening—Grand avenue Baptist, Grand and St. Louis avenues; Prof. H. H. McGranahan. Fourth Christian, Penrose and Blair; leader, W. E. Scherr. Centenary M. E., Sixteenth and Pine. L. F. Lindsay, leader.

Thursday Evening—Grand Avenue Presbyterian; R. O. Bolt, leader. Wagner Place U. P., Wagner place; T. C. Hamilton, leader. Clifton Heights M. E.; E. H. Kellar, leader. Eden M. E., Nineteenth and Warren streets; L. F. Lindsay, leader. Lafayette Park M. E., Lafayette and Missouri avenues; G. W. Hall, leader.

Friday Evening—West Presbyterian, Maple and Maryville avenues; L. M. Hall, leader. Memorial Tabernacle, Fifteenth and Carr streets; T. C. Hamilton, leader. Grand Avenue Baptist, Grand and St. Louis avenues; L. F. Lindsay, leader.

Sunday, 4 p. m.—Bethel, Olive and Commercial streets; G. H. Ten Broek, leader.

REAL ESTATE.

Excursion to Granite City—Prospects for a Busy Week.

There was active inquiry at the offices of the real estate agents for property for rent and for sale, and the week promises to be a busy one in real estate circles.

George A. Slatery reports the following sales:

Natural Bridge road—South side, near Turner avenue, 25x190 feet at $550, from R. Green and others to Dr. E. R. Albin.

Bissell avenue—North side, between Newstead and Taylor avenues, 45x110 feet for $2.50, from John E. Biest to A. Nicholay.

Lexington avenue—South side, between ...y and Turner avenues, 88x205 feet for $880, from C. H. Ackert to Addie Newberry.

Penrose avenue—South side, near John avenue, 50x110 feet for $1,000, from James Berry to Joseph Nock.

House No. 4214 San Francisco avenue, with ... feet of ground for $1,000, from Joseph Nock to James Berry.

Red Bud avenue—East side, between Lee and Kossuth avenues, a five-room frame, with 25x125 feet of ground for $1,850, from the Northern Central Realty and Construction Co. to C. N. Weltin.

Espenschied & Dietmeyer report the sale of 50x200 feet of ground on the west side of Grand avenue, between Flad and Flora avenues, for $100 a foot, from Peter J. Paule, ... to Wm. E. Beckmann, who will improve the site.

Granite City, the new manufacturing town on the east side of the Mississippi River opposite St. Louis, will be inspected by prominent St. Louisans and by representatives of the press on Wednesday afternoon. The party will leave Olive Street Station by special train over the Merchants' Terminal Railroad.

A meeting of the directors of the Real Estate Exchange was held at 3 o'clock to take action on the death of E. S. Rowse, the ... President of the exchange, and one of its most prominent members.

Goff Reticent.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—John F. Goff refused to-day to either deny or affirm the rumor that he had been approached by Tammany and offered $80,000 to drop his connection with the fight against it. Mr. Goff promised that to-morrow's before the Lexow Committee would be of a sensational character, but he would not state who his witnesses would be.

STABLE FIRE.—Fire in the frame stable in the rear of 825 Humboldt avenue damaged the place to the extent of $25. Frank German of 1514 East Grand avenue owns the stable.

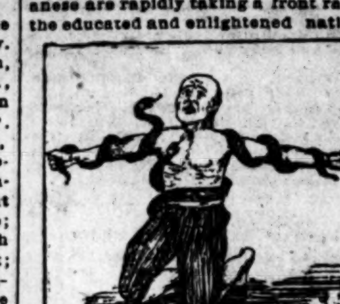
SOME CHINESE TORTURES.

Infamous Cruelties to Which Prisoners Are Subjected.

HORRIBLE SUFFERINGS OF VICTIMS.

Written for the POST-DISPATCH.

If the war between the Chinese and Japanese should result in the success of the latter it is not unlikely that a few reforms in China's government may follow, as the Japanese are rapidly taking a front rank among the educated and enlightened nations. One



The Boiling Snake.

of the first results of such enforced civilization would probably be the abolition of the Chinese system of torture.

The punishments now imposed on the Mongolian criminal or culprit in China, by Chinamen, exceed in cruelty, not to say barbarity, those of any other civilized nation. The fact that such cruelties are often inflicted for insignificant crimes, or perhaps merely to gratify the malice or whim of a captious mandarin, makes them doubly heinous.

Modes of torture and punishment in the Celestial Empire are of two kinds—legal and



Cage Torture.

illegal. The latter are frequently practiced by magistrates and jailers—by magistrates for the purpose of eliciting confession of guilt and by jailers in order to extort money from the prisoners. The methods of illegal torture are numerous and the pain caused by them is often excruciating. Many of them receive their specific names from the implement or apparatus employed in the infliction of the torture.

In the form known as the "cage" punishment, the offender is placed in a cage, his head protruding through an opening in the



Suspension Punishment.

top, and the cage is so adjusted as to allow the tips of his toes only to touch the ground. The victim is either obliged to stand thus or be hung by the neck if he attempts to change his position. To stand long on tiptoe is almost impossible, and the wretched offender is thus made to suffer intense pain. Persons are known to have been placed in such a cage in a public place and kept there until death has come to their relief.

The "snake" punishment consists in turning around the body of the victim snake-like coils made of some malleable metal, in use



The Squeezing Method.

so arranged that the arms of the prisoner are thrust into one set, while another passes around the body. After these are adjusted boiling water is poured into them through the mouths of the serpents, causing the flesh of the victim to burn and blister in a horrible manner. This mode of punishment is almost exclusively used on State prisoners.

In the "suspending" punishment the prisoner is either suspended on a horizontal bar by one hand and one foot or else by the hands tied together at the back, and also the feet. In either of these positions the pain, when the torture is long continued, is so great that the victim loses consciousness.



Suspended by One Leg and Arm.

Both hands and the feet are frequently dislocated in this manner.

The form of torture known as "finger-squeezing" is usually employed by magistrates to extort confessions. The fingers on each hand of the prisoner are fixed between rods, so arranged that by pulling a cord the fingers are squeezed between them. The more the cord is pulled the tighter the fingers are squeezed. So dreadful is the pain caused by this torture that after a short time almost invariably the prisoner is willing to confess almost anything his accuser desires.

There are almost numberless other tortures of different degrees of barbarity and ingenious cruelty, but the foregoing are those in daily public use. The Chinese themselves are so habituated to such practices that they have come to regard them as institutions that cannot be done away with. Only outside interference will ever relieve them of this dreadful incubus.

HOW PEANUTS COME TO MARKET.

Handling and Shipping the Toothsome "Goober Pea."

A DISTINCTIVELY AMERICAN DELICACY.

St. Louis is one of the leading peanut markets of the world. That particular species of the botanical order Leguminosae, which we call the peanut plant, is now cultivated in nearly all warm countries of the world. On Africa's sunny plains, o'er Egypt's sandy shores in the South of Europe and the beautiful Brazils, the "ground nut," or "potato kidney bean," as it is variously called, has got a firmly-rooted hold upon the soil. But America is its home.

Here it was first discovered, cultivated, roasted, done up in little paper bags and sold at street corners. Here it has become a national institution. Virginia produces the finest peanuts in the world. In none but its native soil can the plant be persuaded to yield two crops within the year.

Arachis hypogoea is propagated thus: The beans are loosely set in a rich, sandy soil. Districts where rain is not of frequent occurrence suit it best. The seeds germinate very rapidly and throw out a long trailing vine which spreads itself along the ground sometimes to the extent of eight feet. The leaves are of the class designated pinnate and have four leaflets.

A peanut field has much the appearance of a potato patch. The flowers are yellow on standards veined with red. After blossoming the flower stalks elongate and bend towards the earth. They do not merely droop, but bend downward, stiff and stubbornly, as if determined to burrow into the ground. This the newly-formed seed-pods actually do. They penetrate to a depth of three or four inches in the light soil, and there, in the warm bosom of mother Earth, they grow and ripen.

It is not until the pods with their peculiar interior network are dry and hard that the fruit is ready for picking. Then they are dug up much as potatoes are and, the sandy soil being shaken from the roots, the peanuts are gathered into baskets. A good crop will often yield as much as a bushel of pods to each plant.

The peanut is very tenacious of life and much attached to the soil on which it is reared. After the ground has been carefully cleared and prepared for other crops the peanut will spring up again and dispute possession of the land with later interlopers. Year after year, in spite of all precautions, it will creep about corn or wind itself around watermelons and try to choke the invaders of its native territory. It is only on American soil that this peculiarity is so marked. There is something truly patriotic about the peanut.

These little favorites arrive in bags containing from 100 to 110 pounds in weight. These are sold to retailers at a price per pound, varying according to supply and demand. Those from Virginia always command the best price.

Imported peanuts, until the passing of the recent tariff bill, were subject to a duty of 1 cent per pound. Now they pay 20 per cent ad valorem. This means a reduction of about 40 cents a bag. Of course the goods as sent to market are in their raw state. The wholesale dealers roast them at a charge of 50 cents a bag, but most venders prefer to carry out this process themselves.

Who has not been cheered on a cold, frosty night by the alluring whistle of the peanut roaster? There, in a glass case, all crisp and hot, are the tempting, toothsome nuts, to which your attention is called by the screeching of steam as it escapes through a spout-like tin tube. Here, is in their native soil, they will not be overlooked.

There, behind the apparatus, stands an oily, grinning Italian. These men get rich by their trade. That their business plant costs considerable is proved by the fact that a large Chicago firm employs hundreds of hands in the production of peanut roasters and heaters alone. Their improved machines cost not less than $100 apiece, while such as are combined with a wagon are quoted at five times that figure.

The roasting of peanuts and the peddling of them from street stands seems to be almost entirely confined to the United States. In other countries they are usually eaten raw. In some parts of Africa they form one of the principal articles of food with the natives. They have become is essential to the semi-savage as their dearly-loved "mealies" or Kaffir corn.

But it is not as an article of food only that the peanut is grown. The importance of the plant in other countries than our own is chiefly due to the quantity of fixed oil which the fruit has been found to contain. By grinding, heating and pressing the kernels over 20 per cent of excellent non-drying oil is obtained. A bushel of seeds, properly treated, will yield often more than a gallon of oil. This is said to be quite equal to that of the olive for either lamp or table usage.

Large quantities of the nuts grown in Africa are imported to France and Belgium where an excellent lubricating oil is manufactured from them. In Spain the oil of the peanut is an important ingredient in the making of soup and of chocolate. In temperate climates it is said to be superior to sperm oil for illuminating purposes. In cold weather it thickens. From a purely commercial point of view the peanut is entitled to much respect.

It is a good all-around article. There is no end to the usefulness of our national nut. The pods may be made into parchment and paper. The roots have qualities resembling those of licorice, as a substitute for which they have sometimes been used, and the herbage is said to furnish excellent fodder for cattle.

O'BRIEN'S BONDSMEN.

They Satisfy the Judgment Against Them of $16,967.3.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 8.—The Fidelity and Casualty Co. of New York, the bondsmen of Mr. J. O'Brien, the defaulting treasurer of the Catholic Knights of America, deposited in the National Bank of Chattanooga this morning a check for $16,9.63, being a full satisfaction of the judgment rendered against them by the Federal Court.

The suit was brought for $50,0, the amount for which the company was surety; but certain equities were claimed, which the Court allowed and deducted. O'Brien's shortage was $75,000.

Sauerwein Murder Trial.

Fred Sauerwein, saloonkeeper at High and Biddle streets, is being tried in the Criminal Court to-day on charge of murder in the second degree in killing John A. Hill in his saloon on Feb. 4, last. Sauerwein is defended by Attorneys Marshall McDonald and ex-Circuit Attorney Ashley Clover.

Crime in Brief.

"Bill" Adler was held by the Coroner at Kansas City for the murder of Post-office Inspector McClure.

Solomon Nelson and James Runnels quarreled over a lease in Davis County, Mo. Nelson shot and killed Runnels and was jailed.

George Sage, alias Horace Baker, a notorious swindler; Thomas Kane, charged with burglary, and Sam Kelly broke jail at Belair, Md.

Two pistol shots were heard at Middletown, Conn., at 6:30 o'clock a. m., Sunday, and Mr. and Mrs. John Tierney were found dead over Mrs. Tierney's cafe. Double murder by Thomas Maguire, Mrs. Tierney's son, and murder and suicide are the two police theories.

Remains of an unknown white man, who was about 40 years old, weighing 135 pounds, with sandy mustache, high forehead and wearing only undershirt, pants and shoes, were found in the Missouri River at Liberty, Mo. The neck and jaw bone were broken.

What It Resembled.

From the Cincinnati Tribune.

"I do detest these girls who think they know how to be sarcastic," said Georgie.

"Which one is it this time?" asked Willie.

"Grace Browne-Jones. I sent her a picture of myself in my football rig, and what do you think she said of it?"

"Give it up. What's the answer?"

"She said it looked like a sausage garnished with a chrysanthemum."

PARISIAN CLOAK CO

N. E. Corner Broadway and Washington Av.

Cloak and Suit Dept.



$15 FUR CAPES, satin lined, 30-inch, SPECIAL PRICE.... ....$8.50

$20 ASTRACHAN CAPES, 30 in. long. Rhadame-lined, SPECIAL PRICE....$9.75

$25 SEAL PLUSH CAPES, Seal or Marten edged, SPECIAL PRICE...$12.50

$18 GOLF CAPES, with reversible lining, SPECIAL PRICE....... ....$7.75

$10 ENGLISH TOP COATS, 40 inches long, SPECIAL PRICE............$5.75

$12.50 PADDOCK COATS, SPECIAL PRICE.... ....$7.50

$15 PADDOCK COATS, Kersey, Covert and Meltons, SPECIAL PRICE.......$9.75

$18 PRINCE ALBERT COATS, 45 inches long, SPECIAL PRICE.... ..$12.50



Fall Weight Jackets

ALMOST GIVEN AWAY.

1000 JACKETS, worth $6.75, All this week at $2.50

142 JACKETS, worth $10.00, All this week at.........$3.75

569 JACKETS, worth $12.50, All this week at $5.00

128 JACKETS, worth $15.00, All this week at $7.50

156 JACKETS, worth $18 and $25, all this week at..$10.00

500 FANCY SUITS, were $15, All you want at.........$5.00

3000 REEFERS for Children at..............................75c, $1.00 and $1.39. Worth double

WILL BE A SCRAMBLE.

Principals After a Vacancy Caused by Mrs. Robinson's Resignation.

The Teachers Committee of the School Board is to meet at 4:30 p. m., and an interesting session is promised. A successor of Mrs. John A. Robinson, formerly Mrs. Erskine, principal of the Shields school, will be appointed. Mr. J. H. Foy, principal of the Douglas school, is booked for the place, and as a consequence there may be a scramble among the principals of several of the fourth-class schools for promotion to the principalship of the Douglas, which is a third-class school. To fill the last vacancy a new principal will be appointed. The case of Mr. L. Westfall, whose appointment by the committee as principal of the Oak Hill School was referred back, will again come before the committee. The likelihood is that the committee will again recommend his appointment.

Anxious.

From the Detroit Free Press.

She: "Oh, Charlie, papa is going to give us $100,000 when we marry."

He: "Is that so, darling?" Well, suppose we get married a few months sooner than we expected."

LYDIA E.



PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound

Is a positive cure for all those painful

Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life.* Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, 25c.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound, or sent by mail, in form of pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. *Correspondence freely answe...*

You can address in strictest confid...

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., L...

THEY SAVED HER.

Women of Ill Repute Protect a Girl From a Drunken Brute.

Richard Curran, a blear-eyed character, was fined $100 by Judge Morris this morning for disturbing the peace of Mary Gleason and her 9-year-old daughter. The Gleasons live at 106 South Ninth street. Mrs. Gleason is married but her husband is an invalid. It is said that Curran has been very friendly with Mrs. Gleason, and that he has been in the habit of visiting her house, and when he would find her husband there would assault him and run him out. On last Saturday afternoon he went to the house as usual, and after beating Gleason badly and then running him out of the house, he tried to catch Mary, the 9-year-old daughter, to whom he had been making indecent proposals. The child ran out of the house and fled to the disreputable resort at 108 South Ninth street, crying for protection. Libbie Hughes, one of the inmates, and a rather muscular woman, grabbed a soda bottle and struck Curran in the right eye completely closing the optic. Another inmate, Pauline Smith, spilled a bucket full of slops on Curran and the Hughes woman was about to let a brick fly at his head, when Officer John Hogan came up and took Curran under arrest and to the Four Courts. Judge Morris had at first decided to fine Curran $25, but when the little girl told her story he raised the price $75. Curran is a laborer and is employed part of the time, doing work for Isaac Conron, the plumber. He is about 40 years old.

Earning It.

From the Detroit Free Press.

There was no one at the table save the landlady and Mr. Skaggs, and Mr. S. was doing his level best trying to cut the piece of steak on his plate.

"Mr. Skaggs," said the lady firmly, "when are you ever going to pay your board bill?"

"Ma'am?" responded Mr. Skaggs, in a tone of surprise.

"When are you going to pay your board bill?"

"I didn't know I had to," he said, as he looked reproachfully at the steak. "I thought I was working it out," and once more he resumed his labors.

A Light Trade.

From the Cincinnati Tribune.

"Yes'm," said Mr. Dismal Dawson, "I did have a trade, but I thought it was wicked, an' so I give it up."

"What was it?" asked the sympathetic woman.

"Sharpenin' the teeth of fightin' roosters."

A Menace to His Health.

From the Chicago Record.

The housewife (handing out plate): "Here my good man. I haven't a piece of pie, but here is a plate of boiled potatoes for you."

Wayside Walks: "I'm sorry, mum, but I must refuse, hungry though I am. Didn't you know that the experts at the pure-food exhibition have decided that the potato is lackin' in wholesome sustainin' elements?"

Carefully Put.

From the Cincinnati Tribune.

"While I would not like to say that Simmons is egotistical," said Smallwort, "still, I do honestly believe that he is a bit surprised that the sun does not stop and wait when he happens to let his watch run down."

No Longer Entitled to Membership.

From the Chicago Record.

Van Masters: "I understand Hobbs has been formally expelled from the Artists' Society."

Peyster: "Yes; He fell asleep in the barber's chair and the barber cut off his Van Dyke beard."

The Cheerful Idiot.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

"Did you ever reflect," asked the Cheerful Idiot, "that when you get weighed on a slot machine you always tip the scales? Tip 'em with a penny, you know."

Uncomplimentary.

From Pearsons Weekly

Playwright: "It seems to me that if I had a better title for my drama it would have more success."

His Friend: "Call it Anti-Fat."

Playwright: "Why so?"

Friend: "I see that it has reduced the audience more than one-half in less than an hour."

IF YOU WANT HELP, or a ROOM, or BOARD, or BOARDERS,

A small advertisement in the POST-DISPATCH want columns will cost you less than a cent a word —5 cents per line of seven words.

MARTIN L. CLARDY.

Appointed Assistant Attorney of the Missouri Pacific System.

Attorney Cochran of the Missouri Pacific Railroad has appointed Martin L. Clardy Assistant Attorney of the road to fill the vacancy caused by the appointment of Mr. Priest to the office of Judge of the United States District Court. Mr. Clardy has been identified with the Law Department of the Missouri Pacific for some time, almost since his retirement from politics after the expiration of his term in Congress. He has assisted Mr. Priest in a number of cases and is familiar with the business of the road. Mr. Clardy's appointment goes into effect at once.

PRECOCIOUS PHILOSOPHY.

A Texas Boy Who Took a Philosophic View of the Flood.

From the Houston Post

A gentleman who was in the vicinity of Uvalee during the recent floods in that region tells a story of the precocious wisdom of a small boy. The following is told:

A mother with her two children, an 8-year old boy and a little girl, were on the roof of their home and the house was being buffeted about and the lives of the whole family were in imminent danger.

The mother prayed for deliverance and told her two children to ask their Creator for rescue from the peril that surrounded them.

The little girl, who was readier to imitate the mother than the boy, poured her little soul out in fervent paryer to Him who can save.

The boy would not pray and kept silent and showed signs of stoical indifference to the danger.

The mother said: "Charlie, why is it you don't pray? Don't you see we are about to be lost? Pray and we can be saved."

The boy replied: "Oh, Mamma, you and the other people have been praying for rain for years and now you've got it."

SOULS OF SECLUDED SPOTS.

Dim Temples Haunted by the Mystic Spirit Which Outlasts Ages.

Marion Crawford, writing of the wonderful Italian coast between Sorrento and Amalfi in the *Century*, says: "The genius loci of the ancients is not altogether a myth. A truer mysticism than their mythology teaches us that places retain for ages something of the lives that have been lived in them, an echo of the voices that have made them musical, a fleeting shadow of the men and women who found in them their happiness and their sorrow. Those who have spent much time in these secluded spots have learned to feel that lonely places have souls and the soul of place is indeed its genius loci, its familiar spirit, its peculiar essence, as real a thing as the scent of a rose or the smell of the sea. There are rose gardens in the East that are fair with the accumulated happiness of past generations. There are shady ilex groves in Italy wherein still dwells the silent spirit of contemplation; perhaps the phantasms of tragic loves sigh out their little day beneath the ancient trees. In Italy, in Greece, in Asia, in distant Indian glens, dim temples stand to this day, haunted or blest, perhaps, by the presence of the mystic spirit which outlasts all ages. And the market place has its familiar genius also, the busy center of the crowded city, the broad thoroughfare of the great metropolis, silent for a few hours under the summer moonlight or the winter rain. Old castles, too, deserted villages, uninhabited homes of dead populations—all have wraiths, the ghosts of what they have been, silent to many, but more eloquent to the few than any human speech can ever be. And besides all these there are spots where nature has never been molded by man, where she is sovereign and he is subject—lonely places by the sea, great sunlit silences, where man has not dared to dwell, because nature there would give him nothing, nor was he able to take anything from her. And the spirit of those places is more lonely and grander and mightier than the genius loci of the market place or of the deserted Italian villa 'where the red dog star cracks the speechless statues,' or even of the shady cloister, or of the wind-swept temples of banished gods. The song of songs is still unwritten, though nature's music makes man's grandest symphonies ridiculous and sounds night and morning in the ears of him who hath ears to hear."

Praise for the Actor'

From Harpers Bazar.

A dignified little mamma, who sometimes indulges in acrobatic feats in the privacy of her bedroom for the entertainment of her six-year-old daughter, took the child to an amateur circus, where the society people were acting for the benefit of a fresh air fund. One of the performances consisted of a double somersault, which elicited great applause and when the applause had died away, the voice of the child could heard be distinctly over half the tent.

"Mamma, that man does that 'most as well as you do it."

Autumn in the South.

From the Detroit Free Press.

The ripe tobacco wends its way
To smoking kind and plug;
And corn, likewise, now wends its way
To fill the empty jug.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

TERMS—CITY EDITION.

Daily ....From Newsboys 2 Cents
Sunday............From Newsboys 5 Cents
Daily and Sunday, per week. By Carrier.......15 Cents
Daily and Sunday, per month By Carrier.......65 Cents

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513 Olive st.

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Editorial Rooms......................................4085
Business Office...4084

New York Bureau, Room 86, Pulitzer Building, Max H. Fischer, Manager.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—Mr. and Mrs. Kendal.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"The Passing Show."
THE HAGAN—"Hot Tamales."
POPE'S—Continuous Show.
HAVLIN'S—"Land of the Midnight Sun."
STANDARD—Russell Bros.' Comedians.
EXPOSITION—Sousa Concerts and Exhibition.
MATINEES TO-MORROW.
STANDARD—Russell Bros.' Comedians.

PAYING a naturalized voter's fee in order to secure his vote is a form of election bribery which should be punished as promptly as any other.

NOT only the British residents in China but the British residents in England demand the services of British gunboats in the China-Japan difficulty.

SO LONG as the prices of American farm products are fixed at Liverpool the leading "home market" orators are likely to continue to dodge joint debates.

THE gerrymander in the new constitution of New York is an evidence of the sort of reform the Republican leaders expect to give the Empire State.

THE Populists are as able claimers as the Republicans. They are confident that they will elect the next Governor of Minnesota and that they have got the Scandinavians away from Knute Nelson.

SHOULD the various issues of American paper money be done away with to give place to one, the counterfeiters will concentrate their efforts on that one. They doubtless all favor a single issue.

GERMANY is complaining that she is not receiving "favored nation" treatment from the United States. Nations would have much less cause to complain of each other if they would cease tampering with the natural laws of trade.

SHOULD the Europeans ever get at those mysterious gold mines of Corea, mentioned by ex-Minister Bingham, and in the search for which an Englishman was put to death, the glut of gold may come sooner than it will be expected.

IN writing the Massachusetts platform for his party Mr. Hoar has named various rights of American citizens, but the inalienable right of buying in the cheapest market he has wholly omitted. Mr. Hoar would muffle the Liberty Bell if he could.

CUTTING down the wages of coal miners in West Virginia after the tariff duty on coal has been retained can hardly be expected to convince the miners that they ought to vote the high-tariff ticket. If they vote that way it will simply be through fear of dismissal.

THE effort to prevent the operation of the new justice of the peace law on the eve of election will not help the Dogberrys who see in the law the end of their subsistence through the burlesquing of courts of justice. That law or a better one is a necessity.

THE offer of $300,000 to Lawyer Goff to induce him to cease his efforts in the exposure of police corruptions in New York is a pretty good indication that important revelations are yet to come. A Lawyer Goff and a Lexow Committee in every large American city would do much to strengthen the great Republic.

FRANCE has a high McKinley tariff for the alleged protection of her wage-earners, and there has been no tariff reform victory in her elections to scare anybody. Yet 67 per cent of her agricultural labor is reported out of employment, 70 or 80 per cent in her wine districts, and in Paris 27 per cent of the shoemakers, 77 per cent of the glove-makers, 24 per cent of the hosiery trade, 36 per cent of the lace and embroidery makers, and so on.

JUSTICE, BATEMAN & CO., the Pennsylvania wool merchants, whose circular has been used to show that wool has declined under the new tariff, are well-known as earnest advocates of a high tariff, whose statements are colored by their political prejudices. The decline in wool has been going on ever since 1880, and under the McKinley tariff it went down 4 cents in two years. As the American mills are crowded with orders, any decline shortly to come is not likely to equal the high tariff slumps.

AN Eastern exchange estimates that, even at the present low prices, the cereal and cotton crops will bring our farmers this year only 14 per cent less than the same crops brought in 1892, and that the farmer can with this reduced income buy more of all he needs than his larger income would purchase in 1892, the price of boots and shoes, groceries, ironware, etc., having gone down as much as that of the farmers' products. From this showing it would appear that prices are diminishing along the whole line because the purchasing power of money is increasing.

THE death of Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes will probably bring more sense of personal loss to the reading public than that of any of the famous group of New England writers to which he belonged. To his readers Dr. Holmes was not presented as a learned and brilliant writer so much as a wise and witty companion. He was the conversationalist of American literature. He talked to his friends through his books as a social familiar, but for that reason his influence was all the stronger. He occupied a peculiar place in literature and the full value of his works cannot easily be estimated. His death will be regretted by the English-speaking world.

GUARDING HUMAN LIFE.

The description of the successful test of a street-car fender in Brooklyn, which was published in yesterday' SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH, has particular interest to citizens of St. Louis. We commend it to the officials of our trolley lines who have wholly neglected this important precaution against fatal accidents.

In this test Meg Merrilies, the special writer of THE WORLD and POST-DISPATCH, permitted herself to be run down by an electric car moving at a rapid rate. She was thrown on the fender, which was a net so constructed as to close up and protect the person falling on it, and escaped with a few slight bruises. Here is an answer for the street railway officials of this city who assert that no fender yet invented is of any value and who refuse to experiment. Any kind of a fender would diminish the chances of fatality, but only one line in this city—the South St. Louis—uses a fender.

The interview with Street Commissioner Murphy, which appeared yesterday, shows the need of a new ordinance for the protection of steam railroad crossings. But that is a small part of the needs of the city. The street railway crossings should also be guarded and the most approved form of fender should be placed on every car. The reckless disregard of life which resulted last week in the death of three children and the injury of five adults must be stopped.

GATHERING FOR THE FEAST.

The warlike activity of England, which was quickly reflected in the capitals of other European powers, has been explained by the movement of ships and men towards the Orient. The buzzards of Europe are gathering around the combatants in Corea to be "in at the death."

The remarkable success of Japan and the announcement of her purpose to make China's defeat complete and to divide up the Empire was the signal for European energy. As the leader of the buzzards which fatten on the carcasses of nations, England was the first to move, but Russia, France and Germany are not slow in following her example and will meet her in the field for the division of the spoils. The significant statement that Japan will not be permitted to reap all the advantages of victory makes clear the purpose of European intervention.

Of course there will be no hint of the real object of the interferences of these nations in the announcement of their intentions. No doubt this will be smeared over with moral sentiment. They will interfere ostensibly to protect individual interests, to secure justice and prevent the utter annihilation of the Chinese Empire. The autonomy of China will be preserved at a great expense to herself and with great profit to her protectors. Japan will be bulldozed into yielding a large part of the advantages of victory to the European peacemakers, and the British, French and Russian love of justice will be fully satisfied with large slices of land.

The usual farce of the intervention of civilized nations to prevent their uncivilized neighbors from proceeding to extremes will probably soon be enacted in China. Japan and China will serve as catspaws to pull the chestnuts out of the fire for greedy Europe. Japanese pluck and skill will gain for her only what her civilized friends with more guns choose to give her.

SUFFRAGE EXPERIMENTS.

Interesting developments are coming out of the granting of the suffrage franchise to women.

In Colorado, where the full rights of voters was conferred by a constitutional amendment, the women have gone into politics with enthusiasm. But they have made the plunge as social rather than political entities. They have attempted to substitute social functions and influences for political meetings and arguments and to make the "salon" and the dinner table take the place of the saloon and the hustings. In some respects, in so far as the parlor pushes out the drinking resorts, the women have improved on the methods of the baser politicians. But the effect of making social functions and influence a part of the political organizations cannot fail to be a debasement of both. The social power of women which will be felt strongly at first will inevitably be weakened and their participation in politics will be brought into contempt.

On the other hand the women of Connecticut who have been granted the right to vote for certain officers have shown great indifference towards their new privileges. Out of a total female vote of 170,000 in the State only 3,000 were cast.

These results of experiments in admitting women to political rights emphasize the fact so often stated that the greatest task of women suffragists is in dealing with the women. The only difficulty in the way of getting the suffrage is to convince women that they need and want it, and after that they must be induced to use it and to use it aright. It is only through educational development that either men or women can be fitted to utilize political privileges.

CONGRESSMAN WILSON has good reason to complain of the garbling of his London speech by the protection organs and campaign orators. Gov. McKinley and his press supporters persistently quote Mr. Wilson as saying: "We tariff reformers have been tearing down the fences which the protectionists have put up to keep Great Britain out of America," omitting the rest of the sentence, "but we do so in order to compete with you and other nations." The full sentence has a very different significance from the incomplete extract. Mr. Wilson's speech was a strong presentation of the tariff reform issue which his British entertainers were bound to approve as an economic argument, but which carried cold comfort to them as representatives of British commerce. The gist of the speech was that the work of tariff reform would make the United States a successful competitor of Great Britain in the markets of the world, as well as at home.

J. ELLEN FOSTER, in the guise of a society woman, has been attempting to mislead the Democratic ladies of Colorado. J. Ellen is the same person who led the poor factory girls to Washington in the interest of protected robbers. The feminine politician is very nearly as artful and unscrupulous as the masculine political worker.

SUNDAY in Sang Loole:
With the cars plumb full and women at the straps,
Sing hey! to the park we go!
If we had a thousand more we'd fill 'em every one,
And still there'd be a crowd, don't you know?

THE determined, I'll-have-my-way look in the newspaper portraits of young women is rarely observed by young men. To them these faces are as those of so many beaming angels. Men of middle age—family men, that is to say—note at once the firmness in the young feminine face.

THE author of "Sweet By-and-By" has not yet passed over to the "ever green shore" himself. His name is S. Filmore Bennett and he lives in Pueblo, Colo.

MARRIED by two churches and with a Prince for a husband, Miss Sperry of California is doubtless the happiest young woman in America.

ST. LOUIS is undoubtedly the greatest oats market in this country. Furthermore, she is feeling her oats more just now than at any time in her history.

CONGRESSMAN WILSON accuses Gov. McKinley of garbling, but much may be condoned a citizen pursued by an insatiate presidential bee.

SO LONG as George Gould is held in high esteem by American yachtsmen, why should he care for the opinions of American assessors?

POSSIBLY Capt. Howgate reasoned that while he was robbing Uncle Samuel he was only being paid for his military services.

OUTSIDE of his own State Mr. Harrison does not seem inclined to warm up on the subject of cheap coats.

THE woman with small feet perceives the excellence of the bloomer costume first.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

[No matter written on both sides of the sheet can appear under this head.]—ED.
[Bear in mind that it is against our rule to print any letter sent to this office unaccompanied by name and residence of writer.]

Is Water Scarce?

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

What is the matter with our Sprinkling Inspector?

Is his time occupied so much by politics to prevent him looking after duties for which he is paid? Or is there a mutual understanding between sprinklers and inspectors through which the city pays for something it don't get?

I am told Mayor Walbridge ignored a committee of citizens who complained to him about the dust. Can this be possible? I hope not.

Can you do nothing to arouse the municipal authorities from their lethargy in compelling the contractors to do their work according to contract?

Is it not possible for once to have a fairly clean administration of city affairs that will stand above boodleism?

Every observer will have noticed that the sprinkling this fall has been an outrage on the people, and the writer has repeatedly seen cases where streets were not sprinkled for a whole day or more.

Have the citizens no right? CITIZEN.

Wheel Guards and Power Brakes.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Your recent editorial in regard to the reckless manner in which electric cars are operated in this city encourages me to call your attention to one very important defect in their equipment, and that is in the matter of brakes. Any practical railroad man knows that cars as large and heavy as those now in use cannot be stopped in an emergency quick enough to avoid accidents, especially when heavily loaded. The motorman can only use one hand to operate the brake, which is wholly inadequate to quickly control or stop so heavy a load.

There are plenty of power brakes and some very good ones, and I don't understand why in these days of progress some of them are not used on the electric lines of this city. As now constructed and equipped, and considering the speed they run, they are a continual menace to life and limb, while if properly provided with wheel guards and braking power they could be rendered perfectly safe. Besides, the expense so incurred would be much less than the amounts they now pay in damages. RAILROADER.

Great St. Louis Fair.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I think if the Fair Association cannot produce enough attractions to draw patronage without having such indecent things as some parts of the famous Midway, then let us not have any Fair at all, as it is a disgrace to our city to allow such doings at so public a place as the Fair. There is enough here to poison our young people's minds without such a disgraceful thing. A PATRON.

Led the Procession.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I see in my SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH a letter from this place giving the number and names of the organizations in line at the laying of the corner-stone of the new Masonic T[...]e here, but omitting Stewart S. Bell [...] 548, G. A. R., who had the post of [...]ding the procession. It looks as if [...]intentionally. A READER.

AT THE THEATERS.

"The Passing Show" a Great Success at the Grand—Other Houses.

"The Passing Show" is simply a deluge of inexhaustible folly. The most bewildering maze of legs, elocution, wit, music, satire, costumes, comedy, classics, genius and hippodrome was showered down upon last night's audience at the Grand until it screamed and howled with delight and wondered where it was "at." The sequence of amazing and absurd conceits is so bewildering in its rapidity as to render it almost impossible to review the production with any clearness at all. It is like everything that ever was seen on the stage. The people are clever beyond caviling; the costumes are rich, the music is well chosen, the humor is overwhelming and the tout ensemble absolutely stunning in its effect.

Sidney Rosenfeld is the man who gets the credit for perpetrating "The Passing Show." His brain must be a marvelous piece of anatomy. How any human being could imagine all the various absurdities in this batch patch is beyond conjecture. Truly Mr. Rosenfeld's versatility is proven beyond peradventure.

"The Passing Show"—to attempt a description of this production—is a huge burlesque on all the dramatic and operatic successes of the past year, knitted to a lot of clever specialties by an unimportant dialogue. The characters are taken by some of the cleverest people on the stage, and the variety of talent displayed and the number of people engaged shows that no money has been spared to present the best possible entertainment of this character.

Perhaps in all the galaxy of talent Miss Vernona Jarbeau, the favorite of old, and Charles J. Ross should be placed in the lead. Miss Jarbeau as Lady Eastlake, Chapel Barter Tanqueray, Zicka Stephan, Countess of Forget-Me-Not had an opportunity to display her wonderful powers of mimicry in travesties on the heroines of "The Crust of Society," "Diplomacy," "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," and other noted hits, and her imitation of Calve's Carmen was a fascinating bit of work, as were also her reminiscent touches on Modjeska and Janauschek.

Mr. Ross in his burlesque of Henry Miller in "Sowing the Wind" and his mimicry of George S. Knight, Bobby Gaylor and others displayed remarkable ability. Mrs. Jarbeau's and Mr. Post's burlesque of "Athony and Cleopatra" in the third act was a fine a piece of this kind of acting as was ever seen here and overwhelming ridiculous.

John E. Henshaw with his pleasant face, beautiful dimples and breezy way could have had no superior in the part of Top Quickstep, the amusement caterer to the



"Dawdle Club," a burlesque on New York's fashionable vaudeville club. Mr. Henshaw is a "good thing;" he deserves to be pushed along.

Lucy Daly showed the audience what buck and wing dancing really is. She and her group of pickaninnies kept the house in an uproar for ten minutes. Madge Lessing, Agnes Sherwood and Florence Carlisle besides doing a clever burlesque on the athletic abilities of Miss Georgia Cayvan and her sister actors in "The Amazons" all sang and danced in a most pleasing manner. Gus Pixley in his "Whistling Coon" specialty, William Cameron in his eccentric dance, La Petite Adelaide the child dancer and Geo. A. Schiller deserve unlimited credit for their respective contributions toward the success of the evening's entertainment.

In the last act in the burlesque on "L'Enfant Prodigue" there is a dance of Pierrots and Phyrnettes which is particularly pleasing to the men. The Phyrnettes are in the Frenchiest of costumes, with all the suggestiveness that could be allowed, and they dance with a chic that makes the hearts of the male portion of the audience fairly leap.

Taken all in all "The Passing Show" deserves the most unstinted praise. "The Black Crook" and "Ali Baba" are outdone, and if the Grand Opera-house does not turn people from the doors this week it will be a matter of surprise.

George Munson Here.

George Munson, advance man for Al Spink's play "The Derby Winner," ran down to St. Louis last night from Kansas City, where the company played at the Ninth Street Theater. Mr. Munson is very enthusiastic over the success of "The Derby Winner." He declares they are turning people away from the doors.

"We broke the record at Omaha in the Fifteenth Street Theater," he said, "and all over the country we are doing a tremendous business. To show you what the managers think of us, the Ninth street people in Kansas City have offered us Fair week up there next year, and in St. Paul and Minneapolis we have offers to book in the best houses instead of the popular price list circuit where we have been this season.

"St. Louis people wouldn't know the play now. The third act has all been changed around. Everything has settled down now to working order, and we're just humming along."

Munson leaves to-night for Leavenworth, Kan.

"Hot Tamales."

"Hot Tamales," the name of Conroy and Fox's new play, which was produced at the Hagan yesterday, is a praiseworthy piece taken as a whole, but the excuse for burdening it with its present name is not apparent. There is a "hot tamale" man in it, but he has so little to do that no attention is paid to him. Beside the stars, Arlie Latham was the chief attraction. He played the part of a policeman and received a perfect ovation. He is not a half bad actor, and when he grows a little easier on the stage he will be able to defy all the base ball magnates and make his living entirely on the boards.

There is a great deal of music in the play and this relieves the dullness of the dialogue. Miss Evelyn Paddock, who plays the part of a rich widow, appeared advantageously in the singing and speaking parts. She is a clever actress. Miss Kittie Allen's dancing is also worthy of mention.

At the Standard.

Russell Brothers' Comedians confirmed their reputation yesterday at the Standard as one of the best vaudeville organizations on the road. Sam Bernard and James Russell are as clever comedians as one would care to see. Will H. Fox as Paddewiskkie made a distinct hit. All of the specialties were clever. Two of the best houses of the season greeted the company.

Pope's Continuous Show.

"The Ticket of Leave Man" was the drama at Pope's yesterday. It was successfully put on by the stock company and elicited great applause. There appeared in the olio Kitty Clayton, Josie Millar, Leonzo, Maggie Lee Clarke, Ebert and Berg, Lynch and Trainer, O'Rourke and Burnett, Clark and Simms, Charley Banks and many others.

At Havlin's.

"Land of the Midnight Sun" was performed there at Havlin's yesterday to good audiences. The company producing the piece this season is a good one, and the play pleased those present in an unqualified manner. The Icelandic scenery was novel in the extreme and a welcome relief from saw-mills and water tanks.

The Kendals To-Night.

The Kendals will open their week's engagement at the Olympic to-night in "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray."

DERAILED AND BURNED.

The Train Crew and Eight of the Passengers Seriously Injured.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 8.—The west-bound Washington and Chattanooga limited, over the Southern railway, left the track at Vance, four and one-half miles west of Bristol, at 1:15 o'clock p. m. Sunday and piled in a heap. The train crew and eight passengers were seriously injured.

The train left Bristol on time at 1 p. m., drawn by compound engine No. 254, with Samuel Smith, engineer, and N. J. Bell, conductor, both veterans, in charge. At Vance the engine struck a bolt placed on the track by an unknown person and was thrown on its side. Only the rear sleeper kept the track, the others falling in a heap on the engine. Fire soon reduced them to ashes, the passengers barely escaping a holocaust. The injured were:

Engineer Samuel C. Smith, Knoxville, legs broken, side, hips and shoulder mashed; fatally injured.

Fireman William Holmes, Bristol, scalded over body; fatally injured.

Unknown German, en route to San Francisco, head and body badly mashed; fatally injured.

Henry Simpson, Jonesboro, baggagemaster, arm and body injured; H. Rogers, express messenger; A. J. Tucker, Newport, postal clerk; C. H. Markwood, Jonesboro, postal clerk; Union news agent; —— Harmon, train porter, and Thomas Dansfield, R. J. McKeigh, Sol Gantz, R. L. McNeer, J. F. Strather, Mike Coleman, Tom McDonald.

Other Wrecks.

Rails spread at San Antonio and threw three Southern Pacific freight cars off the track.

West-bound passenger train, No. 85, of the Atlanta & West Point went over a high trestle over Osappa Creek and the following were injured: R. J. Vaugh, badly cut and bruised; W. B. Kennan, Charlotte, N. C., drummer, cut over eye and leg hurt; D. Cunningham, New Orleans, hip and right hand hurt; unknown white man, fatally injured, and others slightly.

A broken axle overturned a street-car in Tacoma, Wash., and George C. Chandler, General Agent of the Northern Pacific, was instantly killed. James F. O'Brien's leg was pinioned to the ground. Others hurt were Ed R. Hare, left shoulder dislocated; Mr. and Mrs. M. Sidney, bruised about face; Miss Bertha Laughton, knocked insensible; A. Latham and Mrs. W. Halaston, bruised.

Deadly Gasoline.

YELLOW SPRINGS, O., Oct. 8.—Mrs. McClure and her daughter Maggie were fatally burned to-day by the explosion of a gasoline stove. The house caught fire and the women were rescued from cremation with difficulty.

FROM THE NOTE BOOKS.

Interesting Incidental Sketches of the Daily Work of Newsgathering.

A HIGH TRIP.—As one of the employes of the Missouri Pacific Railway descended the stairs leading from the upper floors of the Union Station he saw a couple of countrymen watching one of the elevators, which are being regulated, slowly ascending until it passed out of sight. It remained at the top of the shaft, where the workmen were employed upon it. The Missouri Pacific employe came down-down to the general offices, and upon his return found the countrymen still standing by the elevator shaft. As he approached, one of the countrymen addressed him, saying:

"Well, this must be a gosh-durned high building. That elevator went up pretty near an hour ago and we've been waitin' here ever since and it ain't come down yet."

FUNNY FUELS.—James Cox, Secretary of the Bureau of Information and also of the Smoke Abatement Association, says that one difficulty in killing smoke is the great diversity of fuels used. "During the coal strike" he said yesterday "we came across furnaces in which ballast, old ties, inferior bark, corncobs, packing cases, dried undergrowth and a dozen other more or less combustible articles were forced to furnish heat and power. But last week we found a case which capped the climax. A chimney was belching forth smoke in torrents, but it was neither thick grey nor black; it was just white like an aggregation of snowflakes. Investigation proved that dried apples were taking the place of fuel, and doing the work of heating well, though no self-respecting smoke consumer would of course have any influence on the smoke produced. Economy was given as the reason for using the fuel, and we may yet live to see apple orchards cultivated in opposition to coal mines."

AN OARSMAN'S BACK.—"It is commonly believed that the fatigue from rowing is felt most in the arms," said William Arendt of the Modocs. "The truth is that the back is the part most affected. After a severe race the most excruciating pains dart through the small of the back of the oarsman unless he is particularly strong in that portion of his body. My own experience makes me sympathize with the poor fellow, who pluckily continues at the oar, in spite of his sufferings, and collapses at the end of the race. Even the sweets of victory do not compensate one for the terrible ordeal, and defeat only adds to his suffering. Many oarsmen, however, have such strong backs that they do not suffer inconvenience from their exertions."

SNAP SHOTS.

The roof garden season is over, and what will the chappies do now, poor things.

Coroner Frank is devoted to his official duties. He would like to "sit" on Filley.

Chief Harrigan is to be cited for contempt of court in Kansas City for protecting justice in St. Louis.

Dr. Heine Marks thinks the Board of Health is like some recently introduced theatrical attractions—a continuous show.

"The north wind doth blow" and the people living south of the garbage works recognize this meteorological fact as indisputable.

The Fair Midway, after all, has some redeeming features. One man who visited the Turkish Theater sought a newspaper office and admitted he was "a dirty dog."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

READER.—We have no list of gold coins.

M. F. H.—Read a description of the floats.

J. H.—None of the horses pulling floats were mounted.

W. H. B.—It would depend upon the charge of powder, etc.

JUSTICE.—Ask the Democratic Committeeman in your ward.

SOUP.—The man must be 21 years old and the woman 18 years.

S. M.—It was a woman. Read the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH of Sept. 30.

MILITARY.—France has a larger standing army at present than Germany.

COMMERCE.—The hotel in Chicago you name is faced with stone on both streets.

W. E. V.—1. Scanlan never played in that theater. 2 and 3. We do not know.

SUBSCRIBER.—It is a continuous performance. There was no matinee, as such.

POLITICAL STUDENTS.—It is difficult to prophesy what evils legislators will accomplish.

F. Y.—Half-dollars of 1826 and 1839 are worth 55 cents each; a cent of 1838 4 cents. We have no foreign list.

SUBSCRIBER.—1. It is a mere matter of opinion as to who is the most scientific pugilist. 2. What primaries?

ONE FOR MANY.—The perforation of the Saint Gothard tunnel was completed Feb. 29, 1880, and it was opened for travel in January, 1882. 3. Next Sunday.

WHAT-NOT CORR[...]



WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

THE Japanese women have sent a corps of nurses to Corea to care fot the wounded.

A GERMAN statistician says that 3,000 years hence there will be one man to every 220 women.

SIGNORA CRISPI, wife of the Italian Prime Minister, is a confirmed smoker of cigarettes. Crispi does not use tobacco in any form.

BEATRICE HARRADEN, after the ships have passed in the night, has a habit of running barefoot on the grass of the lawn to bathe her feet in the morning dew.

MRS. BELVA LOCKWOOD, after many reverses, has succeeded in gaining admission to the Bar of Richmond, Va., the only woman ever admitted to practice law in that State.

LUCY BOOTH, daughter of Gen. William Booth of the Salvation Army, is to be married on Oct. 16. Miss Booth has for some years been in charge of the army work in India.

Southern Industries.

The South produced $86,607,692 worth of lumber in 1890. To make this output 5,784 mills were operated and 71,650 hands employed. The product in 1880 was worth $38,116,000.

Electrical Industry.

The Atlanta, Ga., street railway convention begins Oct. 17 and continues four days.

The kinetoscope, Edison's latest, is according to the *Electrical Review*, attracting great attention. It is one of the most ingenious and most entertaining of Edison's inventions.

The portable electric lamp has come into frequent use in London, and it now forms part of the regular equipment of the omnibus inspector, who finds it of the greatest service in the performance of his night duties.

It is said that electric freight cars will be run over the line between Albany and Troy, N. Y., by the first week in October. The freight cars are painted brown with light trimmings and will carry ten tons.

When Edwin Smith was passing in front of the headquarters of N. Y. & N. J. Telephone Co. in Smith street, Brooklyn, N. Y., last Saturday night, says the *Electrical Review* of Sept. 26, he was stopped by some boys, who asked him to throw a bent wire over the electric light wire, none of them, as they explained, being able to perform the feat. He took the hooked wire in his hand, and at the first trial threw the end over the electric light wire. Then an ambulance took him away to be revived.

The Rothschild Fortune.

La Signal, the Parisian journal, has computed the amount of Rothschild capital, which it claims is now 10,000,000,000 francs. It states also that in 1875 it was not one-half of that sum. It next computes that in 1965 this vast capital will be 300,000,000,000 francs, saying that with the interest on this colossal capital a population of 37,000,000 souls may be supported, that being the population of France. In 1800 the grandfather of Rothschild, at Frankfort, was without means. His financial greatness had its inception at or after the battle of Waterloo.

CURIOUS CONDENSATIONS.

The Grand Army of the Republic has 369,061 members in good standing.

There has not been a total eclipse of the sun in London since 1715, and it is stated that there will not be another until after the opening of the twenty-first century.

In England there are 114 widows to every 54 widowers. In Italy the relative numbers (per 1,000 women and 1,000 men) are 136 and 60; in France, 130 and 73; in Germany, 130.[...] and 50; in Austria, 121 and 44.

It is said that the grave of Eve is visited by over 40,000 pilgrims each year. It is to be seen at Jeddah, in a cemetery outside the city walls. The tomb is 50 cubits long and 12 wide. The Arabs entertain a belief that Eve was the tallest woman who ever lived.

The new rifle which has been adopted in the United States army weighs only eight pounds and will kill a man at a distance of two miles. With the use of smokeless powder it is said that the man would be killed before he heard or knew of the report. The bullet is to be of nickel or steel.

SIX LITTLE JOKES.

Brooklyn *Life*—School Teacher: "What have the numerous expeditions to the North Pole accomplished?"

Scholar: "Made geography lessons harder."

Tid Bits—Jack (rapturously): "Now, darling, will you please name the happy day?"

Minnie (blushingly): "Three weeks from Thursday, Jack."

Norah, the kitchen-maid (through the keyhole): "Av you place, miss, that's m[y] reg'lar day out. Ye'll have to get married in the early part of the wake."

New York *Press*—Man in a Hurry: "Is there a way of getting to the Grand Central Depot sooner than by taking this car?" Urban conductor: "Yes, sir; run and catch the next car ahead."

Indianapolis *Journal*—"What was that horrible noise last night?" asked the new boarder.

"Oh, that?" responded the seasoned boarder. "That was only the stuttering boarder trying to learn the clarionet."

Detroit *Free Press*—"Mon dieu, mon dieu!" exclaimed the French boarder when the landlady tackled him for payment.

"Mon dieu, nothing," she retorted; "it's board bill due that I'm talking about."

Buffalo *Courier*—"The new boarder is building up a reputation as a flatterer."

"How's that?"

"Always speaks of the contents of the milk pitcher as cream."

MEN OF MA[...]

REV. PETER STANFORD, th[...] of the Wilberforce Memorial [...] ingham, England, is a negr[...]

EMPEROR WILLIAM has [...] gherita of Italy a song, co[...] ten by himself in praise of [...]

JAMES BROWN of Bellinto[...] Va., has a beard which trails the [...] when he stands up, and he is 6 fe[...] 1 inch in height.

COL. ROBERT H. CROKET[...] Arkansas, [...] grandson of David Crockett, [...] preparing a lecture on "Davy Crockett, [...] all of the Alamo."

A YOUNG French officer [...] a wager, made his way on a bicycle to top of the Pic du Midi in the Pyrenees, [...] feet high, and then down again.

MR. MAJEHERJEE MERWA[...] BHOWNUG[...] GREE, a Parsee, will stand [...] Parliament a[...] a Unionist. The first India[...] to th[...] House of Commons, Dadla[...] Naoroji, is [...] Liberal.

ARTHUR O. MUDIE, of [...] Library declares that the three-volume novel controversy now going on in England helps u[...] toward securing the one-volume novel fo[...] which we have been asking for years past.

WILLIAM POLE, the grea[...] authority on whist, is an expert civil engineer [...] organist and a man of large learn[...] matters as steam engines, rail[...] plate, drainage and army or[...] was born before the battle of W[...]

Mummy W[...]

The belief in the vitality [...] is so persistent that it [...] overthrown by the resul[...] this summer on Lord W[...] Every visitor to Egypt [...] Arabs to buy wheat which [...] veritable portion of the [...] in Pharaoh's granaries [...] ready gathered in the [...] The Arabs have even bee[...] to offer Indian corn, [...] its origin, to credulou[...] a mummy." A few mo[...] fied, on his return fro[...] Winchelsea a handful [...] had himself taken from [...] taining a mummy. [...] grains were carefully [...] fame. After some wee[...] that the seeds had rotte[...]

FACT OR [...]

The Austrian Gover[...] taking the fire insur[...] own hands. A speci[...] vises.

The Russian crown [...] the old-time Genoese c[...] first used by Cather[...] worth $6,000,000.

The skeleton of a p[...] recently in a mound in [...] in life it must have [...] feet between the tips [...]

The announcement [...] Paymaster General of [...] England that the tota[...] funds lying in chance[...]

The State Geologis[...] that there is underlyi[...] failing river of pure [...] supply of the needs [...]

At the recent meet[...] ciation an instrume[...] tures already in posi[...] can measure a long[...] as 1-100,000th of an [...]

The stalk of the [...] by experiments, wit[...] the manufacture of [...] paper of such coar[...] only be used for wra[...]

Nickel [...]

Nickel aluminum [...] Its color resembles [...] ductile than steel. [...] 1 13-16 inches by [...] nent set of 1⅛ inc[...] deflect the metal [...] of steel of 66,000 [...] exactly the same [...]

BY [...]

The value of t[...] States is equal t[...] crop, the figure[...] 000,000.

An alligator [...] property of a G[...] and crawls aro[...] "fire seems t[...]

The schottisc[...] lar idea that it [...] originated in [...] England in 18[...] German polka [...]

The pressur[...] body of every [...] tom of the Atl[...] five times gre[...] drive a railw[...]

According [...] servant has [...] offender take[...] places them [...] master. It [...]

A light-ho[...] in diameter [...] order, 4 f[...] $5,550, and [...] costs from [...] other sizes.

Pr[...]

From the A[...] The usu[...] being or[...] the girls [...] ful whe[...] parties [...]

...LES DEAD.

...Noon Yesterday at ...n Boston.

...HEART FAILURE AFTER ...NUED FEEBLE HEALTH.

...me Year With Gladstone, Darwin, Lincoln and Poe—...is Life and Literary Work—...Curtin's Death — General...

...., Oct. 8.—Dr. Oliver Wendell ..., the poet and author, died at his ...ence in Bacon street at 12:15 p. m. yes...rday. Dr. Holmes had been in feeble ...ealth for a long time, and heart failure was ...he direct cause of his death.

The year 1809, which gave the world Gladstone, Tennyson, Darwin, Lincoln and Edgar Allan Poe, gave to America Oliver Wendell Holmes. It was in 1857, with delightful surprise, the public greeted the appearance of the work which, more than all others, made Oliver Wendell Holmes famous—the "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table."

Before that the doctor had given his life both to law and to medicine, with occasional dips into poetry. With the "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table" he became the most popular writer in America. Those papers were unique; they embodied in a new way the authority of Dr. Johnson and the rollicking humor of Fr. Prout. They were as sweet as Goldsmith, as dainty as Leigh Hunt and as tender as Washington Irving. There are no chunks of humor to be cut out and pasted away, but a pervasive sparkle and bloom covered the whole series. Those papers there shown out for the first ...s that perennial gayety of heart and that ...l exuberance which were still undimmed ...e old age of the autocrat.

...e group of Americans to which Holmes ...inged included Hawthorne, Longfellow, ...reau, Emerson, Lowell, Whittier and ...garet Fuller. He was the last of this great company. Posterity will probably not rank him with Longfellow and Lowell as a poet, nor give him credit for the same ascetic love of nature that distinguished Thoreau. His novels, "Elsie Venner" and "The Guardian Angel," can hardly be placed in the same category with Hawthorne's best work, and he was not the man of affairs that Lowell was.

Notwithstanding all this, he had a sparkle, a versatility, a gracious philosophy and a fund of knowledge that carried him over a wider field than perhaps any of them attempted. "Elsie Venner" failed to be as great a novel as Hawthorne has written, simply because Dr. Holmes treated a psychological mystery from a scientific and not from a mystical standpoint.

It is said that Dr. Holmes wrote nothing with greater satisfaction than "One Hundred Days in Europe." He was so hospitably received over there; so feted and admired in the most distinguished English circles, that he could not help feeling intensely gratified. Fifty years before he had visited England and it had changed very little to him in that time. He wandered about in all memorial places reviving his youthful mem...

thermometers and aerometers. He never gets out of bed or takes his bath until the atmosphere and the water are right. He never tires himself with visitors, but has a graceful way of cutting them off when they begin to exhaust him.

But, as he himself has said, all this is quite subsidiary to the perennial font of a gay heart, which has preserved him fresh and elastic up to this time. He has lived on into a pessimistic era and retained much of the old philosophy and old faith that have made so many green ages. It is this sunny disposition that has overflowed into all his literature and endeared him to the American people. No one has so large a correspondence as he, and most of the letters are from strangers. I believe if his daily schedule were seen, there would be found a place on it like this: "Half an hour to write autographs and send them." He is overloaded with manuscripts that are sent from all over the country with a request that he shall read and pass upon their merits. As very many of these are merely poems he usually complies.

At his summer home at Beverly Farms Dr. Holmes has spent the greater part and the pleasanter part of his mature life. It is a plain country homestead, standing a little way back from the road, with a bed of flowers in front and a great rock behind covered with clambering vines. It is the typical New England home, without obtrusive elegance, but everywhere betokening substantial comfort. Beside a broad open fireplace in the study is the poet's favorite chair, and near it is another, always awaiting the expectant guest.

A distinguished Frenchman said of Holmes that he had taught the Yankees how to laugh properly, and it was a new experience for these children of the Puritans, who had been howling at Artemus Ward and John Phœnix. Undoubtedly Dr. Holmes was a wit, and it was that kind of wit which brightens the dinner-table and puts everybody in the best of humor. In early life he had a weakness for punning, and reminded one of Tom Hood, but later this was suppressed or modified, and he reminded us in his extemporaneous repartee more of Douglas Jerrold. What can be more American than, when dining with Lord Coleridge, he remarked about American lawyers that the poverty of the American lawyer and the wealth of his client was his glory.

When in England Mrs. Siddons was being discussed. Someone said that the statesman Fox had been smitten by the great actress. Holmes said that from all he had heard of her he could not understand a man falling in love with her. She was too grand—it was like falling in love with the Pyramids. Perhaps the Worshipful Company of Clothmakers or a Board of Aldermen might have loved her—but one man—never.

He said Prof. Agassiz was the Liebig's extract of the wisdom of ages. "Whenever he goes off on long voyages to remote islands," said Holmes, "I can't help thinking what a feast the cannibals would have if they boiled down such an extract."

Speaking of a certain extremely thin aesthetic Boston lady, he said she reminded him of a bag of bones, and if shaken she would have rattled. Her scratched-up towzled hair suggested the idea that the birds had prepared it for a nest, and her strange, rich, hectic-looking gown resembled nothing so much as a faded fresco of the Middle Ages.

COMMENT IN LONDON.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—The afternoon newspapers published sympathetic articles on the death of Oliver Wendell Holmes. The *Westminster Gazette* says: "His death is one of those literary losses which will be felt as a personal one right across the broad lands and seas where English is spoken."

The *Globe* says: "It is no exaggeration to say that the news will be received by the English-speaking people throughout the world with a feeling of almost personal be...



Oliver Wendell Holmes.

...spoke with some ...he English woodlands; ...the English lawns his ...at the way in which ...d. It was the fashion ...reverentially, and little ...in common with the ...evertheless paid a visit ...e Row, and give... a ...t.

...nes' books—"Over the ...lifference between ma... still the most cheerful ...ger sparkles with that ...arks the "Autocrat." ...and humor are kept ...sibilities have grown, ...nderness and a larger ...ample of charming ...licity of Montaigne, ...ankin and the wit ...e have nothing ex...re.

...of the aged poet a ...

...obust man, but he ...f nervous power, ...ions supplies the ...I believe it is a ...o live to be a hun...w how attention ...'s life. He lives ...ing scrupulously ...d out in daily ...ding to sched...and eats and ...of his own. ...and pursues ...e thing he ...pneumonia, ...prevent this ...barometers,

reavement. He was among those few authors who endear themselves to their readers by winning love before admiration."

Ex-Gov. Curtin's Death.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., Oct. 8.—Ex-Gov. Andrew Gregg Curtin died Sunday morning after an illness of several weeks. He was born here in 1815, and was educated for the bar at Dickinson Law School. He was a supporter of Harrison in 1840 and of Clay in 1844; was a presidential elector in 1848, and was again a candidate in 1852. In 1860 he was elected Governor by the Republicans, his majority being 32,000. Throughout the war he was an active supporter of the Federal Government, and was re-elected Governor by 15,000 majority in 1864.

In 1869 he was appointed Minister to Russia, and on his return home in 1872 he supported Greeley for the Presidency.

He will be buried with a military escort.

Andrew Shaw Dead.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—Andrew Shaw, a wealthy and prominent Board of Trade man, died suddenly last night.

It is said that Shaw committed suicide. He was 59 years old, a brilliant, but eccentric man; not in business of late years.

Obituary Notes.

The funeral of the late Prof. David Swing, in Chicago Music Hall, was attended by 3,000 persons.

Mrs. Fannie Chinn, colored contralto, died in Chicago.

FEARS FOR THE CZAR

Sudden Change for the Worse Taking Place in His Condition.

PRAYERS FOR THE PRESERVATION OF HIS LIFE HAVE BEEN ORDERED.

Fainting Fits Have Supervened, Rendering an Operation Necessary—Court Dignitaries and Other High Officials Leave St. Petersburg for Livadia—General Foreign News.

BRESLAU, Oct. 8.—The *Schlesische Zeitung* publishes a dispatch from St. Petersburg, which says that a sudden change for the worse has taken place in the condition of the Czar. The Minister of War has ordered prayers for the preservation of the life of the Czar to be offered up in all the garrison and regimental churches.

This order is due to a telegram received direct from Livadia, and stating that the Czar's illness has taken a disquieting turn. Fainting fits have supervened, and rendered an operation immediately necessary.

The court dignitaries and other high Russian officials have hurriedly started for Livadia.

FEAR IMMEDIATE ATTACK.

Hostile Mohaesels Within a Mile of Lourenzo Marquese.

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 8.—The report is current here that the inhabitants of Lourenzo Marquese, Delagoa Bay, are in fear of an immediate attack on the part of the Kaffirs. The hostile Mohaesels are now said to be within a mile of the town. All the stores are reported closed and everybody capable of bearing arms has been ordered to take part in the defense. All the barricades have been strengthened.

Jewish Religion Not Recognized.

BUDA PESTH, Oct. 8.—The House of Magnates to-day rejected by a vote of 109 to 103 the Government bill providing for legal recognition of the Jewish religion.

GERMAN DAY AT WASHINGTON

Celebrated With Great Eclat—Procession and Speech-Making.

WASHINGTON, Mo., Oct. 8.—The Germans of Washington and vicinity celebrated "German Day" yesterday and from early morning the handsome little city on the Missouri River presented a gay and animated appearance.

The principal business streets were handsomely decorated with bunting and flags, and as four-fifths of the inhabitants are either native-born Germans or of German descent, nearly everybody in town assisted in making the affair a complete success.

At 1 o'clock a procession of fully 500 persons was formed, and starting from Turners Hall, paraded the principal streets of the city. The procession contained, among other features, a number of floats, the most conspicuous being those of the "Missouri Meerschaum Pipe Co.," decorated with hundreds of corn-cob pipes, and Schwarzer's zither factory, containing German peasants in native costume. Another novel feature was a number of gentlemen who presented a very fierce appearance dressed in animal skins and with horns on their heads, who, according to a banner carried by one of their number, represented the "Inhabitants of Germany 2,000 years ago."

Having reached the Fair Grounds, ranks were broken, and the people were treated to political speeches by Congressman Richard Bartholdt and C. Gallenkamp in German and Prosecuting Attorney Kiskaddon in English, after which innocent merry-making brought the very successful celebration to a close.

Shot His Wife.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—George W. Cram, a builder of No. 248 West Eighteenth street, shot his wife Rachael in the left breast and abdomen at their home to-day. The woman refused to go to a hospital. The physician attending her says she will die.

Hot Springs of St. Louis.

Belcher water baths, No. 17 O'Fallon st.

The J. L. Hudson Company. The J. L. Hudson Company. The J. L. Hudson Company.



Mark Down & Sell Them!

That's the remedy for too many Fall Overcoats. And we are applying its full strength!

56 Men's $7 and $8 Fall Overcoats Cut to **$3.50!**

133 Men's $10 and $12 Fall Overcoats Cut to **$7.50!**

361 Men's $15 and $18 Fall Overcoats Cut to **$10!**

Bear in mind that it is THE PRICES that have been reduced; the QUALITIES are exactly what we state them. $7 and $8 values for $3.50! $10 and $12 values for $7.50! $15 and $18 values for $10! We guarantee every Overcoat to be worth just what we say it is!

GREAT SPECIAL SALE OF FRAMED PICTURES.

100 Imitation Pastels, 11 by 14 inches, framed complete, worth 50c......Choice, 25c!
100 Recorder Pictures, 12 by 20-inch frames, worth $1 ......Choice, 49c!
150 Imitation Pastels and Etchings, 16 by 20-inch frames, worth $2....Choice, 98c!
50 Fruit Pictures, extra fine, 20 by 24-inch frames, worth $3 ......Choice, $1.48!
12 extra fine Etchings, 20 by 30-inch frames, worth $4 ......Choice, $2.69!
12 extra fine Imitation Pastels, 20 by 30-inch frames, worth $5......Choice, $2.98!

The J. L. Hudson Company

The J. L. Hudson Company

New Fall and Winter Novelties in Ladies' Capes, Wraps, Mantles, Jackets, Suits, Furs and Misses' and Children's Cloaks.



Ladies' Handsome Cloth Jackets in Chinchillas, Cheviots and Kerseys, Strap seams, at **$12.75**



Ladies' Cloth Golf and Tourist Capes, Strap and Combination Silk Hoods in plain and Scotch Mixed Cheviots, **$7.95!**



Ladies' Cloth Jackets, 40-inches long, Coverts, Beavers and Cheviots, Half Silk-Lined, Tight Fitting and Reefer Fronts, **$8.75!**

Everything NEW here—not a last season's garment in the entire magnificent stock. Come in and see our new department.

The J. L. Hudson Company

HEFFERNAN, PICTURE FRAMER, 409 Locust St., Half Block from Broadway.

AN INFERNAL MACHINE

Found on the Window Sill of the Police Barracks in Milan.

MILAN, Oct. 8.—There has been a renewal of Anarchistic activity here. An infernal machine was found upon the window sill of the police barracks. A lighted fuse was attached to the machine. Happily the fuse was extinguished before an explosion occurred. Several arrests have been made as a result of the police inquiry into the outrage.

Gigantic Plot in Italy.

ROME, Oct. 8.—The police have discovered an anarchistic plot extending over the whole of Italy and organized by Albani, the notorious anarchist.

Predicted Carnot's Murder.

PARIS, Oct. 8.—Charles Vernet, an anarchist, has been arrested at Lodive, Department of Herault. He predicted the murder of President Carnot a month before it occurred.

STREET RECONSTRUCTION.

The Legislature Will Be Asked to Pass a Law.

A new plan has been formulated, by which it is expected that street reconstruction, which has been stopped by the decision that the Stone law was unconstitutional, may be resumed early next spring. The Municipal Assembly when it convenes Nov. 9 will be asked to adopt a memorial to the State Legislature asking that body to amend the charter of the City of St. Louis in such a manner that street reconstruction can be carried on. President McMath of the Board of Public Improvements, who has given a great deal of attention to the subject since the decision of the Supreme Court that the Stone law was invalid, says that he finds that the State Legislature has the power to amend the charter of the city of St. Louis, and he believes that there will be no objection made by the members of that body to doing it.

The reason that the State Legislature will be asked to make the amendment, he says, is because it is the most expedient way of accomplishing the object desired. If the charter is to be amended in any other way it will require a special election, which involves time and expense.

President McMath says that the same objection may be urged against voting a special tax for street reconstruction. That also would require a special election and many formalities would have to be completed before the money would be available.

President McMath believes that if the Municipal Assembly will signify its desire to have the State Legislature take the matter up, there will be no difficulty in getting that body to do it. He bases his reason for this belief on the fact that the Stone law was passed, and it was supposed at the time it would accomplish the same result that will be accomplished by this proposed legislation. The fact that special legislation is prohibited by the Constitution of the State of Missouri, and that the Supreme Court decided that any legislation applicable only to cities of 300,000 inhabitants or more is special legislation, President McMath says, cannot be urged against the measure that the State Legislature will be asked to pass this time.

It is the opinion of City Hall officials that no objection will be made by the Council to the suggestion of President McMath, but in the House of Delegates, it is thought that considerable opposition may be encountered because of the hostility existing between the House and the Board of Public Improvements. The members of the House of Delegates during the last session were so deliberate in considering Board of Public Improvement measures that the board sent a number of bills to the Council first instead of the House. The members of the House thought that such action was unprecedented and intended to stultify the importance of the House of Delegates, and those who remember the circumstance venture the prediction that the House may sit upon the suggestion of the Board of Public Improvements by the way of retaliation, although the necessity to do something which will enable street reconstruction to proceed is admitted by all who are conversant with the matter.

SOCIETY NEWS.

On Monday afternoon Miss Etha Steinmeyer of 1100 North Twenty-fifth street gave a taffee in honor of Miss Ena Lueth of Kankakee, Ill. Among the present were Mrs. C. Ething, Miss Jessie Ething, Miss Emma Eichersen, Mrs. I. Cavanagh, Misses Louis and Mary Springmeyer.

Mrs. Thomas Caldwell of West Morgan street gave a pink dinner to young ladies and gentlemen on Wednesday evening in honor of her guests, Miss Robbins of New Madrid, Mo., and Miss Beller of Salia, Mo. Covers were laid for twelve and all the decorations and favors were in pink. From 9 till 12 dancing was indulged in.

Miss Mabel Beller, who has been visiting Mrs. Thomas Caldwell of West Morgan street, has returned to her home in Sedalia, Mo., to officiate at the Potter-Temple wedding, which is to take place on Oct. 10.

Miss Robbins of New Madrid, Mo., is visiting Mrs. Thomas Caldwell of West Morgan street.

Mrs. M. ... after spending th... ...

Mr. Solon ... Mo.,

has returned home, after visiting Mr. Upton Lenard of 2945 Dayton street.

Mrs. Charles J. Norris is visiting friends in Philadelphia; she will leave her daughter, Miss Millian, at Miss Stevens' school in Germantown.

That Joyful Feeling.

With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old-time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered, but never accepted by the well informed.

Burglars Stole Shotguns.

WASHINGTON, Mo., Oct. 8.—Thieves broke into the hardware store of E. G. Busch & Co. early yesterday morning and stole thirteen valuable shotguns and winchester rifles. As no one sleeps in the building the burglars ransacked the place with impunity and besides the articles stolen they filled three sacks with loaded shells and valuable hardware, which they evidently intended to take along, but they must have become frightened and left them in their hurry to get away.

Some suspicious characters were in the store Saturday afternoon making a small purchase, and they are supposed to be the burglars, and it is also thought they are traveling down the Missouri in skiffs.

The Third Excursion.

On October 9th the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway will sell tickets at greatly reduced rates to all points in Texas, Eddy, N. M., and Lake Charles, La. For further information call at city ticket office, 103 North Broadway, or at Broadway Station, Mullanphy street.

Prof. Wm. Sloan.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—Prof. Wm. Sloan died at his home to-day after a fast of fifty days. Prof. Sloan, who was a prominent educator and newspaper man, had been subject for many days to attacks of a strange disease which, he said, compelled him to fast. He has frequently gone three or four weeks without nourishment, and his physicians had expected his recovery from the last attack.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the best of all remedies for children teething.

The Oldest Minstrel.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 8.—Paul Berger, said to be the oldest negro minstrel in the country, died to-day. He had been employed as turnkey in a down-town police station since his retirement from the stage. Deceased was 70 years old.

Consumption.

The incessant wasting of a consumptive can only be overcome by a powerful concentrated nourishment like Scott's Emulsion. If this wasting is checked and the system is supplied with strength to combat the disease there is hope of recovery.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, does more to cure Consumption than any other known remedy. It is for all Affections of Throat and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and Wasting. *Pamphlet free.* Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50c. and $1.

Scotch Day At the EXPOSITION

All the National and Popular Airs of Scotland.

Only Five Days More of the Original Kilyani LIVING PICTURES!

Four Concerts Daily by Sousa's Unrivaled Band!

MAGNIFICENT ART GALLERIES, COSTLY DISPLAYS, TRIUMPHS IN ELECTRICITY AND MECHANICS.

Open Daily from 8 a. m. to 10:30 p. m. Admission, 25c; Children under 10, 15c.

Small Hall, "A DAY IN THE ALPS." An entertainment produced entirely by electricity, as seen in Electricity Building, World's Fair, by 300,000 people. Admission 15c, children 10c.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE MIDWAY ALL THIS WEEK DAILY 11 a. m. to 10 p. m.

OTTO SCHMIDT, Manager.

FREE IN ARENA! Tuesday Afternoon at 3 o'clock,

Grand Dance of All Nations!

Dahomeyans, Wallace, Gilbert, Fiji, Tonga and Samoan Islanders; Turks, Persians, Japanese, Irish, Germans, and American Indians.

Attractions of last week and many new ones. Reproduced from the MIDWAY PLAISANCE, WORLD'S FAIR, 1893, with original people. M. MULLEN'S TRAINED ANIMAL SHOW, Horses and Dogs; CITY OF JERUSALEM, FERRIS WHEEL, CAPTIVE BALLOON, BOXING KANGAROO, etc.

FAIR GROUNDS, ADMISSION TUESDAY ONLY 10c.

OLYMPIC. FOR ONE WEEK ONLY, Commencing To-Night, Oct. 8, Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. KENDAL.

REPERTOIRE:
Monday—"The Second Mrs. Tanqueray."
Tuesday—"A White Lie."
Wednesday Matinee—"A Scrap of Paper."
Wednesday Night—"Second Mrs. Tanqueray."
Thursday—"The Ironmaster."
Friday—"A White Lie."
Saturday Matinee—"Second Mrs. Tanqueray."
Saturday Night—"The Ironmaster."
Sunday, Oct. 14—Matinee and night only, Cleveland Minstrels with Billy Emerson.
Monday, Oct. 15—One Week, "Lady Windermere's Fan."

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE. It's a Good Thing; Push It Along. TO-NIGHT (numbers turned away last night). Canary & Lederer's supreme production from the New York Casino, THE PASSING SHOW 110—People—110 Matinees, Wed. and Saturday. Next week—Russell's Comedians.

RACING AT THE Madison Race Course TO-MORROW.

Trains leave foot of Olive street for Madison every 10 minutes commencing at 11:30 a. m. Racing commences at 2:30. Bookmaking on all foreign events.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SPECIAL NOTICE—Wm. P. Clark is no longer in our employ. Barr & Widen, Mercantile Agency Co.

IF YOU WANT HELP, or a ROOM or BOARD or BOARDERS, a small advertisement in the POST-DISPATCH want columns will cost you less than a cent a word—5 cents per line of seven words.

THE HAGAN WEDNESDAY SATURDAY CONROY and FOX —IN— HOT TOMALES. Matinees, 25c and 50c. Next week—Blue Jeans. Tel. 771.

POPE'S—EVERY DAY. J. D. HOPKINS ......Manager CONTINUOUS SHOW. NO STOPS—1 to 10:30 p. m.—NO WAITS Dramatic Co. in TICKET OF LEAVE MAN. 10—Vaudeville Acts—10 Come any time—Stay as long as you like. 10c—20c—30c | New Bill Next Week

HAVLIN'S THEATER—TO-NIGHT. MATINEE THURSDAY AND SATURDAY. The Greatest of All Big Productions. LAND OF THE MIDNIGHT SUN. Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c. Next Sunday—THE "Tornado."

STANDARD — To-Night. Matinee Tuesday Friday. Weber and Fields' RUSSELL BROS.' COMEDIANS. The Highest Salaried Vaudeville Company in Existence. Next week—City Sports Big Show.

SPORTSMAN'S PARK ALL WEEK, (Two Shows Daily—Afternoon and Evening.) The Renowned Buck Taylor, Late of Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show, presenting a complete epitome of Frontier Life. Twenty-Five Genuine Sioux Warriors. The World Champion Rifle Shots, CAPTAIN BOGARDUS AND SON. GENERAL ADMISSION, 25c; CHILDREN, 10c.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

HOSMER HALL. DAY and BOARDING SCHOOL for GIRLS. Opened Sept. 26. All departments. Certificate admits to Wellesley, Smith and Vassar. MRS. C. G. SHEPARD, MISS M. H. MATHEWS, Principals. 2812-2814 Locust st., St. Louis.

Sig. H. Baritta Mull, Pupil Sig. Barili, brother and teacher of Adelina and Carlotta Patti. Studio, 2839 Franklin avenue. Instructions in vocal culture; voice tested free.

MANY GOOD ACTORS.

Nym Crinkle Says the American Stage Is Rich With Talent.

BUT OUR MODERN PLAYERS ARE TOO IMPATIENT FOR IMMEDIATE SUCCESS.

As Soon as an Actor Makes a Hit He at Once Wants to Become a Star—The Result Is That the Dramatic Profession Has More "Accidents" Than Artists.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—You always determine the merit of an actor by counting the heads.

You always ascertain the success of the playwrights by measuring them.

I once asked an actress if her conscience did not upbraid her for accepting a certain role in which she was to appear and she replied: "Great heavens, how can one tell what one's conscience has to say before the first night?"

The shrewdest manager this city has produced at one time remarked in my hearing: "I'm awfully relieved about that play. There was some doubts in my mind about its ethical basis, but the reciepts went up last night 25 per cent."

Of course this is all up to date and quite in keeping with the man who looks in the newspapers to see where his wife is. If you want the essence of contemporaneousness you must look in the theater for it when Mme. Janauschek or Charlotte Thompson is not playing.

The only actors who have a judgment and a conscience of their own and don't ask the public if they are right are the young women who are studying to play Juliet.

The grim resolution and austere firmness of these young creatures are beyond the camera of the critic. They take us back to the sweet source of art. They carry us forward to the sad dust-bin of much of it.

But it is to this perennial font of Juliets that we must look for the coming actors of America, simply because there is nowhere else to look. Any one who asks the question "are we producing any great actors?" will be referred to this nursery and will have to rest satisfied with the reply that we are trying mighty hard.

Suppose you look over the list of actors for the coming winter and underscore those who are acknowledged to be great. When were they produced? Where are our Bernhardts, our Duses, Salvinis, our Irvings, our Coquelins? And this is more to the point—where is the promise of them?

WHAT FOREST PREDICTED.

Mr. Edwin Forest, who in many respects was the greatest actor this country had produced up to his time, once said to the writer of this article: "I believe that in a generation or two this country will produce the great actors of the world, because the national temperament is favorable, and the liberty of thought and expression is conducive to great declaration. Besides, there will be a great national theater, which will be a school, and it will stimulate the production of the grandest types of manhood and womanhood—which the grandest country on earth has made possible."

I find that declaration written down in an old note book, and judging from other notes it must have been made about the time of the Boston Peace Jubilee. I read it now, with the blare of the coming dramatic season in my ears, and ask myself if there are any signs of the prediction being fulfilled.

Perhaps you know what five managing editors out of six, or six city editors out of six and a half would do, if this burning question question came up before them. They would immediately send out accredited representatives to hunt up Miss Fanny Davenport, or Miss Loie Fuller, and ask her for information on the subject. But I have no accredited representatives, and I don't believe those eminent actresses know any more about it than I do.

And what I know the intelligent reader can know also without any help, if he is anything of a connoisseur, which I am sorry to say an actor very seldom is.

We are at this moment importing great actors, not breeding or even nursing them. And there is no reason why, after a hundred years of experimental farming, and a record which includes Forrest, Cushman, Joe Jefferson, Edwin Booth, Lucile Western, Clara Morris, Mrs. Bowers and a hundred more or less, God rest their souls, the soil should give out, especially as it has been enriched and fertilized by all the kindered wits and plowed by literature and watched by enterprise night and day. Would it astonish you if I should declare that it has not given out; that a finer and nobler order of dramatic genius springs from the American field than ever before and that the trouble is that there is no American husbandry of it? It runs wild in a disorderly tangle, and dries up somewhere like prematurely plucked flowers on the road in some huckstering manager's truck cart. There is nothing to cling to except the caravan.

Pardon me just a moment. The other day I saw a magnificent country mansion built by an American of ample means and decorated externally in the simplest and most gorgeous manner. So beautiful was it that people came a long distance to see it. What do you suppose he had done with it? Why, instead of importing tropical plants and setting out palm trees and orchids and making absurd rectangular beds of exotics, he had taken the wild scarlet runner of his field, beguiled the common clematis and bitter-sweet from the stone fences and set them down at the columns and balustrades and asked them to do his arabesquerie for him. He then banked his house up in phlox and calendula and all the vulgar posies of the field.

No sooner did these indigenous beauties have some one to look after them and some opportunity to show what they could do than they began to put in their best work. They festooned his architecture and spun triumphal arches between the clustered columns and threw their tracery across all the spaces. Then the autumn sun came with its dyes and turned the filigree into waves of color and wove an Oriental scarf of softest tints over the whole mansion, and it looked like an Indian Princess decked out for an unending banquet of the eye. Other wealthy neighbors had planted stately palms and guavas in solemn style and they looked prim and rusty, but this house looked like a picture that was half bouquet.

Now we will go back to what we were talking about.

PLENTY OF GOOD ACTORS.

It isn't ability altogether that is needed, but system and patience and opportunity. Mr. Mansfield's Richard was a great deal better dramatic performance than Mr. Willard's Hamlet. His old roue in "A Parisian Romance" is quite as acute and artistic an impersonation as Mr. Irving's Louis IX. Mrs. Chanfrau was at her best quite as good an actress as Mrs. Kendal. Mr. Joseph Holland and Mr. Milton Lackaye are the equals in most and the superiors in many roles of the English actors that come to us. Ada Rehan has less temperament but more vitality than Ellen Terry. Julia Arthur, with discretion and good judgment, can eclipse any melodramatic actress who has come to us recently from England. Clara Morris, at her start, was as much of a phenomenon as Duse, but she never had the patience to become as much of an artist. Mr. C. C. Mackay is as methodical as Coquelin, but not as ambitious. Mr. Gilbert saw Galatea only with his imagination until Mary Anderson played it, and then he recognized his work with his eyes. When Mr. Terriss got out from Mr. Irving's wing and came here some of our actors took all his prestige away in his own company.

You cannot contemplate Marlowe and Wainwright and Seligman and Julia Arthur without understanding at once that they are in art for immediate returns and are hustling. Mr. Wilton Lackaye almost merits the term "job lots" for his capricious industry, and yet there is no better equipped, well-disciplined intelligence on our boards.

It is doubtful if these actors have any desire to be "great" in the accepted sense of acclaim, and yet all of them are greater in natural fitness and ductile dramatic gifts than Irving was when he was playing their grades of character in stock companies. It would be difficult to find on the English stage a more conscientious and indefatigable student in his profession than Mr. Sothern. But Mr. Sothern seems to be unable to rise above a dead level of la-da-da plays in which heroism must smell of Rotten Row.

Just at this moment there is no American actress with the same amount and the same quality of American popularity that attends Mrs. Kendal. This estimable lady has something of the vogue that once attended Parepa Rosa. The rural gentility delights to do her honor, and it is not too much to say that she is regarded as an actress of rare endowments and exceptional attainments. It is not gracious to dispel that illusion, but the fact is we have fifty actresses who are superior to her in the ability to portray passion, to interpret character and to deal with the exceptional problems that are presented on the contemporaneous stage.

At the same time we have no actress whose reputation is accepted so unquestioningly, or who has the same sagacity to adapt herself to the dead level of conservative and respectable theater-goers. Mrs. Bowers is in every respect a greater artist, who has proved time and again that she can sustain with dignity of purpose and apparent art the loftiest roles of the English drama. But Mrs. Bowers has for years been begging for that popular recognition which attends Mrs. Kendal.

Very much the same phenomena is presented by Mr. Irving, an exceptionally shrewd manager and strenuous delineator, whose popular scale of values has been fixed by himself, and accepted unhesitatingly. His Shakspearean conceptions are triumphs of circumstance. His productions suggest to the American "the greatest show on earth," and there is a suspicion of a brass band even in his utterances off the stage.

No one at the present moment, it may as well be conceded, is doing Shakspeare with such a pomp of paraphernalia as Mr. Irving. The Bard of Avon in his hands is always a Lord Mayor's show. But it is open to argument that he plays Shakspeare with as much insight or as much eloquence and intelligibility as has been shown by half a score of American actors.

WHAT IRVING HAS DONE.

What he has done is this: he has with admirable British shop-keeping ability made himself the center of a vast trade and given dignity to his commerce by dealing only in the best goods.

Mr. Irving's company, however indifferent, is now acknowledged by two nations to be the color guard of the British drama, and whatever may be said critically of Mr. Irving's dramatic abilities none can deny to him administrative qualities and a represen tative position against which we can place no equivalent actor-manager.

The ambitious intercontinental efforts of Mr. Irving, Mr. Daly and others are but an enlargement of the road system, with this advantage, that with two continents in their circuit there are large cities enough to engage their full time without resorting to what the managers call "one-night stands." But it must be observed that these stock companies bear out a very insignificant relation to the dramatic field at large, and as schools, do not appear to devote themselves to the development and production of new talent so much as to the persistent exploitation of their own familiar favorites. Miss Terry and Miss Rehan both stand in the way of new and ambitious actresses, and their managers, depending upon popular favoritism rather than upon the fitness of the leading woman for the parts, keep them to the front in all roles to the exclusion of others who might have a special adaptation.

It is no disparagement of the talents of these charming actresses to say this. It is merely a condemnation of the star system which has in their cases become part of the stock system. Both of them have been cast for roles for which they had no sympathy and in which they artistically failed, but criticism looking at them through the haze of favoritism has failed to make any discrimination in their cases.

The rule appears to be that when an actor or an actress has secured popular acclaim to concede that he or she can do everything better than anybody else can do one thing.

A much better rule would be to pay less attention to celebrities and more to struggling talent. Talent is continually glinting upon our stage in an incidental if not accidental way. There is no reason why an American actress should necessarily be any better than an English actress, but there are many good reasons why, if she is as good, she should be recognized irrespective of the prestige of her surroundings.

The drama is the only industrial field in which free trade is fairly and squarely recognized by Americans. They really want a good article, irrespective of its nationality or school, and no one now hoists the American flag over her talent as Clara Louise Kellogg once did and threatens to shoot any one who pulls it down.

But there is no reason why American productivity should cease if great actors are wanted, and that we should sit down and wait for the rest of the world to send us something.

The drama is like everything else worth doing or writing about. There must be high aims and patience in it and kindly encouragement around it, which presupposes men and women to care less to exhibit themselves than to interpret something, and men and women around about them who have some tastes and conviction with regard to what ought to be, and are not carried away by every blare of the speculators' trumpets.

One thing appears to me to be inevitable—if we make no room for actors who would rather be great in the end than successful at the beginning; if we have no universities of art in our theater and no applied public sentiment of a stimulative kind outside the theater, we shall continue to have accidents instead of artists, and the time will come when America will be the harvest-field for foreigners who succeed in bringing us what we could not develop and did not care to encourage within ourselves. NYM CRINKLE.

AMERICAN HUMANE ASSOCIATION.

Will Meet in Eighteenth Annual Convention at Evansville Wednesday.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 8.—The eighteenth annual convention of the American Humane Association will convene in Evansville on Wednesday morning and continue until Friday. Arrangements are being made to accommodate 200 delegates, representing societies from all parts of the country. John G. Shartell of Chicago, President of the Illinois Humane Society for nineteen years, will preside. Among the subjects to be discussed will be the growth of vivisection in America.

STORY OF MURDER A FAKE.

Rudolph Greenstein Died at Eureka Springs of Bright's Disease.

EUREKA SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 8.—Rudolph Greenstein came to Eureka Springs in April, 1894. He was examined by physicians at Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, and by Dr. Howard of that city, and pronounced incurable with Bright's disease. After a few weeks' use of the waters at Eureka Springs he went to his home and business at Weston, W. Va., apparently well.

He returned to this place in September with the old disease, and died in a uræmic convulsion, common to Bright's disease, Sept. 27.

The story from Parkersburg, W. Va., of his having been murdered is a fake.

THE MADAGASCAR QUESTION.

It Will Slumber Until France Begins to Enforce Her Policy.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 8.—The authorities here do not consider the Madagascar question, which looked so ominous during the last week, as settled, but merely postponed until the latter part of this month. The French official who has been authorized to take summary steps to maintain France's position in Madagascar, will not arrive there until Oct. 18. The recent flurry was due to his departure for Paris, but it will be when he arrives at his destination and begins the execution of his vigorous policy that the real contest between France and Great Britain may be expected to arise. Semi-official advices received here are to the effect that the new French official is directed to close the long contention by asserting the rights of France and then backing them up with force. To this end 2,000 French troops will soon follow the official. It is believed, therefore, that while the announcement that France had blockaded Madagascar ports was premature, it foreshadowed stirring events in Madagascar as soon as the French envoy reached there.

LINDAU'S PLAY.

Hypnotism Woven Into a Drama on the German Stage.

"DER ANDERE" IS ANOTHER FORM OF "DR. JEKYLL AND MR. HYDE."

But Charcot's Studies Are Responsible for the Suggestion—A Doctor's Other Self Is a Burglar and the Leader of a Band of Burglars.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—Jules Claretie, the present manager of the Theater Francais, was, I believe, one of the first men to perceive the literary interest of what is known as hypnotism.

When Charcot, following Braid and various others, about sixteen years ago shook the bases of conventional morality and justice by his experiments, Jules Claretie spent some months in the Salpetriere studying the French doctor's patients.

During his stay in the great Paris hospital-asylum he paid particular attention to several cases of "suggestion" which were much talked about just then.

He found, as Dr. Charcot had already found, that there were people who, in certain nervous states (due to disease or induced arbitrarily), could be persuaded to commit crimes at the thought of which they would in normal moments have recoiled aghast.

They were not mad, or bad, and they were irresponsible.

A force not theirs had chained their will and put the thought of crime into their passive minds. Under the influence of a hypnotizing medium they would fall asleep. And while they slept they would be ordered to this or that—to pick a pocket or to kill a man.

On their awakening they would try to execute the deed; their normal nature had been changed and turned; they were automata.

And not the least appalling feature in their case was the fact that they appeared to think they had themselves devised the crimes which had been prompted or "suggested."

It must not be supposed that Braid or Charcot discovered what they had demonstrated. Mesmerism preceded Braidism, as Braidism preceded "hypnotism." But it was not until the Salpetriere experiments (conducted before properly trained scientists and in the light of day) had compelled all but a few doubting Thomases to recognize the phenomena, at least, of hypotism that we began to wonder whether we could justify the punishment of those whom we called criminals, and to inquire if it would not be truly just, as well as merciful, to do away with jails and substitute asylums.

The mysteries of free will and human fate involved in the establishment of Dr. Charcot's honesty, attracted Jules Claretie, as they will probably attract a host of writers.

The outcome of the long and patient studies of the popular French novelist was embodied in two books—named "Jean Mornas" and "Le Roman d'an Interne." One was subsequently dramatized.

Since the appearance of these books the heavy duty of directing the great Paris Theater has prevented M. Claretie from pursuing his hypnotic researches.

But other novelists and playwrights have been drawn into the morbid field which has been opened up by the disclosures with regard to the phenomana of nervous maladies, and by the problems they suggest—problems which affect the very roots of law and morals, which involve grave points as to responsibility, and which may find an echo here ere long in a sensational murder case.

"Der Andere" ("His Other Self"), the four-act drama by Paul Lindau, which was played the other night by Mr. Conreid's German actors at the Irving Place Theater, is the latest and not the least curious of the works which we owe to Dr. Charcot's influence.

It does not deal directly, like Jules Claretie's books, with the phenomena of hypnotism. But it attempts to treat of somewhat kindred subjects. It presents a case of morbid nerves in action.

The purpose of the play is plainly shown in the first speech of the Staatsanwalt, a distinguished barrister called Dr. Hallers, who as the curtain rises, is dictating a lecture to his private secretary.

"To what conclusions would this lead us? It would lead to this: That when a criminal was in an ugly pass, he would call in a doctor to escape from justice."

A little later on the lawyer adds this phrase:

"Let us annihilate these theories about the 'subjection of human will.' Let us stick to the old teachings of the Bible. The Lord has given to man the choice 'twixt life and death. He may choose either."

In Dr. Hallers, then, Paul Lindau has invented a person who is struggling to convince himself and others of the existence of Free Will, the truth of Law, and the responsibility of human nature.

But, as it happens, in the sequel he proves just the contrary, and proves it, not by bringing home a crime to some unhappy prisoner, but by his own experience.

Dr. Hallers has been overwrought by study and the strain of public life. He is unhinged. He stands upon the threshold of insanity.

Like many others, he has made a god of work. And work has shattered him. He is afflicted by strange dreams and failing sight. He has vague fears. His memory plays him tricks. He has grown irritable. His fancy makes him dread to be alone. The darkness terrifies him. He tells the doctor whom he calls in for advice that he is haunted by a face—the face of a young red-haired girl, seen in a glow of red. He racks his brain to recollect where he has seen that face. But all in vain.

The doctor warns him. He must take a rest. His nervous system has been broken down and madness threatens. The patient pleads that he must do some task which he has set himself. He cannot rest yet.

He puts aside his own case for a time and falls to arguing about a trial which is making a great stir in legal circles.

A worthy gentleman, well on in years and of good standing, has been arrested for committing various offenses of which he has sworn he is unconscious. There is no doubt at all that the accused has really done all that has been imputed to him. And on the other hand there is as little doubt of the old gentleman's sincerity.

Prof. Felbermann (the doctor) and a legal friend of Dr. Hallers, aroused the wrath of the Staatsanwalt by expressing belief that, though he has done all that he stands charged with, the prisoner may be innocent.

To back their views they quote authorities (they quote a great deal in "Der Andere," by the by), among them Taine. They hint at irresponsibility and "double consciousness."

"If Taine is right," the lawyer says, "there may be two men in a man—one normal, the other abnormal. The only thing these two men have in common is the body they inhabit. Each is independent of the other. Each is unconscious of the other. And it might therefore be a gross injustice to convict an individual of a crime which he has not committed and of which he has no knowledge."

I know this sounds absurd, and so it may be. But there are instances on record which should make a doctor pause before rejecting Taine's hypothesis.

One of these instances is mentioned in the first act of "Der Andere." I mean the famous "Allard Case."

As a subject for stage treatment, I admit, this "double-consciousness" is well nigh hopeless.

It takes Paul Lindau over half an hour to start his play. The opening act is far too long and learned.

The dialogue is undramatic—eked out by dreadful extracts from reviews, deformed by pedantry, and sadly dull.

Our interest flags and flags, until the end of the first act is reached, and we at last approach the action proper.

A police agent enters. He informs us that he has unearthed a plan to break into the Herr Staatsanwalt's rooms that night. Some patrons of a "dive" called "The Lame Duck," have been betrayed by a confederate. The house is watched.

The agent takes his leave. The Staatsenwalt sits down to read, alone. The strains of Chopin's "Funeral March" are heard upstairs. The hero listens, and is slowly lulled to sleep. And it is here that Lindau's play first sets us thinking of the case of Hyde and Jekyll.

The music is still heard. We know the player. She is a pretty girl named Elsie Arnoldy, whom Dr. Hallers has been courting, and who, only a short time before, has been relating how a burglar had relieved her of her watch.

The Staatsenwalt moves uneasily, as though in pain. His face and figure are convulsed. He seems oppressed. And presently he walks—a changed, new man. He is no longer a respected, upright lawyer, but a brute—"der Andere." His higher self has gone—or gone to sleep. This other self is evil and malevolent. He is a beast of prey, a rowdy and a criminal.

We watch him prowl about and curse the music. We watch him change his coat and tie a ruffler round his throat. We see him turn the lamps down one by one—now hating light as much as he had loved it. And we shudder as he steals out of his house—to join his friends at the "Lame Duck," where they await him.

By this time we have guessed what is to come. We know, of course, that Hallers is the ruffian who has planned the burglary; the thief who has robbed Elsie of her watch; the unconscious malefactor against whom he has been cautioned by his agent.

But, knowing this, we do not lose our interest. We look on eagerly as, in the second act, he meets Dickert and his "pals" at "The Lame Duck," and flirts with the red-headed girl (a servant who has been dismissed from his own house for a suspected theft) in the red lamplight of the dive. And we are forced to own that, gruesome though the play be the ingenuity with which the author works out many details of his plot is wonderful.

Paul Lindau, however, is a poor stage manager, and much of the effect he hoped to make in his "dive" scenes is lost by awkwardness.

The red-haired girl has recognized the lawyer. But she seems to have a weakness for the gentleman, and is careful not to hint at what she thinks, that he is spying on her "pals," lest harm should come to him.

She protests, though, when Hallers puts the stolen watch into her hands. She weeps at what she thinks his degradation. It is only when he presses her that she consents to keep the watch until next morning when, as she tells him, she intends to bring it back to him.

The rogues and street-walkers who have become the Staatsenwalt's companions are well drawn and, in a grim way, also humorous—especially Karl Dickert, who reminds one of the thieves in an amusing little Spanish zarzuela.

In the third act we return to Hallers' rooms. All is as we left it when the lawyer when to sleep in the first act. Then we see Dickert and the lawyer (still "der Andere") creep into the place, on pillage bent, rifle the cupboard and prepare to clear off with their booty.

But even as he stalks about his room, another change comes over Hallers. The morbid, nervous sleep—if sleep it can be termed—in which he has been plunged and during which he has become a desperate criminal, is near its end. He moves and talks and rubs himself mechanically.

Mechanically, too, he takes his coat off, hangs his cap up, puts on his own frock coat and sinks back upon a chair, immoveable.

Again he is convulsed, as though in pain (the need of these convulsions is not evident) and seems to struggle, as a man in spiritual travail. At length he wakes, confused and dazed, but yet himself. A sound of whistling from without is heard. The police break in. And Dickert—only Dickert—is arrested.

At this point Lindau shows amazing skill and a fine sense of humor by confronting the conscious and unconscious burglars and transforming Hallers (who was just now Dickert's friend) into his judge and enemy.

Not unnaturally, Dickert does not understand the case. He is incilided to be familiar and sarcastic when the lawyer questions him.

"What!" he exclaimed, when Hallers accuses him of having stolen some money from him. "You don't remember our dividing those 600 marks. Here are my 300. Now look in your trousers and you'll find the other three."

They are there, sure enough, and the poor lawyer's brain reels. But Master Dickert is marched off to jail in spite of all—a greatly injured, mystified burglar.

Up to this stage of the play, barring the digressions in the first act, the author has contrived to hold our interest and impress us with the fearsome plausibility of his strange plot and characters. He is successful, too, in working out the subtle scenes and incidents by which we reach the end.

The red-haired girl restores the stolen watch and tells how he had given it to her. A photograph, discovered in the old coat which the lawyer wore the night before, confirms her story. Incredible though it appears to him, the hero sees at last that he has really met the girl. He calls to mind his haunting dreams, the woman's face and the red light. His reason totters.

So far the author has been bold and logical.

But the denouement of the play is surely false. Can we admit that any man whose nerves are strained as Dr. Hallers' have been would not be made mad, if he were not mad long before (as seems most probable), on finding out the awful truth about his double nature, and perceiving that he has in him a beast, a devil, from whom he has had no means of escape and to whose will he has been, although unconsciously, forced to bow?

Paul Lindau, however, does not drive his hero mad. He spares him.

"I am losing my reason!" exclaims Hallers, when the truth grows clear to him.

"No, my friend," replies Prof. Talbermann. "You have found it again! The bridge of memory has been restored!"

But one would need to be a doctor to be sure of anything about this play. And I am not a doctor. MELTZER.

GERMAN DAY.

An Appropriate Celebration of the Day at Washington, Mo.

German Day was royally celebrated at Washington, Mo., Sunday. The town was gaily decorated with the Stars and Stripes and the German flag. A street parade was given, in which there were five gorgeous floats, representing American and German subjects.

The Washington Turnverein were out in force and constituted a conspicuous feature of the parade. When the procession arrived at the Fair Grounds Mr. Charles F. Gallenkamp made a brief speech of welcome, which was followed by an address in German, the orator of the day being Hon. Richard Bartholdt. J. C. Kiskaddon also delivered an address, and then the day was given over to festivities of all kinds. A large number of St. Louis guests were present.

ILLINOIS WHOLESALE GROCERS.

The Association Dissolving Because of Unfair Competition.

PEORIA, Ill., Oct. 8.—Charles J. Off, President of the Illinois Wholesale Grocers' Association, last night freely discussed its apparent dissolution. He said that the rules and regulations, which were important in their character, had not been lived up to by many of the members, and he considered this unfair competition responsible for the downfall of the association. The organization was formed largely for the purpose of regulating the price of sugar, which has been handled for years without a profit, though it represents a large part of the sales of a grocery store.

The sugar trust, after the formation of the association last April, sold to the jobbers, billing the sugar at 3-16 of a cent a pound more than the actual rate. This enabled the jobbers to sell at the long price plus freight to destination, and still leave a profit of 3-16 of a cent a pound.

So heavily stocked are Chicago wholesalers that Mr. Off anticipates a big drop in prices soon. It is certain the profit will go off, and probaly more too. Sugar will hereafter be handled at a loss, as before the formation of the association. The other rules regulating cartage, forbidding collections by traveling men and the equalizing of rates between jobbing towns are also abandoned. The association will remain intact but only for purposes of a social nature.

Dittmeyer Held.

The Coroner has held Anthony Dittmeyer responsible for the death of Eugene Seegraher, who died last Friday of injuries sustained in a quarrel with Dittmeyer in the Anheuser-Busch ice house. Dittmeyer struck Seegraher on the head with a box.

SENSATION AT CARTHAGE.

Arrest of Mrs. Gill of Sarcoxie and Dr. Stofer of Nebraska.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Oct. 8.—A decided sensation was caused in this city yesterday by the arrest of Mrs. Gill of Sarcoxie and Dr. Stofer of Nebraska, charged with illicit cohabitation.

Mrs. Gill is the wife of the leading druggist of Sarcoxie, is handsome, stylish, and has been a social leader there. She is the mother of several children and up to this time their home has been a happy one.

Dr. Stofer's wife is a sister of Mrs. Gill and the doctor has been in this vicinity for several weeks with a view to locating, and bringing his wife and children here. While visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gill, the doctor decided to come to Carthage to receive treatment for throat trouble and Mrs. Gill found her eyes troubling her so badly she decided to come too. They have been here since last Monday taking daily treatment from a massage doctor.

Mrs. Gill spent her nights at the home of her brother, George P. Cunningham, the real estate agent, but was with her brother-in-law, Dr. Stofer, almost constantly during the day and evening.

Dr. Stofer had a room in the Sennett flats. The doctor, it is said, referred to the woman as his wife, but the true facts being learned by families living in the flats, complaint was made and the pair arrested.

When arraigned in court Mrs. Gill gave her name as Ada B. Gill, but the doctor gave his as George B. Glover. Both were terribly excited and mortified over the arrest. They were released on $200 bail, Geo. P. Cunningham signing the bond. They departed for Sarcoxie on the evening train.

PANIC IN A THEATER.

Three Hundred Men and Boys Swore, Howled and Fought Towards the Door.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—A panic at Jacobs' Clark Street Theater followed the discovery of fire in an adjoining building last night. Nearly half the audience rushed from the theater and the remainder was thrown into confusion before it was discovered that no lives were in danger. The employes and police at the theater made every effort to prevent a panic and to assure the audience that the fire was in an adjoining building. But this had no effect upon the frightened men and women who were determined to get out at all hazards.

The greatest confusion attended the wild rush of those who were in the gallery. Three hundred men and boys were compactly crowded into the stairway leading into the street. They swore, howled and fought in their mad rush to break down the door. The effective and timely work of a policeman prevented their trampling each other to death. After several minutes' determined work with his club and voice the officer succeeded in clearing the door and stairway and getting the crowd under control.

A number of persons were seriously injured in the crush and several women were removed in a fainting condition, but none were fatally hurt.

CRAZY FROM COCAINE.

Frank Maxfield Stole Shoes to Buy the Drug.

Almost crazed with his craving for cocaine, Frank Maxfield, a cooper, aged 29 years, stole a pair of shoes from Hilts' and sold them to buy cocaine. Maxfield, at the time he took the shoes, had not eaten anything for forty-eight hours, yet his desire for cocaine was stronger than for food. He was arrested and taken to the Central Station. While he was in his cell he became delirious and was sent to the City Hospital. He has no home, but he told Dr. Heine Marks that before he began using the drug he had been married and lived in Burlington, Io.

Maxfield uses twelve grains of cocaine and five grains of morphine daily when he get that much. The habit has such a complete mastery over him that Dr. Marks was compelled to administer cocaine in small quantities to quiet him. He is one of the most confirmed "fiends" that Dr. Marks has ever seen, and there are little hopes of curing him of the habit.

A BRUTAL HUSBAND.

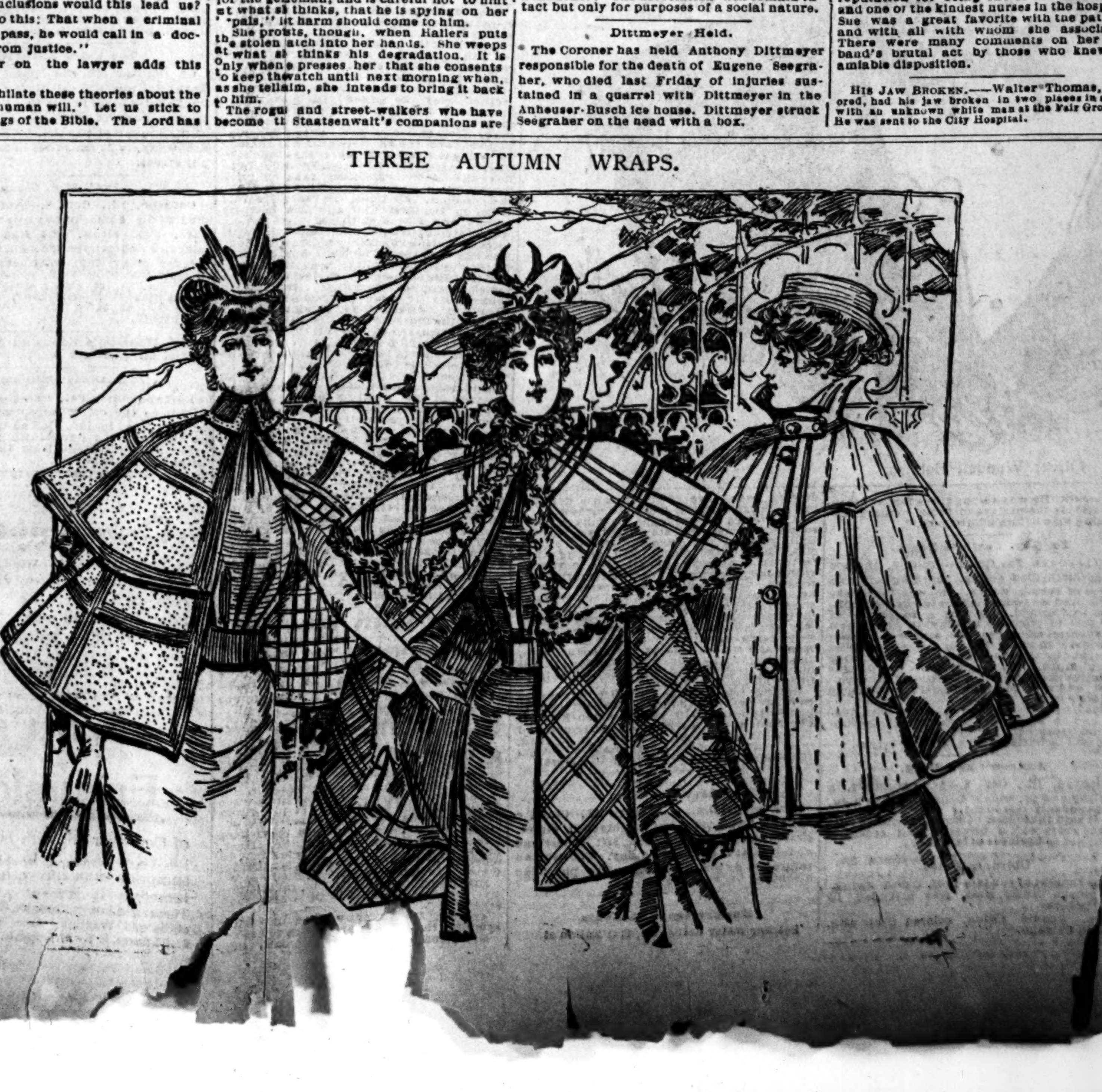
May Meyers Hit Over the Head With a Poker.

Crying bitterly and with the blood streaming from an ugly wound on her head, Mrs. Mary Meyers of 1420 South Twelfth street, who was formerly a nurse at the City Hospital, was admitted to the institution as a patient. One year ago she left her place there to get married. She said that her husband is addicted to the use of liquor immoderately and that he struck her on the head with a poker.

Mrs Meyers begged the receiving physician not to let Dr. Heine Marks see her because she was ashamed to let him know of the manner in which her husband treated her. She also avoided all the other nurses and left the institution just as soon as the wound had been dressed. She declared her intention to return to her husband and make another effort to induce him to reform. When she was a nurse at the hospital she acquired a reputation for being one of the most expert and one of the kindest nurses in the hospital. She was a great favorite with the patients and with all with whom she associated. There were many comments on her husband's brutal act by those who knew her amiable disposition.

HIS JAW BROKEN.—Walter Thomas, colored, had his jaw broken in two places in a fight with an unknown white man at the Fair Grounds. He was sent to the City Hospital.

THREE AUTUMN WRAPS.



GIRL S[illegible]

What it Costs [illegible] Europe's [illegible]

A PARTY OF FOUR CAN K[illegible] $1,000 A YEA[illegible]

What the Furnishings of [illegible] and the Rents Will Co[illegible] and Their Hire—The Co[illegible]

Special Correspondence of POST-DIS[illegible]

PARIS, Sept. 28.—The cost of liv[illegible] European art centers is a subject th[illegible] been much discussed and is a matter [illegible] varied experience. As a rule students ar[illegible] not rich; many, even most, are poor. To at[illegible]tempt living in a foreign country with [illegible] knowledge of the existing circumstances [illegible] to take serious risks—risks to health an[illegible] comfort and purse.

Take the case of students of painting, sculpture, violin, piano, harmony and composition, singing, medicine or those desirous of taking lectures at universities. Paris offers greater advantages in painting, sculpture and violin; Vienna in piano, harmony and composition. For the voice, Vienna has Brandt, Lucca and Materna, against Marchesi, La Grange and others in Paris. The University at Vienna offers all that does the Sorbonne in Paris, save that more formalities are at present needed in order to gain admittance to lectures for women at the former. In medical studies Vienna takes the lead. There is but one Leschetizky in the world, which makes Vienna superior [illegible] piano work.

Having chosen the city, make up the pa[illegible] Only through co-operation can a perso[illegible] housed, warmed and fed for the sum of [illegible] A party of four is a perfect number, [illegible] many reasons. But it is to be hoped that th[illegible] four do not follow the same line of work. For instance, pianos in a small apartment can not be multiplied.

Having made up the party and chose[illegible] between Paris and Vienna, the question o[illegible] cost of living is to be solved. It was the ric[illegible] and witty Tom Appleton who declared h[illegible] could easily dispense with the necessities o[illegible] life, but the luxuries he must have. It is not for such that these suggestions are made, but rather to help solve the problem of the poor fellow who made it a point of lying in bed until noon, as he found his expenses didn't begin till he got up.

To the student, the economy of postponing expenses of fuel, service and food until mid[illegible] day is impossible. She must be up betime[illegible] she must be fed well in order to work we[illegible] and she must be warm and comfortable.

It is generally believed that housekeepin[illegible] in Paris or Vienna costs much less than [illegible] New York or Boston. This is a question th[illegible] must be considered relatively. Many year[illegible] of experience have brought the writer to thi[illegible] summing up, namely, in European citie[illegible] luxuries are cheap and necessities are dea[illegible]

Under the head of "luxuries" may [illegible] placed rents (beyond a certain limit), se[illegible]vants, horses and carriages, wines, fanc[illegible] groceries and provisions, clothing (beyond certain limit), ornaments, jewels, theater[illegible] and operas (if one takes the best places). Both in Paris and Vienna all these may [illegible] had at much less cost than their equivale[illegible] in America.

The question of the apartment is first to [illegible] settled. There are plenty of apartme[illegible] they are always advertised at the e[illegible] gate. Expenditure for the item of re[illegible] need not exceed $200.

The cost of furnishing an apartm[illegible] not exceed $100. This includes a stove [illegible]sary only in Paris, which costs $20. [illegible] apiece, and at the end fully one-hal[illegible] back when the furniture is sold. T[illegible] expended thus:

Four divans, $6 each	[illegible]
Eight tables of various sizes	[illegible]
Four ordinary chairs, 50 cents apie[illegible]	[illegible]
Kitchen utensils, brooms, brushes	[illegible]
Toilet porcelain for bed-rooms	[illegible]
Stove	[illegible]
For extras, incidentals, etc	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

In Vienna all apartments are pro[illegible] very nice stoves of porcelain, w[illegible]ch good warmth at small cost. In Paris [illegible] finds only open fireplaces, totally inadeq[illegible] during the six cold months. Hence a [illegible]mander must be bought. This placed i[illegible] salon diffuses warmth throughout the a[illegible]ment. This stove costs $20 and is al[illegible]salable when it has served its uses. It [illegible] 10 cents a day for coal. Add 10 cents fo[illegible] kitchen and 10 for kindling wood and [illegible]hol. For the six months when fires [illegible] needed this amounts to $54. Allow $16 fo[illegible] other six months. The total is $70 fo[illegible] for the year.

A woman of all work comes and cle[illegible] the forenoon. She brings the marketi[illegible] the day, bought according to orders [illegible] the day before. She puts the apartme[illegible] order, cleans the hall, brushes the dr[illegible] cooks the midday meal, cleans the ki[illegible] and departs. From three to four hour[illegible]fices. One meal is expected to be [illegible]nished. This kind of service saves [illegible]ing up a room to a maid and furn[illegible] the same, also much expense in [illegible] fuel and lights is saved. A se[illegible] costs in Vienna $4 a month and 4 cents [illegible] pourbaire, and this servant expects to [illegible] family washing. But one must consid[illegible] fuel and materials necessary to acco[illegible] this and divide accordingly. In P[illegible] washing is ever done by house [illegible] their wages are higher, and mo[illegible] allowed for wine. In case a wo[illegible] by the hour the quartette mu[illegible] morning tea or coffee and [illegible] supper, supposing the midday [illegible] by the servant to be the family [illegible] the alcohol lamp makes trifling [illegible] these. The bread, milk or crea[illegible] butter are brought to one's d[illegible] morning. The supper can be c[illegible] chafing dish brought from Ameri[illegible] are scarce and expensive here.

As for lights, let the good A[illegible] suffice for the family in the [illegible] candles for bedroom uses. In [illegible] Vienna the best kerosene oil c[illegible] quart. The oil used in the lam[illegible] of candles amount to $25 for th[illegible]

Here is the schedule:

The pay for rent of apartment	[illegible]
For fees to concierge	[illegible]
For fuel, including alcohol	[illegible]
For lights	[illegible]

This leaves a balance of [illegible] of food.

Here is a specimen of a da[illegible]

FOR BREAKFAS[illegible]

Two eggs	[illegible]
Bread	[illegible]
Butter	[illegible]
Tea or coffee	[illegible]
Milk or cream	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

If preferred, oatmeal [illegible] for eggs. It is cheaper, [illegible] alcohol are required in th[illegible]

A dinner consisting of [illegible] potatoes or some other v[illegible] fruit and bread: Soup, [illegible] 10 cents; potatoes, 1 cen[illegible] cents; bread, 1 cent; to[illegible]

For supper an omelett[illegible] bread and butter, or th[illegible] 3 cents; eggs, 5 cents; [illegible] cents; total, 10 cents.

It is more difficult to [illegible] individual than for fou[illegible] four persons can be [illegible] abundant and varied [illegible] above items suggest. [illegible]erous allowance for th[illegible] persons. Afternoon t[illegible] a margin counted on [illegible] an occasional guest.

In comparing the [illegible] pension living that [illegible] would be forced to [illegible] hardly do justice to [illegible] a week—when fires [illegible] extra—procures dis[illegible] any fashion. Also [illegible] uncongenial perso[illegible] friendlessness in [illegible] foreign city.

MELVINA SLASH[illegible]

Joseph Jones and [illegible] Melvina Jones, [illegible] o'clock Sunday morn[illegible] Melvina cut Jo[illegible] and in the [illegible] head. She [illegible] dressed at the C[illegible]

Mo[illegible]

[illegible]

TAKES.

...Byron McClelland's ...t, The Commoner.

...r Second, With Phœbus, a ...ng-Shot, Third.

...ER A SURPRISE IN THE SERIAL HANDICAP.

...Roche, Equal Favorite With Glenmoyne, Did Not Even Show—Johnnie McCafferty's Tom Harding Defeated by Silvie—Opening Day at Oakley—Favorites Finish in the Ruck at East St. Louis.

MORRIS PARK, N. Y., Oct. 8.—Byron McClelland's good 2-year-old, The Commoner, won the Essex stakes at this track to-day by one length from Counter Tenor, who defeated the 60 to 1 shot, Phœbus, for the place. Dalabra, the favorite, backed from 6 to 2 down to 8 to 5, finished unplaced. Counter Tenor and Olly Gamia alternated in the lead for the first half, when The Commoner came to the first and was never after headed, winning easily. Dalabra was never in the hunt, to the astonishment of his numerous backers.

Roche and Glenmoyne were equal favorites at 2 to 1 for the Serial handicap, but the winner turned up unexpectedly in the 6 to 1 shot, Sir Walter, who galloped home first by two lengths in the fast time of 1:39¾. Glenmoyne defeated the Dwyer gelding, Banquet, for second money and Roche finished in the ruck.

Johnnie McCafferty's well-known campaigner, Tom Harding, carried most of the money in the first race, but the second choice, Silvie, defeated him easily by three lengths. Phil Dwyer's consistent 2-year-old Kennel took the second event handily by a length. Tinge defeated the May Day filly for the place in a drive by half a length. Weather clear and track fast. Summaries:

First race, three-quarters of a mile—Silvie, (Griffin), 7 to 5, first by three lengths; Tom Harding, 104 (Reiff), 6 to 5, second; Ed ...arney, 117 (Midgley), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:13¼.

Second race, three-quarters of a mile—Kennel 118 (Sims), even, first by a length; Tinge 102 (Lamley), 8 to 1, second; May Day ...ly 94 (A. Clayton), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:13¾.

Third race, Essex stakes, three-quarters of a mile—The Commoner 118 (A. Clayton), 8 to 1, first; Counter Tenor 118 (Taral), 4 to 1, second; Phœbus 111 (Littlefield), 60 to 1, third. Time, 1:14¼.

Fourth race, Serial handicap, one mile—Sir Walter 118 (Doggett), 6 to 1, first; Glenmoyne 118 (Taral), 2 to 1, second; Banquet (Sims), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:39¾.

Fifth race, one mile—Beldemere 110 (Sims), ... in betting, first under a pull by one length; Baroness 99 (A. Clayton), 1 to 2, second; ...esome 90 (R. Doggett), 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:42¼.

...race, three-fourths of a mile—Old ... 94 (A. Clayton), 7 to 2, first by one ...; ...sonawell 109 (Sims), even, second; ... (Reiff), 9 to 1, third. Time, 1:12¾.

AT EAST ST. LOUIS.

...es Finish in the Ruck in the Opening Races.

...TRACK, EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., Oct. 8.—...r clear, track good. Summaries:

...race, eleven-sixteenths of a mile—...ht 107 (Arnold), 8 to 1, first by half a ...ridden out; One Dime 110 (Tonsall), second; Republic 105½ (C. Hueston), third. Time, 1:14¼. Yosemite, favorite, finished unplaced.

...race, 2-year-olds, three-quarters of ...; ...ros Lyon 115 (Delong), 10 to 1, ...a nose, driving; Trifle 105 (McIntyre), second; Flakewood 115 (Ross), 4 to 1, ... Time, 1:24. Doyle was favorite at 2 ... finished unplaced.

...race, thirteen-sixteenths of a mile—... 124 (Hinkey), 2 to 1, first by two ...; Alope... 94 (Hinrichs), 2 to ...; ...eorg... 97 (Box), 10 to 1, ... Time, 1:...

...h race, ...ile—Estella 94 (Hin..., 5 to 2, first by one length; The ... 92 (...) 20 to 1, second; Fon ... 110 (Elli...), ...to 5, third. Time, 1:50.

AT HARLEM.

...n's Colt Gus Straus Wins the 2-Year-Old Event.

...TRACK, CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—Weath...y. Track fast. Summaries:

...ace, three-quarters of a mile—Irish ... (McCulp), 6 to 1, first by a head; ... 107 (Irving), 20 to 1, second; The ... 107 (Berger), 25 to 1, third. Time ...

...race, 2-year-olds, five furlongs—Gus ... (... Carr), 2 to 1, first by a length; ... (Irving), 8 to 1, second; Black ...(...ann), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:02¼.

...ace, one and one-eighth miles, 4-... and upwards—Ingomar 97 (Isom), 6 ... by half a length; Cicely 108 (F. ...), ...to 1, second; Bessie Bisland 97 ... to 1, third. Time, 1:55.

AT OAKLEY.

Successful in a Close Finish With Ellsworth.

...v., Oct. 8.—Weather clear, track ...

...e furlongs—Lizzetta 109 (Mar...) first by a head; Ellsworth 86 ... to 1, second; Darevela 109 ..., third. Time, 1:01.

...seven-eighths of a mile—...(Perkins), 2 to 1, first by two ... 104 (H. Williams), 20 to 1, ... 109 (Overton), 10 to 1, third.

...mile—Ida Pickwick 109 ...st by one length; St. Max... to 1, second; Breadoo 77 ... 1, third. Time, 1:40½.

... 2-year-olds, five furlongs—Katherine, first; ...nd. ...t. Time, 1:07¼.

...NIA STAKE.

...in Straight Heats—...s Distanced.

... 8.—The first heat of ...ia stake was won by ...oice, Azote. Trevilian ...hird. The favorite, ...anced. Time, 2:08¾. ... second heat at 50 to ... Dan Cupid second, ...e, 2:09¼. The third ...d by Azote. Time, ...

...ONDSMEN.

...to Recover on ...ond.

...suit in the Cir... H. Gleason, prin... $25,000 bond, ex...e rent notes for ... having leased ... corner of Pine ...nine years, with ...ithin five years a ...ist got judgment ...ayments having ...ks for a writ of ...h interest to ...

...t. ...dge With... ...and San... ...Vaters and ...r Invest...

TEMPLE CUP SERIES.

AT NEW YORK.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			R	H	E
New York.	1	0	1	3	5	1	5	0	X			16	20	5
Baltimore..	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	X			3	9	4

Batteries: New York—Meekin and Farrell. Baltimore—Hawke and Robinson. Umpires—Emslie and Hurst. Weather cloudy.
Gleason began to pitch for Baltimore in the fifth inning.

CHEAPENED CHAMPIONS.

The Baltimores Belittled by Their Poor Showing Against the Giants.

The Giants' three straight victories over the Orioles in the Temple cup series have done much to cheapen and belittle the League champions of 1894, for such Hanlon's men will be even if they do not win a single game from New York. Many



The Giant and the Oriole.

cranks, who honestly believed that the Orioles won the pennant on their merits, will now regard their success as a fluke. The New York cranks will be more confirmed in the opinion that the Giants would have finished first had it not been for the poor start they made.

New York's walk-over has proven that the national game is as honest as magnates and players can make it. By collusion the Giants and Orioles could have taken turn about in winning and greatly increased the receipts. Instead of doing this, the prospects are that the players' honesty will seriously affect their pockets for if the New Yorks win to-day's game the other three will be abandoned and thousands of dollars will be thus virtually lost.

THE COUNTY TOUR.

Fall Outing of the Wheelmen a Grand Success.

Two hundred and fifty riders started on the fall county tour yesterday with Grand Marshal C. C. Hilderbrand and M. J. Gilbert and E. N. Sanders as pacemakers. The clubs taking part and their quotas were as follows: St. Louis Cycling Club, Capt. E. J. Rotty, twenty-five men; South Side Cycling Club, Capt. Ernest Willis, 25 men; Crescent Cycling Club, Capt. Charles Golterman, 15 men; Pastime Bicycle Division, Capt. David York, 12 men; Victor Bicycle Club, Capt. L. V. Stevens, 81 men; unattached wheelmen, Capt. H. C. Dreilling. They rode to Schoenlau's Grove, where addresses were delivered by Mayor Walbridge and other city officials. Chief Consul Robert Holm was presented with a handsome cigar case by the Associated Cycling Clubs. Games were contested during the afternoon. Only 150 riders registered at the grove. There were but few accidents, and none of a serious nature.

Next Saturday has been designated as Wheelman's Day at the Exposition, and the cyclists have determined to make it a grand success. Wheels will be stored in the basement, and every rider is expected to appear in cycling dress.

Miss Mosenthein Won.

The quarter-mile sculling match in the POST-DISPATCH Lake at Forest Park between Rose Mosenthein of this city and Tillie Ashley of Hartford, Conn., was won by Miss Mosenthein. Her time was 1m. 43s. Miss Ashley mistook the course and to this she attributes her defeat. They raced almost on even terms for 200 yards. E. N. Atherton, Miss Ashley's manager, finished ahead of Ferd Koenig, the champion amateur sculler of America, in a quarter-mile dash. The races were witnessed by 25,000 people.

Sporting Notes.

"Pete Berlo, the professional cyclist, is dangerously ill at his home in Massachusetts. His phisicians say that he may never recover.

The Canadian Wheelmen's Association has decided to make application for the international championship bicycle races for 1895.

George F. Taylor, the ex-holder of the one mile bicycle record, has announced his permanent retirement from cycle racing. He will practice medicine after completing a course of study at the University of Pennsylvania.

A. H. Bogardus and J. T. Irwin will shoot a live bird match at Sportsman's Park to-day.

J. A. Weaver yesterday broke Bert Harding's record of the ride to De Soto and back, making the trip, a total of ninety-four miles, in nine hours, a reduction of twenty-five minutes. The actual riding time was 7h. 20m. Weaver climbed all the hills on the way down, despite the strong wind prevailing. On the return trip he climbed all the hills but Frisco and Kimswick.

RESISTED THE POLICE.

Officers Have Difficulty in Arresting Joseph Meyer.

Joseph Meyer while intoxicated hit his wife over the head with a chair at 1 p. m. at their home, 1420 South 13th street. When Officer Humbrecht attempted to arrest him an hour later in the rear of Meyer's Brass Foundry, 1407 South Thirteenth street, a crowd of toughs interfered. Emil Meyer, a son, locked Officer Billmeyer, who came to his assistance, in a room. Both Meyers were arrested after a struggle.

BONDS MISSING.

Disappear From the Treasury of the Chicago & Northern Pacific.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The Committee on Reorganization of the Chicago & Northern Pacific Railway has discovered that $2,500,000 of the company's bonds of the value of $1,000,000 have disappeared from the treasury of the company. The committee has also discovered that some of the securities have been put up as extra margins in loans made by the Northern Pacific Co. Members of the committee would not say whether the bonds had been mislaid or lost, or what had become of them.

Boy Shot and Killed.

MORRISONVILLE, Ill., Oct. 8.—Henry Miller, a butcher of this place, accidently shot and killed the 11-year-old son of Henry Rider, yesterday evening, five miles east of town. The shot was from a Winchester and almost blew the boy's head off.

Attempted Suicide.

Michael Monday, in a fit of depression, following a spree, attempted to commit suicide Sunday morning by jumping from a second-story window at his home, 2100 Gratiot street. When too late he changed his mind and endeavored to prevent his fall. His head struck the window sill and he hurt his feet ... back when he reached the ground fifteen feet below. At the Dispensary his injuries were pronounced slight.

SCHRIEBER BRANCHING OUT.

He May Control the Hamline Betting Ring Next Season.

Barney Schrieber, the St. Louis bookmaker and horse owner, may control the betting ring at the Hamline track next season. Several well-known St. Paul and Minneapolis business men interested in the Twin City Jockey Club have opened negotiations with Schrieber, who will lease the betting ring at Hamline if he can see his way clear to make some money out of the investment. The papers pertaining to the deal have been ready for several weeks and only need the signature of Schrieber to close the contract, at least so says one of Schrieber's friends. Last spring Schrieber was seriously thinking of bidding for the Fair Grounds betting privileges, and only decided not to do so at the last minute. If he should enter the field next year some lively bidding may be expected.

• • •

Here are Henry Watterson's views of the Hankins-Clark episode at Harlem: "Certainly the Hankins people have made a great, perhaps a fatal mistake. All there was to them and their enterprise was contributed by the character of Col. Clark. To his known courage and integrity they owed every particle of success they had. If they had possessed the sense to realize this he would have made their fortune for them. But, gambler-like, they wanted to rip open the goose that laid the golden eggs. Col. Clark would not let them, and hence the henceness and thus the thusness."

Down in the Blue Grass region there will be columns of double-leaded editorials, all in favor of Col. Clark and none of them complimentary to Joe Murphy. However, the work in a judges' stand is not so remarkably hard as many would have the public believe. The principal requisites are backbone and honesty, and these Mr. Murphy possesses.

• • •

According to a Cincinnati paper, the white boys riding at the Latonia and Oakley tracks assert that there is a sort of a trust among the colored knights of the pigskin to keep the white boys from winning. Speaking on the subject, one well-known white boy is quoted as follows: "There is no show here for a white boy to win. The colored boys are banded together to keep us from getting to the front. If they can't win themselves, they will not pull out to let us through, but will do it for one of their own color."

• • •

Col. Jack Chinn and his crack 2-year-old Lissak are both turned out on the Leonatus Stock Farm near Harrodsburg, Ky. Col. Jack will be taken up for a campaign at San Francisco this winter, but Lissak will continue to take things easy until next spring when he will be prepared for the valuable 3-year-old stakes in which he is entered. Lissak was the principal breadwinner of the Kentucky stable this season, and his owner is confident the colt will develop into one of the crack 3-year-olds of 1895. Ingomar, Genett, Edwards and the rest of the horses China took East with him last summer are now at Hawthorne. The lightweight jockey, Isom also came back with the stable.

STAUER'S PROPOSITION.

Anxious to Match Onoqua Against 3-Year-Old Colts.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 8.—S. P. Staner, owner of the fast 3-year-old filly Onoqua, 2:11¾, has sent the following communication to Tom J. Landrum, Secretary of the Louisville Fair and Driving Association:

"I am willing to trot my 3-year old filly Onoqua in a race with any four 3-year-old colts, the race to take place during your meeting; $500 entrance, the association to add $500; money divided 60 per cent to first, 25 to second, and 15 to third; the race to be three in five, mile heats, records no bar." As there are a great many fast 3-year-olds out this season, it is believed this will develop into a great race.

FOURNIL A FREE LANCE.

The French Billiard Expert Attracting Much Attention in America.

Fournil, the French billiard expert, who has come to the United States as a free lance ready to take on any of the American cue-artists, is attracting considerable attention in the billiard world. The outcome of matches between him and Ives or him and Schaefer will be awaited with interest. Fournil added considerable to his reputation by defeating Vignaux, the French champion, in sixteen out of twenty games at 14-inch balkline. In seven of these games he averaged over 150 on a 5x10 table, the games being 300 and 400 points alternately. Fournil also has an average record of 42 in a 1,500-point game with Cure. He is tall and dark complexioned, and speaks a very little English. In manner he is very nervous, although affable. In his playing he has a quick and nervous stroke, his chief points being his skill in a long-bridge, and close nursing at balkline, also the spread draw and masse. His 14-inch nurse carroming is said to be the perfection of techaical science.

Ives has challenged the French expert for a match at 14-inch balk line billiards, five or six nights, 600 points a night, for from $1,000 to $5,000 a side, to be played in New York City within thirty days in a public hall, and the winner to take all of the gate receipts and pay all expenses. The players to toss for choice of tables. The challenge will probably be accepted.

THE PASTIME'S POSITION.

President Laughlin Glad His Club Has Been Dropped.

Julian Laughlin, President of the Pastime Athletic Club, said this morning in discussing the action of the Associated Cycling Clubs in dropping the bicycle Division of his organization.

"Personally, I am very glad that the Associated Cycling Clubs have placed themselves on record. Our members will now be convinced of their hostility to the Pastime Athletic Club. The statement that we have no bicycle club is false for we have a L. A. W. charter. It seems laughable that three small clubs should wage war on a club which has a membership slightly exceeding one-third of all the riders in the State.

"Our main object was to have the $600 in the Associated Club's treasury divided, so that it would not be available to fight us. I am sure that now that it has been parceled out among them, that it will soon be spent. We had no notice of Saturday night's meeting and the whole preceeding was cut and dried. I do not know whether the Associated Cycling Clubs will be allowed to use our track. That is a matter for the Board of Directors to pass on, should an application be made."

Palo Alto Trotters.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 8.—Forty-seven trotters from the Palo Alto Stock Farm, owned by the Stanford estate, will be shipped East next week to be sold at auction in New York. The lot includes some of the best bred animals that the farm has produced and among the number are Day Bell, a half-brother to Abdelnan Truman, a speedy son of Electioneer.

Lacrosse at Forest Park.

The game yesterday morning between two picked teams of the St. Louis Lacrosse Club, was won by Mr. Deroche's team by a score of 6 goals, to 3 for Mr. Walsh's men. A few changes to strengthen both teams will be made for next Sunday morning's game.

E. S. Rowse's Funeral.

The funeral of the late Edward S. Rowse, the well-known real estate man, who died at 8 a. m. Sunday at his home, 10 Benton place, will take place Tuesday, at 2 p. m., from the Church of the Unity, Armstrong and Park avenues. The remains will be cremated. Mr. Rowse's death, after an illness of about six months, was due to starvation, he being unable to assimilate any food, owing to a complication of stomach troub...

WON THE CUP.

The Orioles Badly Beaten in the Fourth Game.

Both Hawke and Gleason Marks for the Giants.

JENNINGS AND VAN HALTREN INJURED IN A COLLISION.

Both Players Compelled to Retire From the Game—The New York Fielder's Nose Probably Broken—Game Called in the Eighth Inning on Account of Darkness—Another Large Crowd.

POLO GROUNDS, NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The fourth game of the Temple cup series opened under skies as cloudy as the Orioles' hopes. Herman Vonderhorst, treasurer of the Baltimore Club, stood at the main gate within ear shot of the band, but in response to the sympathetic hope of a pretty Baltimore woman, that the pennant series might at least win one game, he said disconsolately:

"No, I expect to go back to Baltimore to-night."

When a POST-DISPATCH representative asked Ed Hanlon: "What time do you return to Baltimore?" The manager's eyes twinkled as he replied: "'Pon my honor, that's a saucy question. Why, Wednesday morning of course."

"Then you expect to rest?"

"Oh, no; we can win these two games."

As the players marched on the field preceded by a band they were well received by 12,000 cranks.

Hawke and Robinson for Baltimore and Meekin and Farrell for New York are the batteries. Emslie and Hurst are the umpires. The players in both teams are in their regular positions.

First inning—Kelley's base on balls, Fuller's failure to stop Keeler's slow grounder, Brothers' sacrifice, McGraw's scratch hit which fell safe between Fuller and Van Haltren, gave the Orioles two runs.

Hawke, whom the "fans" immediately christened "Lord Hawke," gave Burke his base on balls. Robinson stepped on the ball and Eddie scooted for second. Robbie threw over Jennings' head and Burke rushed to third. Reitz laid in and clasping Tiernan's puny hit touched first. On a passed ball Eddie Burke came in with an unearned run. Davis doubled to left. Doyle slapped one into McGraw's hands. Davis feinted and then dashed to third, McGraw throwing the ball to Brothers; on a close decision Doyle was called out. Ward raised a little fly which Robinson captured. One run.

Second inning—Fuller threw Jennings out at first. Robbie cracked out a safe one to left. Hawke struck at a high ball, which Farrell could not stop, and Robbie went to second. Hawke struck out. Kelly put a bounder over second, and was safe, Robbie going to third. Keeler swung a line fly which Burke took in and gobbled. No runs.

Van Haltren, who was presented with a beautiful silver encrusted bat when he came to bat, doubled to right. Fuller hit what looked like a safe one to right. Van rushed to third, but Keeler caught the ball on the fly and doubled Van up a second. Farrell fouled out to McGraw, who was magnanimously applauded for the catch. No runs.

Third inning—Burke caught Brothers' fly. Dave made a good stop of McGraw's hit, but threw wild to first and McGraw went to third. Fuller seized Brodie's daisy cutter, and holding McGraw on third threw the batter out. Ward made a pretty pick-up of Reitz' hit and tossed it to first, but Hurst declared the runner safe, McGraw tallying. On a dropped strike Reitz went to second. Fuller backed off and gathered in Jennings' fly. One run.

Meekin sent a grounder between Jennings and Reitz. Burke gave Robbie an easy foul. Tiernan lined a safe one to right, advancing Meekin a base. Davis hit to Jennings, which forced Mike, but Davis was declared safe on a close decision. Meekin tallied on Doyle's error to McGraw, but Davis foolishly tried to come in and was easily thrown out. One run.

Fourth innin—Robinson singled but was caught stealing second after Hwke had struck out and Kelly flied out. No runs.

Ward flied out to McGraw, but singles by Van Haltren, Fuller Farrell and Metin's bunt and Burke's fly to Brodie, gave the Giants three runs and the lead.

Fifth inning—Keeler walked to first on balls. Brouthers flied to Fuller and Burke. Brodie got his base on balls. Reitz drove one at Doyle, who put him out unassisted. No runs.

Kid Gleason went into the box for the Orioles. The crowd has grown to 15,000. Davis slipped away when Gleason put his fourth wild ball across the diamond, and as Robbie missed it he dashed to second, and on a clever slide got there safely, when Doyle cracked a double to left, Davis scoring. Wal banged one at Jennings, who threw Doyle out at third. Van followed with four balls and Ward strolled to second. Fuller slapped one to right, which Keller overran and then vainly threw to second. Ward scored and Van was safe at second. Farrell beat what looked like a foul to left. Kelly dropped it and Van crossed the plate an instant before Kelly's throw to Robbie. Fuller was now on third, Farrell on second. Meekin made his third hit scoring both Fuller and Farrell, and the crowd went frantic crying "take out the kid." Burke forced Meekin at second. Tiernan sent out Reitz to Brothers. Five runs.

Sixth inning—The rooters went wild when the Orioles were retired without a run.

Davis flied to right. Doyle jammed one through Jennings and at once stole second and recklessly stole third, McGraw dropping the throw. Ward sent out Reitz to Brouthers, Doyle scoring. Van dashed for second and collided with Jennings, who knocked Van down in putting him out. Jennings sustained a cut over the eye, which retired Jennings from the game. Van's front teeth suffered severely and he was escorted to the bench, whence Wilson helped him to the club-house. Ward said he did not know whether the nose was broken or not, but it was mashed all on one side. One run.

Little Murphy took Van Haltren's place.

Seventh inning—Bonner succeed Jennings at short. The Orioles were again blanked.

Singles by Farrell and Burke, the latter's steal, Tiernan's base on balls and gift to Davis, which forced Farrell home, singles by Doyle and Ward, McGraw's failure to stop Brodie's throw resulted in five more runs for the Giants.

Eighth inning—Hanlon's men again failed to add to their score. Fuller slapped one at Brouthers, who batted it with his glove to Reitz. Rietz fumbled it, and nobody covered the bag. Frell got four balls. Fuller was caught off second, Robinson to Bonner. Meekin flied to center and Emslie, with Hurst's approval, called the game on account of darkness.

Resisted Arrest.

Michael Miskel, a young man about ... years old, put in an appearance at the merry-go-round at 2610 North Ninth street with his clothing only partly concealing his person. Private Watchman Bolger, who is employed to preserve the peace on the premises, ordered Miskel away, whereupon the latter ... him down. Watchman Bolger ... under arrest ... he ... regal... mad... perat... uad... sary fo... clu... prisoner ... wo... Miskel's ... ity ... sary, af... op... with ex... ting

FITZ SHOULD WIN.

Jack McAuliffe Thinks the Middle-weight Will Defeat Corbett.

JIM HAS NEVER RELISHED THE IDEA OF MEETING "LANKY" BOB.

At 10 to 7 on Corbett the Lightweight Will Back Fitzsimmons—New York's Victories Over Baltimore Cheapen the Champions—Fournil, the French Billiard Expert, Attracting Much Attention in America—Sporting Notes.

Among those who believe that Fitzsimmons will defeat Corbett is Jack McAuliffe, the lightweight champion.

"If they fight," said McAuliffe' "and I am afraid they won't, I will have a good bet down on Fitz, if I can get 10 to 7 for my money. Fitz is a dangerous fellow, being just as clever as Corbett, and I believe that he can hit a much harder blow. Corbett will probably try to rush him at the start, but after Fitz lands a couple of good blows Jim will keep away. Corbett has frequently said that if he could not win a fight he always fought for a draw, and got it. That's exactly what he will try and do with Fitz, but the latter may succeed in landing a knockout blow.

"It will be a great fight, and I would not miss it for a fortune. But I tell you candidly, I don't think Corbett wants to fight. I speak from my knowledge of the man, and because of something that happened a few years ago. At the time I speak of, Otto Flotto was managing Corbett, and he thought money could be made by arranging a limited bout between James J. and Fitzsimmons. He talked to Fitz about it, and he accepted. Corbett was in New York at the time, if I remember correctly, and Flotto wired him of Fitz' acceptance. Jim's answer came at once and was: 'Not on your life.' Corbett has never relished the idea of meeting Fitzsimmons. He believes the lanky fellow to be a great fighter, and that's the reasen I have my misgivings about the match. Corbett's plan of putting the fight off until July adds to this impression. It is terribly hot in New Orleans then, and but few people would care to take the trip. And I hardly think the Olympic Club will care to guarantee a purse of $25,000 to fight for in that month. If Corbett really wants to fight Fitz he should agree to meet him in February, when he knows the contest can surely take place."

JULY TOO LATE.

The Date Set by Champion Corbett Doesn't Suit Fitz.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 8.—Fitzsimmons arrived here and talked freely of his controversy with Corbett, whom he is to meet in New York on Thursday with reference to the proposed fight. When asked if the date in July, as set by Corbett, suited him Bob said:

"No, that will not do for several reasons. In the first place there are others to be considered besides Mr. Corbett. What about the club? They must have some protection. No one could or would afford to put up a purse of $25,000 except at a time when they see a way in which to make it back again. The purse has already been offered, but July would be a very late date for New Orleans, and the club could not give such an amount, as they could not get it in at the gate. It is for them to set the date and not Mr. Corbett, and he must make his arrangements accordingly. Just what he may do in this matter I cannot say, but I will not agree to any such indefinite postponement as after the first of July. That may mean at any time, or no time, just as it suits Mr. Brady. Why he set such a late day I am at a loss to know. He certainly is not booked up to then, and could make it earlier had he desired."

• • •

Harry McInerny, who writes pugilism at New Orleans over the nom de plume of "Bantam," has succeeded in his efforts to have professional pugilists barred from the privileges of the Young Men's Gymnastic Club, the swell athletic organization of the Crescent City. Bob Fitzsimmons trained at the gymnastic club for his recent fight with Dan Creedon. His daily presence at the club was not relished by the aristocratic members of the institution, who didn't fancy coming into contact with him personally. When "Bantam" took up their fight and urged through his column that pugilists should be barred from the club, Fitz became highly indignant, and a collision between the writer and fighter was narrowly averted. Fitz claims that Bantam first introduced fighters in the club, but this is vigorously denied by the newspaperman. "Bantam" or McInerny is a candidate for Mayor of New Orleans, and Fitz's friends say that his movement to have the fighters barred from the gymnastic club was due to the fact that he wanted to curry favor with the aristocratic and anti-prize-fighting element in the city. It is certain, however, that the next time Fitz trains for a fight in New Orleans he won't do so in the Young Men's Gymnastic Club.

• • •

When Charley Daly, the local pugilist, went to New Orleans to witness the recent pugilistic carnival, he didn't fancy paying to see the fight, and managed to secure a ticket of admission to the press row, reserved exclusively for newspaper men. Charley's appearance is not that of a newspaper writer, and when he struck the gatekeeper to the press row in the Olympic Club arena that official expressed his doubts as to Daly's having newspaper connections.

"Perhaps you are in charge of the newsboys or bouncer for the editor-in-chief," said the gatekeeper as he looked at the ticket and then surveyed the redoubtable Charley.

"No, sir; you're mistaken in each guess. I am the editor of sports for the '*War Cry*,'" was Daly's laconic reply.

As can be imagined Charley's statement floored the gatekeeper, who ushered the masquerading "newspaper man" to his seat without further delay.

• • •

Jack Everhardt, the New Orleans lightweight whose two contests with Stanton Abbott have given him sudden fame, is said to be much inflated over himself, and has decided to make a book on the races in Texas. Everhardt got $1,800 as his share of the Abbott contests, and after the last match fell out with his manager, Ed Wallace. The latter was given $60 for his share of the money.

IN ONE INNING.

Lord Hawke's Eleven Defeated the Massachusetts Cricketers.

LOWELL, Mass., Oct. 8.—The cricket match between Lord Hawke's eleven and All Massachusetts finished in favor of Lord Hawke's team by one inning. The All-Massachusetts scored 58 in the first and 104 in the second, while Hawke's team scored 176 in one inning.

Tammany's Conference.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—There was a conference of Tammany Chieftains in the Fourteenth street wigwam. At its conclusion Mayor Gilroy said: "The sentiment expressed at the meeting was that the paramount thing is to achieve the success of the State ricket."

Missourians at the Capital.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 8.—Missourians are registered in Washington as follows: Williard, W. Williams, M. Eccles, St. Louis; Mr. and Mrs. D. O. Ruger, Shoreham, Mr. H. W. Hibbard and wife.

Hill's Opening Speech.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Oct. 8.—It is announced to-day that Senator Hill will open the campaign with a speech in this city on Thursday evening of this week.

Granted a Divorce.

Jennie M. Fath obtained a divorce ...scar Fath in Judge Valliant's Co... ...d desertion.

RECIPROCITY ENDS.

Official Notification to Guatemala From the United States.

NO DISCRIMINATION CONTEMPLATED AS A RESULT OF THE CHANGE.

Guatemala Will Merely Re-establish Her Old Duties Against This Country—How the Change Will Affect Barbed Wire and Farm Implements—Guatemala Is Hurt by the Sugar Duty.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 8.—Minister Ariaga of Guatemala has been officially advised by the State Department here that the new tariff law terminates the reciprocity treaty between the United States and Guatemala, and has transmitted the notification to his Government. He has not as yet received any directions as to the course Guatemala will pursue. He says, however, that no protest or other step, similar to those taken by Spain, Germany and Brazil, is contemplated.

"There will be no discrimination against the United States as a result of the change," said Senor Ariaga. "Guatemala will merely re-establish her old duties as against the United States, which will place this country on the same footing with other countries. It is my personal opinion that the reciprocity treaty was very beneficial to both countries. Guatemala used immense quantities of barbed wire made here. It is chiefly an agricultural country, and the American barbed wire has come to be the only material used in fencing off the farms. It was admitted to Guatemala free under the reciprocity treaty, which greatly stimulated its use. Almost all the agricultural implements used in Guatemala were also brought from the United States, as they were made free of duty by the reciprocity treaty. Other classes of manufactured iron goods, such as railroad supplies, machinery, etc., were bought in large quantities by Guatemala under the reciprocity arrangement.

"On the other hand our country has been able to ship sugar in large quantities to the United States, as that article was admitted free of duty. Now, however, the new sugar duty of 40 per cent ad valorem amounts to an absolute prohibition against all shipments of sugar from Guatemala to the United States. This is the more marked from the fact that the United States admits Hawaiian sugar free of duty. While Guatemala is on the same footing as Brazil, Cuba and other sugar countries in having an American duty of 40 per cent against them, yet it and all the other Southern countries are at the disadvantage of having a sugar-producing competitor, Hawaii, which has free access to this country. But it is not for Guatemala or any other Southern country to do anything except acquiesce in the new American tariff.

"It should be borne in mind that it was the United States which inaugurated the reciprocity policy. It took the first steps and invited the Southern and Central American republics to enter into closer commercial arrangements. These countries reciprocated the kindly feeling and many of them entered into the arrangements which the United States proposed. The United States was therefore the moving power and if it now sees fit to terminate that policy it is not for the Southern countries to urge its continuance."

A Rebel Canard.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—The reports from Brazil that Minister Mendonca, who represents that country in this city, will be among the Brazilian Ministers to be given a change of station, is not credited in diplomatic circles here and is ascribed to the ill-will of the rebel element in Brazil toward Mr. Mendonca. The latter was very active during the recent rebellion in strengthening President Peixoto against Admiral Da Gama and the rebellious navy which menaced Rio de Janeiro for weeks. It was Mr. Mendonca who had one of the Red Line steamers of New York transferred into a dynamite cruiser called the Nictheroy, which proceeded to Rio and promised to cause consternation with its dynamite shells if the rebellion had not unexpectedly ended. For this and other vigorous steps against the rebels he incurred their bitter hostility, and the recent report of his probable recall is traced to the intrigues of this element, which has recently been taken back into citizenship.

Capital Notes.

Ambassador Patenotre of France, is visiting in Philadelphia, the guest of his father-in-law, Mr. Elverson.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 8.—Commandant Grand Prey, military attache of the French Embassy here, has returned from a trip through California and Alaska.

Mr. DeMelsey, Consul of the Austrian legation, will probably be assigned to a post in Europe when Chevalier de Tavar, the Austrian Minister, leaves for his post in Brazil next month.

Mr. Von Hegenmuller, the new Austrian minister to this country, will bring a bride to Washington when he arrives next month. She belongs to the Polish nobility, and the marriage with the Minister was a social event at Vienna during his recent visit there.

Mr. M. Y. Chung is the diplomat of the Chinese legation, whose thorough knowledge of English makes him the medium of communication between the legation and the press and public. Mr. Chung is a Yale graduate and a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon College fraternity. He is one of the first of the Chinese officials able to speak English without a trace of foreign accent.

ALCOHOL IN THE ARTS.

How Druggists Are Likely to Become Heavy Losers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 8.—The failure of Congress to provide the Secretary of the Treasury with a force to carry out the part of the tariff bill relating to alcohol used in the arts and providing for its exemption from internal revenue taxation leaves Mr. Carlisle no alternative other than to wait until Congress meets again to legislate upon this subject. It is well understand that Mr. Carlisle will ask that that part of the law be repealed. This will be a great hardship to all druggists and especially to those dealers who make a specialty of patent medicine.

Immediately before and since the passage of the bill making certain kinds of alcohol free, the retail trade stopped buying, except in the most limited manner, all proprietary medicines having alcohol in them. This was on the theory that as the Government was to allow a rebate for the amount of alcohol used in making medicines, they would get the benefit of the reduction in price which should necessary follow. The jobbers rapidly became overstocked with goods, but were not at all alarmed, as it was believed the Government would refund them the taxes paid on the alcohol which they had to use.

Now all is uncertainty. The Secretary will not allow the rebate because he has found no regulations. The druggists and wholesale dealers can make no claim for a refund of tax, as the law makes it a misdemeanor for them to strip stamps on tax paid goods, and they can furnish evidence in no other way. The Treasury Department will consider no claims for rebate until Congress has decided the question, and as the House has already passed a bill for the repeal of this part of the tariff law. It is evident that the drug business will get no relief. In the meantime, however, all will be uncertainty and confusion.

Northern Pacific Hearing.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—Judge Jenkins of the United States Court, presided to-day in the continued hearing of the application of the Northern Pacific receiver for leave to issue $5,000,000 of receivers' certificates. Henry Payne, one of the receivers, was present with ex-Senator Spooner of Wisconsin. M. H. Cordozo of New York, for the second mortgage bondholders, opposed the issue, claiming that it was unjust to the second and third mortgage bond holders. Attorneys for the receivers followed with arguments for the applic...

M'KINLEY AT DULUTH.

Will Again Pay His Respects to Congressman Wilson This Evening.

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 8.—Gov. McKinley left St. Paul last night and reached Duluth early this morning. He was accompanied from St. Paul by Chairman Tams Bixby and Secretary Harry Richardson, Secretary Republican State Committee, and Mayor Ray T. Lewis of Duluth. After breakfast at the Kitchie Gammi Club the Governor visited the High School, where he spoke briefly to the 1,200 or 1,500 students, and afterward received callers at the Spalding Hotel.

There will be a large audience this afternoon at the Carbarn, where he is to speak, excursions being run in from all the country around. It is likely that he will again pay his respects to Congressman Wilson, who has criticised his strictures on the author of the new tariff bill.

Marshal Say Shot.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Io., Oct. 8.—Otto Ray, United States Marshal Bradly's deputy at Ottumwa, was shot about 8 o'clock this morning at Albia, after arresting George Johnson for bootlegging. Johnson had boasted that any man who took him would be likely to get shot. Ray was taking him from the hotel to the depot to bring him to Council Bluffs for trial when one of Johnson's pals shot the officer in the back.

Death of Mrs. Jane Payne.

CHENOA, Ill., Oct. 8.—Mrs. Jane Payne died yesterday, aged 84 years. She was born in Chester County, Pennsylvania, and was among the first settlers in this city, coming here in 1855. She was twice married. Her daughter, Mr. T. C. Carlisle, with whom she has lived for thirty years, is the only surviving relative. She was a member of the Presbyterian Church sixty-five years. The funeral took place to-day, Rev. M. M. Travis officiating.

Damage Suit Dismissed.

Fred Escher's suit for $10,000 damages brought in October, 1893, against the St. Louis & Mississippi Valley Transportation Co., was dismissed by Judge Withrow for failure to prosecute.

Assault to Kill.

A warrant was issued against Dave Morris, colored, charging him with assault to kill on Joseph Neal of 519 Spruce street.

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Steady: Sales, 642 bales. Receipts to-day, 4,418 bales; since Sept 1, 24,948 bales; shipments to-day, 4,223 bales; since Sept 1, 32,811 bales; stock, 10,072 bales. Quotations—Ordinary, 4⅝c; good ordinary, 5¼c; low middling, 5½c; middling, 5¾c; good middling, 6c; middling fair, 6¼c.

NEW YORK—Spot steady; middling 6¼c. Future closed quiet. Sales, — bales.

Reported by Lesser Cotton Co.:

	Closed Saturday.	Highest Sale.	Lowest Sale.	Closed Monday.
October......	5.90	5.90	5.86	6.86
November....	5.94	6.00	5.88	6.92-93
December......	6.01	6.07	5.95	5.99-6
January	6.07	6.14	6.01	6.05-06
February	6.13	6.22	6.08	6.11-12
March........	6.19	6.26	6.14	6.17-18
April........	6.25	6.30	6.21	6.23-24
May..........	6.31	6.37	6.26	6.29-30
June..........	6.37	6.43	6.33	

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 8, 1894.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Amer. Tob., com	101	101	100	100
Amer. Tob., pfd				
Atchison	6⅛	6⅛	6	6
Balt. & Ohio				
Canada Southern				
Ches. & Ohio. com				
Canadian Pacific	66½	166½	166⅜	66⅜
Central New Jersey				
Chicago & Alton com				
Chicago Gas Trust	74¼	74½	73¼	73¼
C., C., C. & St. L.	39⅜	39⅜	39	39
Chic., R. I. & Pac	60¾	60¾	59⅛	59⅜
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	74¼	74¼	73¼	73¼
Chic., M. & St. P., com.	62⅞	62⅞	62⅛	62¼
Chic., M. & St. P. pfd				
Chi. & N. W. Com	103⅞	104	103	103½
Col. Fuel & Iron				
Cotton Oil Com.	31⅛			31⅛
Cotton Oil Com. pfd	75	75⅛	75	75⅛
Del., Lack. & W	168¼			168¼
Delaware & Hudson				
Edisen Gen	38½	38⅞	38¼	38⅜
Erie com				
Erie prefd				
Erie 2ds				
Hocking Valley				
Illinois Central				
Laclede Gas, com				
Laclede Gas, pfd	74			74
Laclede Gas bonds	89			89
L. E. & W., com				
L. E. & W., pfd.				
Lake Shore	136⅝	136⅝	136½	136½
Louisville & Nashville.	54¾	54¾	54¼	54¼
Lead, com.				
Lead pfd	86⅛	86⅛	185⅞	85⅞
Michigan Central				
Missouri Pacific	28⅝	28⅝	28	28⅛
Mo., K. & Tex. pfd				
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated	115¾	115⅞	114⅞	115¼
Manitoba				
Natl. Linseed Oil				
Natl. Cordage com.	13	13	12¾	12¾
Natl. Cordage pfd.	24	24	24	24
New York & New E.	30	31	30	30⅜
New York Central	100			100
N. Y. C. & St. L. com	15	15	14⅞	14⅞
N. Y. C. & St. L. pfd				
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pfd				
North America				
Northern Pacific Com	4½	4½	4¼	4¼
Northern Pacific pfd	18¾	18¾	18½	18½
Ohio Southern				
Ohio & Mississippi Com				
Ontario & Western.	16⅛			16⅛
Omaha, com				
Omaha, pfd				
Pacific Mail	15	16⅜	15	16½
Philadelphia & Reading.	20	20	18½	19⅛
Pullman Palace Car	159¼			159¼
Richmond Ter	18⅛	18½	18⅛	18⅛
Silver				
Sugar com	86	86	81¼	81¼
Sugar pfd	91½	91½	90	90
Tenn. Coal & Iron	18	18⅛	18	18⅛
Texas & Pacific	9⅜	9⅜	9½	9⅜
Union Pacific	12⅜	12½	12⅛	12⅛
U. S. Rubber, com				
U. S. Rubber, pfd	92	92⅛	92	92⅛
Wabash, St. L. & P.				
Wabash, S. T. & P., pfd				
Western U. T. Co.	89½	89½	88⅞	88⅞
Whisky Trust Trust	10¼	10⅛	9¼	9⅛

*Ex. div. 1½ per cent.

There was a selling movement in Rock Island after 11 o'clock which sent the shares down ⅞ per cent; the rest of the market also reacted ⅛@⅜. The declining tendency was checked toward noon and prices generally rallied ⅛@⅛. Sugar and Rock Island recovered ⅜. Cordage preferred broke 1¾ in one sale of 100 shares. Consolidated Gas has advanced ⅛. Sales to noon 75,000 shares, including 47,500 listed and 27,500 unlisted.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—3 p. m.—The market has been weak since 1:45 o'clock with very heavy sales of Sugar, which has sent that stock down 3⅛ per cent, making the total decline on the day 4⅜; the preferred has declined 1; Distilling, 1⅛; Cotton Oil preferred, 1; do common, ⅜; Chicago Gas ⅛ and the general list ⅛@¼. The market closed weak. Bay State Gas scored a loss of 7¼ on the day. Silver certificates 64⅛ bid.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—Closing consols for money, 101 7-16; consols for the account, 101 7-16. Bar silver closed at 29 7-16d per ounce. The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balances to-day is £31,000. Money ⅛ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is ⅛ per cent and for three months' bills ⅛@9-16 per cent.

Late Markets by Telegraph.

TOLEDO, O., Oct. 8.—Wheat quiet and active; No 2, cash and Oct, 52c; Dec, 53¾c; May, 58¾c. Corn dull; No 2 mixed, 50¾c; No 2 yellow, 51¼c. Oats quiet; No 2 mixed, 29c; No 2 white, 32c. Rye dull; cash, 48c. Cloverseed active and steady; prime, cash and Oct, $5.12½; Nov, $5.25; Feb, $5.27½; March, $5.30. Receipts—Wheat, 38,000; corn, 1,000; oats, 1,000; rye, 500; cloverseed, 2,000 bags. Shipments—Flour, 4,000; wheat, 41,500; corn, 2,500; cloverseed, 700.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—Butter steady; creameries, 15@24c; dairies, 13@21c. Eggs steady; 16½@17½c.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—Close—Wheat, Oct, 51⅛c a; Dec, 53⅝c; May, 58⅝@59c. Corn, Oct, 51⅛c; Nov, 51⅛c; Dec, 49⅛c; May, 50⅞@51c. Oats, Oct, 28⅛c a; Nov, 29⅛c; Dec, 30⅛c; May 33⅛c b. Pork, Oct, $12.75; Jan $14.07. Lard, Oct, 7.62½c. Jan, 7.35c. Ribs, Oct, 6.72½c; Jan, 6.42½c. Cash wheat, 51⅛c. Corn, 51⅛c. Pork, $12.75. Lard, 7.62½c. Ribs, 6.72½c.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 8.—Flour quiet. Wheat higher; No 2 spring, 54⅛c; No 1 Northern, 61c; Dec, 53⅛c. Corn higher; No 3, 53⅛c. Oats higher; No 2 white, 32⅛c; No 3 do, 31⅛@32c. Barley steady but quiet; No 2, 52c; sample, 40@55c. Rye lower; No 1, 50c. Provisions irregular. Pork, $12.60. Lard 7.60c. Receipts—Flour, 8,200 bbls; wheat, 56,500 bu; barley, 89,600 bu. Shipments—Flour, 17,600 bbls; barley, 8,600 bu.

Coffee Market.

Corrected by Hanley & Kinsella Coffee and Spice Co., 707, 709 and 711 Spruce street.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 8, 1894.

	First Call.	Second Call.	Third Call.
October........	13.45 b	13.40	13.25
November......	11.60	11.60	
December......	11.15	11.10	
January........	10.70	10.70	
February......	10.55 b		
March..........	10.60	10.65	

Mail Pouch coffee at 21.35c.

RIO—No 7 coffee, exchange standard and good seconds nominal; exchange, 12 1-16c. Receipts, 5,000 sks; stock 290,000 sks; market firm; Santos—Receipts, 24,000 sks; stock, 453,000 sks; market quiet.

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

CARPENTER—Wants jobbing work; will work for $1 a day or by the job; good workman. Address H 59, this office.

DRUGGIST—Wants position as manager or assistant; 16 years' experience; thoroughly reliable and A1 references. Ad. W 51, this office.

MAN—Wants situation to take care of horse and work around house; best reference. Address F 59, this office.

MAN—Business man would like to invest a few thousand dollars; would expect office position. Address C 60, this office.

SHOECUTTER—Wanted sit. on ladies' shoes. Ad. C 59, this office.

THE Bryant & Stratton BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Corner Broadway and Market st. Send for circular.

Help Wanted—Males.

5 cents per line each insertion.

AGENTS, organizers, lodge officers write for particulars. Best insurance plan extant. Big pay. J. F. Reynolds, Exchange Building, Boston, Mass.

BOY WANTED—For housework. 3404 Lucas av.

BUTCHER BOY—Wanted to deliver. Apply 3565 Olive st.

BOY WANTED—Good strong white boy to drive a cart. 3211 St. Vincent av.

BARREL COOPERS WANTED—Four or 5 good tight barrel coopers. 178 Carroll st.

BOY WANTED—Small boy not over 15 years old to work about house. 2820 Washington av.

BOYS WANTED—Wide-awake boys in towns outside of St. Louis who are ready to avail themselves of favorable opportunities for making money should sell the daily evening and Sunday morning Post-Dispatch; it sells wherever it is pushed. For terms and sample copies address C. B. G., box A, this office.

BOY WANTED—Stout boy in a stove store; one accustomed to the stove trade preferred. 2331 Franklin av.

COOK—Wanted, man cook. 1910 S. Jefferson av. Apply at once.

BOYS WANTED—In every part of St. Louis honest, smart, ambitious, neatly dressed boys, who can make money fast enough in a month to get a good bicycle, a good watch or almost anything they want; pleasant and easy work; no books, pictures or other merchandise canvassing; good pay; only those accepted whose parents give consent; write for particulars. C. B. G., Box A, this office.

FREE treatment for all diseases at Franklin Avenue Free Dispensary, 1214 Franklin av.

MOLDERS WANTED—Three stove plate molders. Snyder & Baker, Belleville, Ill.

MEN—Wide-awake men in towns outside of St. Louis who are ready to avail themselves of favorable opportunities for making money should sell the Daily Evening and Sunday Morning Post-Dispatch; it sells wherever it is pushed. For terms and sample copies address C. B. G., box A, this office.

SIGNWRITER WANTED—A 1st-class card signwriter, a young man preferred. Max Schulz, 1250-1252 S. Broadway.

STONEMASONS WANTED—To-morrow morning at Terra Cotta Works, Cheltenham. Armstrong & Weaver, Contractors.

TAILOR WANTED—Tailor at once. 2943 Olive st.

TINNERS WANTED—2 good furnace men. 1019 Vandeventer av.

UPHOLSTERER WANTED—Good upholsterer at once; young man. Address, stating wages wanted, Flint Bros., Springfield, Mo.

WASHMAN WANTED—A first-class washman at 1319 Pine st., laundry.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Meritz Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

$3.00 UP.—Pants to order. Meritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, 2d floor.

HAYWARD'S SHORT-hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 706 Olive st.; Day and Night School. Phone 479.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Three lines (20 words), 5 cents; each additional line, 5 cents.

GIRL—12 years old, would like to work in some American family for her board, with privilege of going to school. Ad. E 56, this office.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted situation to do house work. Apply at 3522 Papin st.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, by young girl of 17, housework in small family. Apply 1503 S. 13th st., 2d floor.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, by a young woman, general housework; willing to tend furnace; sleep home. Ad. T 59, this office.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted sit. by young woman to do housework and cooking in family of 2 or 3 adults. Address P 56, this office.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, sit. by young girl in first-class family as chambermaid, dining-room or general housework. Add. C 57, this office.

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, situation by two colored women, one for light housework and the other to cook. Address F 50, this office.

HOUSEKEEPER—Lady of refinement wants situation as housekeeper for widower or bachelor; no triflers need answer. Add. K 59, this office.

LAUNDRESS—First-class laundress wishes work to take home or go out 3 days. Apply 1501 S. 13th st.

LAUNDRESS—German woman wants washing to take home; postals answered. 1211 N. 15th st., rear, up-stairs.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, a small washing by a good laundress; will be reasonable in price. Call or write 1110 N. 18th st., rear.

NURSE—Sit. wanted to take care of children and do up-stairs work; experienced. 2632½ Olive.

WOMAN—Wanted sit. by a middle-aged woman general housework in a small family or would do laundry work. Please call at 3028 Madison st.

Help Wanted—Female.

5 cents per line each insertion.

BOOK-KEEPER WANTED—One book-keeper and two stenographers. Add. M 59, this office.

COOK WANTED—A good cook at once. 2808 Locust st.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—Experienced chambermaid; colored. Summit Hotel.

COOK WANTED—Experienced German cook willing to do washing and ironing. 3445 Pine st.

COOK WANTED—German girl to cook and assist washing and ironing, reference. 3145 Locust st.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—A first-class chambermaid. Apply to Chas. Stebman, 29th and Olive sts.

COOK WANTED—German girl to cook and assist with housework; reference required. 4069 Westminster pl.

CLERK WANTED—A bright girl in a general house furnishing goods store to keep stock, sell goods, etc. Add. G 59, this office.

FREE treatment for all diseases at Franklin Avenue Free Dispensary, 1214 Franklin av.

FINISHER WANTED—Experienced finisher on fine shop pants; good pay; steady work. 2348 Eugenia st.

GIRL—Wanted, good girl. 1909 Arsenal st.

GIRL WANTED—Good girl. 3200 Locust st.

GIRL—Wanted, 14 or 15 years old to care for children. 2920 Market st.

GIRL WANTED—German girl with experience in the retail dry goods bus. Add. L 50 this office.

Help Wanted—Female.

GIRL WANTED—For general housework; small family. Apply this evening, at 1456 Cass av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl at once. 4956 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—For general housework. 1126 Channing av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl of 16 for general housework. 909 S. 7th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 2215 Lucas av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework. 2317 Chestnut st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—White girl for general housework. 2820 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. J. McClosky, Wells Station.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing. 4048 Westminster pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing or ironing. 3138 Laclede.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4619 Maryland av.; take Olive st. cars.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; German preferred. Call 6036 Horton pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; German preferred. Call 6036 Horton pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; references. 4615 Maryland av.; Olive st. cars.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Small girl to assist in housework and take care of children. 1212 Morrison.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework; no washing; 3 in family; reference. 4380 McPherson av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—First class house and dining-room girl, who can bring good references. 3537 Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework and cooking; no washing or ironing. Apply Monday, 3847 Page av.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—Woman for the wash-house. 1503 Franklin av.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—First-class laundress in small family; refs. required. 3811 Westminster pl.

LADIES WANTED—Ladies wishing employment at their homes send self-addressed envelope for descriptive circular and commence work at once; good wages paid. Alfred Knitting Co., Winthrop, Mass.

NURSE WANTED—German nurse girl, 14 years old. 2626 Franklin av.

NURSE WANTED—Girl about 15 to mind baby. Inquire at store, 2103 Franklin av.

NURSE WANTED—Girl for nursing, upstairs work, assist with washing and ironing. 2631 Chestnut st.

OPERATOR WANTED—For Sinclair bosom ironer. Apply to Merchants' Laundry, 1412-1414 Clark av.

SEAMSTRESS WANTED—For plain stitching, one week, $3; apply Monday. 4213A Olive st.

WOMAN WANTED—Good steady woman to work in kitchen. 906 Pine st.

WAITRESS WANTED—Experienced restaurant waitress; permanent. 321 Olive st.

WAITRESS WANTED—Experienced waitress at once. Apply at Gem Cafe, 1713 Market st.

COLD AND SILVER.

Plating and repairing; cash for gold and silver articles. Estab. 1872. Sam'l L. Downing, 210 N. 7th.

Agents Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

AGENTS WANTED—20 agents at once. Central Photo Co., 816 N. 6th st.

AGENTS WANTED—Lady agents, both general and local, for an exclusively ladies' article; a necessity to women and convenience; sells readily, is new and patented; send $1 for sample, and if not satisfactory return it and money will be refunded. Edna Dean Co., Box 634, St. Louis, Mo.

Theatrical.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

ACTORS WANTED—For Maud Atkinson Company, salary $25, fare advanced; others for "Pigmalion," "Celebrated Case," "Forget Me Not;" 800 leading managers supplied with people under contract. Pupils prepared for the stage. Position guaranteed. Only school in America having influence to place pupils in first-class companies. Will pay $50 to any pupil if I fail to secure position; money deposited in bank or newspaper office upon application. Simpson's Dramatic School, 1403 Olive st.

Partners Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

PARTNER WANTED—Partner in an A1 real estate business paying $600 to $1,000 per month; $1,500 buys ½ interest; too much business for present owners; will stand closest investigation; must be good officeman and have best of references. Address B 60, this office.

Dancing.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

MR. AND MRS. R. M. ADAMS' Select School of Dancing, 2715 Washington av. Call.

Typewriters.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

TYPEWRITER—New Smith Premier typewriter, never been used, price cut. Typewriter headquarters, 509 Olive st.

Lost and Found.

5 cents per line each insertion.

Lost.

BRACELET—Lost, at Fair Grounds Thursday; will pay $15 reward if returned to typewriter at Room 202 Fagin Bldg. at 810 Olive st. during office hours from 9 to 12 and 1 to 4.

FUR—Lost, strip of brown martin fur. Reward if returned to 4465 Pine st.

KEYS—Lost, a bunch of keys. Finder please return to 614 Pine st.

PHOTOGRAPH—Lost, Cabinet photograph, envelope and picture, marked Strauss and Mrs. Easton. Return to 3404 Pine st.

RING—Lost, seal ring; red stone; lost on night of V. P. Ball, between Merchants' Exchange and Mercantile Club. Liberal reward for its return to 1440 N. Main st.

WATCH—Lost, on Friday, a lady's silver watch with gold chain; open face, and with initials "L. R." Please return to 2600 Morgan st. and receive reward.

Found.

FOUND—A pair of shoes that will wear 8 months for $4. Harris-Brunner Shoe Co., 520 Pine st.

Money Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

LOANS—We have applications for loans on improved property at 6 per cent; good security; those having idle funds can secure safe investments by calling on or addressing us. Established 40 years. JOHN MAGUIRE & CO., 107 N. 8th st.

Personals.

15 cents per line; Business Cards, 30 cents per line each insertion.

PERSONAL—Will lady accompanied by lady and gentlemen, who noticed gentleman at opera-house last night and later in 6th st. car, address in strictest confidence, O 59, this office.

Personal Sundries.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

"A" MME. AMES gives massage treatment and baths; 1st-class attendants. 26 S. 16th st.

A—MRS. BURGER, M. D., receives ladies during confinement; terms reasonable. 23 S. 12th st.

ALL private matters treated free, male or female. Medicine furnished Office D. Med. Co. 107 N. 9th

BUSINESS CARDS, that'l do the business, $1 per 1,000. H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 815 Locust.

DRS. M. DOSSEN, the female specialist; 27 years' experience; receives during confinement; ladies in trouble call or write. 1006 Chouteau av.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; board dur. con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 29 S. 14th.

DR. LOTTA FRICK, midwife, graduate of two colleges, receives ladies dur. con.; female complaints treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th st.

LIZZETTE RAMIE, massage. 2129 Market st.

MRS. M. VAN DYKE, masseuse, 2226 Chestnut st.

MRS. M. EDWARDS, massage, 2217 Market st.

MME. ANNA, the fortune teller of the West, 226 Market st., near 4th; established 1851.

MRS. DR. RENNEKAMP treats all ladies' trouble; receives during confinement. 2219 Franklin av.

MRS. FECHSTEDT, fortune teller, gives luck in all affairs, lucky numbers in lottery. 917 Franklin.

MME. ELON, the great fortune teller of the South, can be consulted on all the affairs of life, 8:30 a. m. to 9 p. m., 2229 Biddle st.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement, treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealing; information free; experience in all cases; ladies in trouble call. 1803 Washington av.

MRS. J. SONNEN, graduate midwife, receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable prices; strictly confidential. Call or write 1031 Park av.; take U. D. cars south.

1,000 FINE walnut 8-day strike and alarm clocks, $1.50 to $3; fine Ansonia mantel clocks, $5 to $18; at Dunn's Loan Office.

TAPE WORM

Removed with head complete with one spoonful of medicine; no sickness, no straining; small charge for medicine only. J. S. Marsh, 1507 S. Broadway.

Business for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

GROCERY—For sale, a good corner grocery and saloon doing an average of $14,000 per annum; good reason for selling. Address A 57, this office.

GROCERY—For sale one of the best grocery and saloon stands in the southwestern part of the city; owner going into other business. Add. B 59, this office.

PRINTERS' OUTFIT—For sale, on long time payments, complete new printers' job outfit; one-third actual value; must sell. Address T 44, this office.

Miscellaneous Wants.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

BASE BURNER—Wanted, second-hand, small, hard coal base burner; must be cheap. Ad. W 59, this office.

FURNACES—500 Fuller, Warren and Carton furnaces to repair; full line of repairs on hand; castings from the original patterns. John E. Deely, 1019 Vandeventer av.

MOTOR—Wanted to buy an electric motor of 1-horse power, second-hand. Christensen, 1244 Franklin av.

Musical.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

EXCELLENT second-hand upright and square pianos at big bargains. J. A. Kieselhorst, 1000 Olive st.

HAVE you seen the wonderful new scale Kimball piano? It received the highest award at the World's Fair. J. A. Kieselhorst, 1000 Olive st.

PIANOS—Elegant assortment; $50 to $75 saved at Whitaker's, 1518 Olive st., and 2512 N. 14th st.

PIANOS—First-class new and excellent 2d-hand pianos at rare bargains during balance of this month. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st.

THE Blasius piano is perfection realized. See it and hear it at J. A. Kieselhorst's, 1000 Olive st.

$165 WILL buy an elegant 7⅓-octave upright piano, J. A. Kieselhorst, 1000 Olive st.

Horses and Vehicles.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

For Sale.

HORSE—For sale cheap, horse, harness and storm wagon, at 2620 Morgan st.

HORSE—For sale. $150 will purchase good horse, 2 buggies and set of harness; a big bargain. Call at Post-Dispatch office.

HORSE—For sale, a black pacer horse, scared of nothing, lady can drive, with surrey and harness, cheap. Add. Y 56, this office.

HORSE—For sale, stylish, gentle black horse and park wagon, seating 4, just the thing for family use; $150; can be seen at 2125 Washington av. Apply at room 508, 421 Olive st.

HORSES—For sale at a bargain, received from the country from my father-in-law, 2 good farm mares, 2 young horses, farm wagon and harness. Call imediately at grocery store, 2637 Sarah st.

VEHICLES—For sale or exchange, for vehicles or we sell for cash or on time payments; we guarantee to save you 25 per cent on any vehicle or harness you buy; our stock consists of new and second-hand open and top wagons of all kinds; storm buggies, phaetons, cut under and jump seat surreys, carriages. Northwestern Buggy Co., 1110 N. Broadway.

WAGONS—McCabe, Young & Co., 1223 N. Broadway, will beat anybody's price on grocer, laundry, butcher, baker, carpenter and plumber's wagons; also first-class storm buggies, surreys and jump seat buggies of all kinds.

All Sorts.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st.

For Sale—Miscellaneous.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

SEWING MACHINE — For sale. White sewing machine, latest style, all attachments. $10. 1944 Sidney st.

STOVES THAT BAKE

and stoves that heat, and no trouble to show them, at Ingall's, 1103 Olive st.

HOUSE AND HOME GROUPING.

For Rent—Rooms.

5 cents per line each insertion.

North.

BELLE AV., 3657—4 pleasant rooms, large lawn; rent reasonable.

CARR ST., 1319—Nicely fur. front rooms for light housekeeping.

COMPTON AV., 225 N.—Neatly furnished front room, 2d floor; all modern conveniences.

CLARK AV., 2222—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping near Union Station; $3 and 4 per week.

COMPTON AV., 222 N.—Second-story front and adjoining rooms, handsomely furnished; hot and cold bath; private family; gents only.

EASTON AV., 4242A—Two large rooms and porch; in first-class order.

FRANKLIN AV., 2218—Four large rooms; $10 month; each room opens into hall; separately.

GARRISON AV., 1015—2d-story front room, furnished.

GRAND AV., 4154 N.—Neatly fur. front room, con. to three car lines; cop. for lady or gent; reasonable.

LACLEDE AV., 3352—Nicely furnished room for light housekeeping; also a stable.

LUCAS AV.—N. E. cor. 27th st.—Handsomly fur. parlor bedroom; bath, gas and fire.

MORGAN ST., 2000—Front rooms comfortably furnished for light housekeeping; also room for gent.

OLIVE ST., 1308—Second-story front; gas and fire.

OLIVE ST., 3518—Completely fur. rooms for housekeeping, and room for gent.

THOMAS ST., 3022—Well-furnished front room suitable for 2 gents; all conveniences.

WARE AV., 823—1 furnished room.

WESTMINSTER PL., 4151—2 rooms; cheap.

WASHINGTON AV., 3328—Elegantly furnished second-story front room; reasonable.

WASHINGTON AV., 2305—Two nicely furnished front rooms, southern exposure; housekeeping allowed.

WASHINGTON AV., 2715—Newly furn. room, suitable for 2 or 4 gents; bath, gas, furnace, southern exposure; call.

11TH ST., 18 N.—Furnished front room for light housekeeping.

19TH ST, 1109 N.—Nicely fur. rooms, with bath, for ladies or gents; family private.

South.

BROADWAY, 221 SOUTH—Nice rooms for gentlemen.

BROADWAY, 513 S.—Nice clean furnished rooms for 1 or 2 gents; $1.25, $1.50 per week.

BROADWAY, 3552 S.—2 nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; also sleeping rooms.

GRATIOT ST., 1928—4 rooms and hall-room; water paid; $13.

RUTGER ST., 1138—Two nicely furnished front rooms, with steam heat, electric light, hot and cold bath, etc.; $12 and $15 per month.

Miscellaneous.

HOTEL VICTOR.

15th and Chestnut st., newly furnished large rooms.

Houses, Rooms, Etc., Wanted

5 cents per line each insertion.

ROOMS—Wanted 4 rooms and a kitchen on Carr or Wash sts., 15th to 18th sts.; no children. Add. T 57, this office.

ROOM—Wanted sleeping room in vicinity of 9th to 16th st. and St. Louis av.; references given. Address X 59, this office.

Board and Lodging Wanted.

5 cents per line each insertion.

BOARD—Wanted, room and board by young lady; must be reasonable; state terms. Address D 59, this office.

BOARD—Lady wants quiet place to room and board, southern location, state terms. Add. N 59, this office.

BOARD—Board and room wanted by couple with child 3 years old; private family preferred; terms must be low. Address Y 59, this office.

ROOM—Wanted, young man wants pleasant room, with board, with a walk of business portion. Add. A 60, this office.

ROOM—Wanted, nicely furnished front room and board for quiet lady, with privileges; state terms. Address F 55, this office.

ROOM—Young man desires room and board with private family, convenient to business part; Catholic preferred. Ad. D 60, this office.

Flats Wanted.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FLAT—Wanted, nice 3-room flat, by couple without children; must not exceed $12. Add. R 59, this office.

Flats for Rent.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

MICHIGAN AV., 4120A—Nice new 3-room flat; all conveniences.

WALNUT ST., 2611—Nice new 4-room flat; bath, gas; $15. KEELEY & CO., 1118 Chestnut st.

For Rent—Dwellings.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

CASS AV., 2929—6 rooms; $14.

CASS AV., 2931—6 rooms; $14.

CLARK A., 2224—Entire house, or divide into 2 or 4 room flats, near Union Station.

GARRISON AV. and Dayton st., N. E. Cor.—A modern 8-room residence; low rent to good tenant. GAY & McCANN, 922 Pine st.

LAFAYETTE AV., 1508—8 rooms, with bath; good condition; $25. Apply room 507, 421 Olive st.

LACLEDE AV., 3519—Near Grand—Modern 10-room house; open for inspection; large yard, etc.; $60 per month. Apply to GAY & McCANN, 922 Pine st.

FOR RENT.

3731 and 33 Delmar av.—Very desirable; nine rooms, laundry, furnace in cellar, range in kitchen, hot and cold bath; among the most complete houses in the city. All order throughout; will be leased at very low rates to desirable tenants. J. E. KAIME & BRO., 619 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT AT REDUCED RATES,

Houses 523 and 533 Spring av. and 3803 Washington av.

These are very desirable, with 8 rooms and laundry, furnace, bath hot and cold; in most complete order; will be leased to good tenants at reduced rates. J. E. KAIME & BRO., 619 Chestnut st.

Houshold Goods for Sale.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

STOVE—Beautiful hard-coal parlor stove. 1141 Park av.

STOVES—For sale, 50 cook stoves from $1 to $5 at 1324 Franklin av.

Boarding.

5 cents per line each insertion.

North.

CHESTNUT ST., 2738—Handsomely fur. 2d-story front room and connecting room if desired; 1st-class board.

GARRISON AV., 1013 N.—Elegantly fur. 2d and 3d-story front rooms; desirable location; service first-class; table board solicited; terms reasonable.

LOCUST ST., 2118—Nicely furnished rooms; first-class board.

LUCAS AV., 3421—Fur. rooms, with board; all conveniences.

LOCUST ST., 2808—Very desirable furnished room, with board.

LOCUST ST., 2930—Two large rooms; also small room; first-class table; table boarders accommodated.

LUCAS AV., 3030—New handsome furnished 2d-story front, also 3d-story room for 2 gents, superior table.

WASHINGTON AV., 2900—Handsomely furnished front room with board for man and wife or two young men.

South.

LASALLE ST., 1314—Nicely furnished room, with board.

MISSISSIPPI AV., 1528—Pretty fur. front room on first floor, with board; all conveniences; facing Lafayette Park; suitable for two gents or gentleman and wife; terms with board $40.

WALNUT ST., 2712—Nicely furnished 2d-floor rooms, with or without board; reasonable; private family.

Miscellaneous.

BOARDERS WANTED—Widow would like three gentlemen to room and board with her for the winter. Add. S 59, this office.

ROOM-MATE—Wanted for young man; board reasonable. 3005 Dickson st.

ROOM—Front parlor to quiet lady, with privileges, with or without board. Add. L 59, this office.

ROOM-MATE—Wanted, a young man 19 or 20 years of age as room-mate to room and board in West End; terms reasonable. Ad. G 55, this office.

Money to Loan on Real Estate

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

WE have money to loan in amounts of $200, $300, $400, $500, $600, $700, $800, $900, $1,000 to $50,000 on first-class real estate security. JNO. H. TERRY & SONS, 621 Chestnut st.

$1,000,000 at 5 Per Cent.

To loan on choice improved property. JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.

Improv'd City Property for Sale

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

For Sale or Exchange.

3023 Glasgow Pl.—Eleven room stone-front house, heated with steam and hot air; hardwood mantles; gas fixtures; in first-class order. Stable for six horses; two box stalls; large carriage house. Lot 100x131 feet. A bargain if sold at once. RUTLEDGE & HORTON, 1005 Chestnut st.

For Lease.

10 cents per line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FLAT—For lease, furnished flat, No. 4113 West Pine boulevard; 5 rooms, bath, laundry and storeroom; furnace, gas and electric light—combination fixtures; janitor service; possession immediately; no children. NICHOLLS-RITTER R. AND F. CO., 713 Chestnut st.

FOR LEASE

And Improve to Suit Tenant

—OR—

FOR SALE!

The property formerly occupied by the Post-Dispatch on the north side of Market street between Broadway and Sixth street. Has frontage of 52 feet 5 inches and 113 feet in depth to a 15-foot alley.

For particulars refer to

Nicholls-Ritter

Realty and Financial Co.,

Phone 885. 713 Chestnut st.

Storage.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc., safe, reliable, clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co.

1723-25-27 and 29 Morgan St.

Branch office 1002 Pine st. Phones 2890 and 4101.

Educational.

10 cents per line; Display Headlines, 15 cents per agate line; Display Cards, 20 cents per agate line each insertion.

FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH, ITALIAN, LATIN AND GREEK.

Class and Private Lessons at

The Berlitz School of Languages,

Odd Fellows' Hall.

To Let for Business Purposes.

OFFICES

For Rent

In the

Rialto,
Columbia,
Insurance Exchange,
Mermod-Jaccard,
Planters' Hotel
Buildings.

BUILDINGS

For Rent.

Ninth and Lucas Av., Seven stories.

Broadway, near Locust, Five stories.

Broadway, near Chestnut, Five stories.

Nineteenth and Olive, Five stories.

ANDERSON-WADE

REALTY CO.,

EIGHTH AND LOCUST.

FRANKLIN AV., 516—Apply to TIFFANY REAL ESTATE CO., 415 Locust st.

BASEMENT—For rent, s. w. cor. Broadway and St. Charles st.; 40x60; including light and heat. POWERS SHOE CO.

Money to Loan on Per. Property

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000 on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest. S. VAN RAALTE, 13 and 14 S. 4th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st.

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS negotiated on furniture, pianos, building association stock, etc.; terms and rates to suit borrowers. Guarantee and Storage Co., 717 Market st.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive st.

LOANS on furniture, pianos, building association stock and other good securities. Collateral Loan Co., 108 N. 8th, room 1. R. W. Staley, Secretary

MONEY—Private party will lend on real estate equities, building association books, commercial paper, diamonds, etc. Address N 49, this office.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan office, 912 Franklin av.

$50,000 TO LOAN on diamonds, watches, etc.; low rates of interest; private offices for ladies and gents; business strictly confidential. St. Louis Collateral Loan Bank, 208 N. 6th st.

IF YOU WANT MONEY

Loaned on furniture and pianos on easy monthly payments, without removal, then call at 515 Pine st., 2d floor.

COMMERCIAL LOAN CO.

712 PINE ST., 2D FLOOR.

MONEY LOANED TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES IN SUMS TO SUIT, ON FURNITURE AND PIANOS WITHOUT REMOVAL, AT LOWEST RATES IN THE CITY ON EASY MONTHLY PAYMENTS; TERMS TO SUIT BORROWERS; REBATE GIVEN IF PAID BEFORE DUE; BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL; CALL ON US BEFORE GOING ELSEWHERE

COLUMBIA LOAN CO.

Money to loan on furniture, pianos; lowest rates; business confidential. 810 N. 7th st.

MONEY TO LOAN

On furniture and pianos in any amount you desire without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John C. King, 814 Morgan st. Business private.

FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

1308 Washington Av., 2d Floor.

Will loan you any sum you desire from $10 up on furniture and pianos at the lowest rates, and with no extra charge of any kind, and give you as long time as you want to repay same; you can pay the money back in any amount you wish and at any time, and each payment so made will reduce the cost of the loan; or when you borrow the money you can sign notes payable monthly; the notes will include the money you borrow and expenses; each time you pay you take up a note, and when you pay all the notes you have signed you will be through; you won't owe us a cent; we also give you a written agreement that if you pay the loan off in full before the notes expire that we will give you a rebate on all notes that are not due. If you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet your payment, let us know and we will advance you the money to pay it; we do not remove any goods, but leave them in your possession; we will guarantee our terms to be the cheapest and easiest in the city, and in case of sickness we extend payment; also loans made in the suburbs of the city and East St. Louis. Call on us and we will give you any information you wish. Our office is open from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. Notary in office. FURNITURE MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 1308 WASHINGTON AV. 2D FLOOR.

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1003 Pine st.

THE CENTRAL LOAN COMPANY,

NO. 204 NORTH FOURTH ST.,

Will loan money at the lowest rates of interest on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Musical Instuments, etc. Large stock of the above goods on sale at the lowest prices.

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO.

Loans money on furniture and building books; can keep possession of your property and pay off loans in installments and save interest; no commission and business confidential; lowest rates in city. 818½ Chestnut st.; second floor.

WHEREAS, Frederick ... St. Louis, State of ... chattel mortgage dated ... 1894, and recorded in th... Deeds for the City of St. ... Number one hundred and ... sonalty, at page one h... (138), conveyed to M... following described arti... erty, to-wit: Nine (9) ho... "Bob," 1 bay horse "..." "Prince," 1 bay horse "Sulta..." mare "Mollie," 1 bay horse "..." horse "Billy," 1 white horse "..." horse "Black Budgy"; also five (5... ness for wagons, 1 set double harn... 2 sets single harness for ... (5) two-horse soda deliver... low painted and marked ... gers"; also 1 light two-horse ... also 1 barouche, also 1 buggy, also ... tains and one (1) generator for man... water, four (4) bottling machines, ... and engine, shafting and pulleys, two ... tanks, one (1) large wooden tank an... chinery, tools, appliances and ... used in the manufacture of soda ... cluding bottles, packing cases ... chandise on hand at the time ... located at 1510 and 1512 Clark avenue in ... St. Louis, Missouri, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note of even date therewith, which note was made and delivered by said Frederick B. Osterholt to said Mary J. Hickman, said note being fully and particularly described in said deed of trust; And, whereas, default has been made by the said Frederick B. Osterholt in the payment of the note above mentioned, and in said deed described; Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Mary J. Hickman, the legal owner and holder of said promissory note secured by the chattel mortgage aforesaid, in pursuance of the provisions of said chattel mortgage, will, on SATURDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1894, between the hours of 11 o'clock a. m. and 1 o'clock p. m. of said day, sell the said property (or enough thereof to satisfy said indebtedness) at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of said chattel mortgage, on the premises, 1510 and 1512 Clark avenue, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, where the same is situated.

MARY J. HICKMAN, Mortgagee.
St. Louis, Mo., October 8, 1894.
FISSE & ALLEN, Attorneys.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Antoinette S. Bleyer, deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

SAMUEL T. BLEYER,
Administrator of Antoinette S. Bleyer, Deceased.
St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 30, 1894.
HIRAM J. GROVER, Attorney. 1868

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of Meta Miller, deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

LOUIS F. MILLER,
Administrator of the Estate Meta Miller, Deceased.
... September 24, 1894. 1848

S... execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the County of St. Louis, Mo., returnable to the second Monday of October, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Ben S. Barnes, plaintiff, and against William Thomas, defendant; I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, of in and to the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit: 1. a lot of ground in block 1046 of the City of St. Louis, fronting 50 feet on north line of Morgan street, by depth northwardly of 134 feet, 8 inches to an alley, being known as lot 6 in block 17 of the subdivision by Commissioners of fractional section 16, township 45, Range 7 east, as per plat of record in the office of Recorder of Deeds of the City of St. Louis, together with the improvements thereon. 2. A lot or parcel of land (with improvements thereon) situate in Stoddard's Addition to St. Louis and designated on the plat of said addition as lot numbered 13 in block No. 50 of said addition, city block 1015, having a front of 25 feet on the north line of Pine street, by a depth of 131 feet to an alley; commencing at a point in said north line of Pine street 309 feet 9 inches distant westwardly from the southeast corner of said block; thence running westwardly with the north line of Pine street 25 feet; thence northwardly and parallel with Ewing avenue 131 feet to an alley; thence eastwardly along the south line of said alley 25 feet; thence southwardly and parallel with said Ewing avenue 131 feet to the place of beginning. And will, on MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF OCTOBER 189[4], Between the hours of 9 o'clock in the f... and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the C... Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public ... to the highest bidder, for cash, all the ri... interest, claim, estate and property of t... named defendant of, in and to the above de... property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STA...
Sheriff of the City of St. L...
St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 14, 1894.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authorit... execution issued from the office of the C... the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, return... the October term, 1894, of said Court, and ... directed, in favor of Henry B. Eggers and ... Becker, copartners under the firm name and ... of H. B. Eggers & Company, plaintiffs, and a... George Horn and Anna Margaretha Horn an... gust Sweiss, defendants, I have levied up... seized all the right, title, interest, claim, est... property of the defendants above named, of ... to the following described real estate, situ... the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, ... scribed as follows, to-wit: The west half of ... city block 1700, fronting 25 feet on the n... of Clark avenue, by a depth nor... of 120 feet to an alley. Also ... of Schild's subdivision, and in city ... 1331 north of the City of St. Louis, Mo., ... having a front of 25 feet on the north line ... avenue, by a depth northwardly of 125 f... alley 15 feet wide, bounded north by said a... by lot 6 of said block, south by Schild r... west by lot 8 of said blo... will, on SATURDAY, THE ... between the hours of 9 o... in the foreno... 5 o'clock in the afternoo... that day, at th... front door of the Court-house, in the City ... Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public aucti... the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, tit... terest, claim, estate and property of the ... named defendants of, in and to the above-de... property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STA...
Sheriff of the City of St. L...
St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 20, 1894.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and autho... two general and special executions issue... the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, ... City of St. Louis, returnable to the October ... 1894, of said court, and to me directed, ... in one of said executions, Fritz Koch is p... and Enoch Ogden and C. C. Marsh are defe... and in the other, Seymour Schulze Galvaniz... Cornice Co., is plaintiff, and E. D. Og... Clarence C. Marsh are defendants, I have ... upon and seized the following described real ... situated in the city of St. Louis and State ... souri, and charged with the mechanic'... which these actions are founded, and des... said executions, as follows, to-wit: Lot 24 i... of Christy's addition, in city block 175, fro... feet on the west line of North Ninth str... depth, westwardly of 130 feet to an alley, o... lot stands on old brick building, No. 817 Nor... street, and I will, on MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OCTOBER Between the hours of nine o'clock in the ... and five o'clock in the afternoon of that da... east front door of the Court House, in the ... St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public ... for cash, to the highest bidder, the above ... property, to satisfy said executions and ...

PATRICK M. ...
Sheriff of the City of ...
St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 14th, 1894.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and ... execution, issued from the office ... the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis ... the October term, 1894, of said cour... rected, in favor of The H. Gehner ... pany, plaintiff, and against Gottlieb ... Thomas Morgan, defendants, I h... and seized all the right, title, inte... and property of the defendant ab... Morgan, of, in and to the follow... estate, situated in the city of St. ... Missouri, and described as f... No. 57 in block No. 75 in surv... city of Carondelet and in city blo... city of St. Louis, and I will on THURSDAY, THE 18TH DAY O... between the hours of nine o'clo... and five o'clock in the afternoo... east front door of the Court-h... Louis, State of Missouri, sell ... the highest bidder for cash, ... terest, claim, estate and ... named defendant, Thoma... the above described propert... tion and costs.

P...
Sheriff of ...
St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 25, 1...

LOVE AND THIMBLES

The Useful Little Tool Was Invented by a Lover as a Parting Token.

It was in the beginning of the sixteenth century. A wonderfully fine Sunday morning in winter had dawned; the clear, cold winter sun was sparkling on the snow-covered roofs of Antwerp. The sunbeams climbed and glided merrily along the houses, gilding the glittering stained glass window-panes. Then they jumped gleefully over to the smooth fields of ice formed by the frozen canals which encircle the city.

At the north end of the town, a small, well-frozen lake had been formed by the outlets of the smaller canals. Church was just over; the last sounds of the bells were still trembling on the crisp air as they died away. A merry throng was on the lake; a delightful picture of youthful gayety presented itself to the visitor. Th... ...nder forms of youths and maidens, ...ir glittering skates, seemed to skim along as if driven by the wind. Two by two the older ones skated by, followed by boys and girls, forming long chains.

Every now and then a pretty girl swept by all the other skaters, who bowed to her respectfully and watched her with admiration. But, like a proud swan, she went on farther and farther. Her elegant dress betrayed the wealthy patrician. A blue velvet gown, falling in rich folds, and trimmed with fine fur, enveloped her form, and under the turban which she wore, and which was trimmed with flowing red plumes, gleamed a mass of golden hair which fell in two heavy braids to the edge of her gown. The wonderful, dreamy eyes in her aristocratic face often looked searchingly among the young patricians, but only to turn away in disappointment and with intense longing.

Finally the form of a young man, coming from the other end of the lake, came gliding toward the pretty skater. Her eyes sparkled with joy; he bowed to her reverently—but then he confidently grasped the little hands which she stretched toward him. They glided on in silence for some time.

"Why did you remain all alone, Antje?" he asked, suddenly; "the young patricians will think it hautiness on your part."

Antje drew up her rosy lips in scorn. "That just suits me, Cousin Adrian!" she laughed, "I wanted to wait for you undisturbed."

"Oh! Antje, you must not do it. As grateful as your cousin is to you for your friendship, you must never forget what a deep, immeasurable abyss separates the wealthy Anna Van Der Solst from the poor goldsmith, Adrian Van Benschotten!" The handsome man spoke earnestly and mildly, but not without a painful twitch of his finely curved lips.

"Oh!" pouted Antje, "but suppose I do not like any one else as well as poor Adrain?" and with a proud, loving look she scanned his noble, stalwart form in its plain brown doublet.

"Adrian! do you know whom you resemble—in comparison with the gaudy patricians? You are like the falcon among the bull-finches!"

"Sweet child, it is well that you can jest; I feel as if I should like to die—for I come to you to-day for the last time—to bid you farewell—I am going to England!"

"Go!" she said icily. She pushed him from her, but only to draw herself up again, closer and more confidingly to him. It seemed as if they were made one for the other, for they were the most distinguished looking couple among the crowd of young people.

"You see, Antje—I must go, hard as it is for me to do so. My honor demands it. It is my duty. Shall I not see, Antje, how my little cousin's affection grows stronger, day b... day? To say nothing of my own heart... And to ...ow that we may never come together! ...s better that I go while my Antje is still y...ng, so that she may more easily forget th... poor goldsmith. You will know and love ... better man, but I shall remain true to m... first love!"

"Adria... I shall never love any one else but you!"

"Poor ...ntje! It is in vain; the proud Mynhee... ...an Der Solst will never give his only ch... in marriage to a poor apprentice"—

"You ...e an artist, Adrian," Antje answered ...vaciously. "Even to-day I will be the ...wer for you at my father's feet!"

Adria... ...hook his head. "You don't understand M...heer's patrician pride!" He tore himself ...way, violently. "Farewell, Antje!" "Soon ...will send you good news!" Antje called a...r him.

He s...d sadly, waved one final farewell and dis...peared.

* * * * *

The ...est house on the Scheldt quay belonged Mynheer Van Der Solst.

A st...ly repose reigned in the reception hall, c...red with rugs an... ...ted with lar... ...ts, ...ers, we... ...shields, ...shed ... ...own, ... Costly silver covered the toilet table. Heavy red silk draperies fell from the golden crown of the tester of her bed. Gobelin tapestries from Brabant showed scenes from the Bible. In the midst of this splendor Antje sat, in the cosy, upholstered bay window, and gazed sadly out upon the dead winter landscape. Her eyes were red from weeping; now and then a soft sob escaped her half-opened lips. There had been a terrible scene. Mynheer—her father, who had always been so kind and lenient—now swore high and low that only a wealthy merchant should become the husband of his only daughter. "I will never give you to that poor beggar!" was his last word.

It was not on account of the difference in rank, for the goldsmith's art was greatly honored in the sixteenth century, but Mynheer considered Adrian an idle dreamer.

"Profession has no golden bottom with that fellow!" grumbled the excited man. "I shall never intrust my greatest blessing to a man who will never be prosperous!"

Time crept by slowly and weighed heavily on Antje; finally she found some diversion in her embroidery frame. The beautiful lace collar upon which she was at work had been intended for a bridal gift for Adrian.

"Now the collar shall ornament my shroud!" thought Antje, and gave way to somber thoughts. She did not even notice that she had repeatedly pricked her middle finger until the drops of blood from it had already made a large red spot; the fine Brussels carpet was spoiled. Antje angrily threw the frame into a corner. Just then Greta, her maid, entered and handed Antje a small package bearing Adrian's handwriting.

Quickly Antje broke the seal; a small silver article, set with a blue stone, fell out and rolled down to Antje's feet. Inquisitively Antje picked it up and looked at the strange trinket in astonishment; then put it down, indifferently, took up the parchment and read:

"My dear, sweet Antje, I knew very well that you would not send me a good message. Now I am on my way to England. Believe me, I only act from motives of pure disinterested love. But you, my dear child, must obey your noble father, who is anxious for your welfare only.

"Farewell, my darling! Be happy and try to forget. Ever your loving

"ADRIAN.

"P. S.—Perhaps I may give you just a little souvenir! The silver trinket is a little cap which I thought of for the protection of your delicate finger, when I noticed how often you pricked it at your embroidery."

Then Antje alternately pressed the letter and the little finger cap to her lips, and held up her hand as she made the vow: "A...ian, I will wait until you ... Antje with you!"

* * * * *

Three years have p... cent wedding process... grand Jacob's Cathedr...

The pretty bride, w... under her lace veil, ... She has not lost an... youth, but has ... more beautiful an... blown, fragrant ro... a wealthy, stately l... field. He looks hi... waistcoat, decora... necklace of hon... guished figure amo... ing the bridal pai...

Antje is followin... the altar, with h... still she has kept ... groom is Adrian ... ventor of the thi...

The practical ... ciated the va... through it Ad... honors.

The renow... a long, happ... their golden ... ble couple st... children the... thimble.—[

...Y'S DEATH.

...t Begun in the Man... ...hter Case.

...E DID NOT INTEND TO ...LL WHITELY.

...ished to Chastise Him for ... Make a Street Appointment ... Sister—The Fatal Assault ...erit...

...ner Frank began an inquest at 11 a. m. ...the death of William E. Whitely of 4926 ...w avenue, who died at the Protestant ...spital from the effects of a blow delivered ...Elmer H. Judy, 3852 Manchester ...d, last Wednesday night. Judy struck ...itely because he objected to his ...entions to his sister, Miss Elva Judy, with ...om Whitely had attempted to make an ...pointment by telephone to meet him on



Elmer Judy.

...ht in question at the corner of Vande... avenue and Manchester road. After ...y had been sworn in and viewed the ...e inquest was begun by the examina... James Whitely, the father of the dead...

...hitely said his boy was a teamster, ...s old. Said he was called to 3852 Man... road Thursday morning by the ...ion that his son had ... with an accident. He went ...d found the young man unconscious. ...his son, with his wife's assistance, ...and thence home. He continued un... ...s and he was taken to the Presby... Hospital at Eighteenth and Wash ...ts, where he died Sunday.

DOCTORS TESTIFY.

...W. P. Sutton of 4188 Old Manchester ... testified that last Thursday morning ...tely was brought to his office uncon... ...s. He made slight examination and ...uded that the man was badly hurt ...t the head. Ordered him to the hos... but that night was called to Whitely's ...where he found him still unconscious, ...d upon examination a contusion upon ...de of the head over the temple. He ...some bleeding, too, from the nose. ...I. W. Upshaw of 5015 Shaw avenue tes... that he was called to Whitely's house, ...there found Whitely unconscious. Friday he was again called ...found Whitely still unconscious ...ad Dr. Stoutly called in consultation. ...had Whitely sent to the Protestant ...tal and there trephined him and found ...clots on the brain. He slightly recov... consciousness after that, so as to an... ...uestions by yes and no. The operation ...rformed Saturday. ...E. L. Standley of 2201 University street ...d he was called Friday evening to ...y in unconscious condition. ...examination came to con... ...n that there was a contusion ...e brain. Had him sent to ...al Saturday and there performed the ...ion of trephining at 2:30 p. m. Made ...ning over the ear where the discolor... ...was. Several blood clots were found ...emoved. He regained partial con... ...ness. Only evidence of violence a ...near the right temple, with very ...welling. Scalp only slightly bruised.

BOGARD'S STATEMENT.

...k Bogard, an employe of the Centaur ...Co., at the corner of Vande... avenue and Manchester road, ...d that he knew Judy and ...y, the latter only slightly. That ...7 o'clock Wednesday evening Elva ...and brother Arthur disappeared, ...and Ed started for Vandeventer ...anchester road to find her. ...hey were gone Elva and Arthur came ...Then Bogard and Arthur went and ...and Elmer that Elva was home. Bo... ...d Ed Judy then went up to Vande... ...nd Laclede looking for Whitely. They ...nto a saloon and Elmer and ...came up. They stood by ...saloon awhile and then ...ck to the Judy house. There they ...hitely and Elva. Ed says: "What ...telephone to my sister for?" ...says, "I didn't." Then Elva "Yes, you did; you just said ...en Whitely acknowledged that ...d Elmer Judy drew off and hit him ...ght side of the head. Whitely was ...thing, but standing still talking. ...about 8 o'clock Wednesday even... ...pt. 8. The blow knocked ...own. He fell on his ...Bogard helped him up. ...and Bogard took him into the ...ogard asked him how he felt and he ...tty rocky." Bogard then told ...g Elva Judy to a dance about four ...o and there met Whitely for the ... Whitely wanted to take Elva

...cElheney of 3958 Manchester road ...that he had just come from work ...s o'clock Wednesday night. ...s standing in a door ...Centaur Lime Co., when he ...and Whitely come down the street. ...lmer met them and asked Whitely ...had telephoned. When Whitely ...knowledged that he telephoned, ...y hit him on the side of the head. ...y said he was told Whitely had a ...hand. Saw the knife after it was ...the gutter. Didn't know for ...Whitely's. Said there were sev... ...about. They were Ed's wife, ...and Elmer's sister-in-law. This ...l last Wednesday.

FRANK WHITELY.

...tely, the 13-year-old brother of ...itely, testified that he and his ...ft home together on ...evening and were going to take ...When near Vandeventer ...ter Elva Judy met them and ...at you, Mr. Whitely?" He said ...said: "Can I speak to you a ...hen she took hold of Whitely's ...they went across the street. ...on the corner when Elva met ...Elva and Whitely were stand... ...ur men came up. One of them ...ly. They never said a word to ...ely, but Elmer just drew off ...Frank said he and his brother ...Sportsman's Park to see the

...Judy, commonly called Ed ...of Elmer Judy, testified that ...ward of the Centaur Lime Co. ...ster Elva met him just ...going into the office ...him that she had just ...hone message from Whitely ...meet him at Vandeventer and ...e didn't meet him," Ed said, ...er and I went up. Whitely ...e, but a man named ...e, a married man, ...once taken her ...'t want her going with him. ...d met Elva and Whitely about ...om my door, going west on ...oad. I asked Whitely ...t meet my sister when ...ed ... meet her? ...'t telep... ne. Then my sis... ...Will, ...ou did." Then ...Yes, I di... ...but I didn't mean anything by it. Then Elmer hit him. He wasn't doing anything when my brother hit him. Then we took him into my house and did all we could for him. We sent for a doctor, but the doctor didn't come. Elmer was sober, and Whitely appeared so. This was last Wednesday evening. Our intention was to take Whitely to the house and find out his intention.

Arthur Judy, also a brother of Elmer, testified that he and his sister first went out together and then came back. Then he went with his brothers. When they came back he went into the house and didn't see the blow struck. Saw them bring Whitely into the house. He had seen Whitely at the house the day before talking to his sister, Elva. His brother, Ed had told Elva to tell Whitely to stay away.

Officer Hussey stated how he learned of the assault on Whitely and arrested Judy. Stated that when he arrested Judy the prisoner said he didn't want Whitely around as he believed that he meant his sisters harm. Officer Carey testified also as to Judy's arrest and said Judy admitted striking Whitely.

Miss Elva Judy, the young woman in the case testified as follows:

"I have known Mr. Whitely for three weeks and he has come to the house several times. He has acted in a very ungentlemanly manner. So Whitely telephoned me to meet him. Elmer was in the lime office when the message came and he told me not to go. So Elmer and Ed went to meet him. About 7:30 or 8 I met Whitely at the corner of Vandeventer and Manchester road. He spoke first and said: 'Good evening, Miss Judy.' I was going to the store. He then walked to the store with met and also to a meat market. Then we came back near the house."

Miss Judy then told the same story of the conversation at the time Whitely was hit as the others had told and of how he was cared for.

JUDY'S STATEMENT.

Elmer Judy, the accused, next took the stand. He said that he had no intention of killing Whitely when he struck him. He simply wished to chastise him for daring to make a street appointment with his sister Elva.

Judy was held responsible for Whitely's death.

MINISTERS MEET.

The Anti-Cigarette Convention---Views on English Non-Conformists.

The Methodist ministers at their weekly meeting discussed Dr. W. G. Williams' sermon read Monday, "The Church as a Door." Rev. Frank Leing and Rev. Mr. Courtney spoke of the relation of the churches to the poor, and Rev. O. M. Stewart, the presiding elder, criticised the middle classes, who, he said, were lacking in the sympathy and the charity which the rich showed toward the poor. Mrs. F. H. Ingalls reminded the ministers of the anti-cigarette mass-meeting at Centenary Church, Thursday night. She said that the W. C. T. U. intended to organize anti-cigarette leagues in the public school, and to petition the Municipal Assembly to pass a law restricting the use of cigarettes. She stated privately that there would be speeches by Mayor Walbridge, Rev. John Snyder, Rabbi Harrison, Dr. L. Bremer and Prof. G. W. Krall.

The Presbyterian ministers listened to a talk from Rev. Geo. E. Martin of First Church about his recent trip to England. He heard Canon Farrar and other eminent divines preach. Dr. Martin was asked to read a paper two weeks hence giving his impressions of the Nonconformist Church in England.

The Baptist ministers decided to hold a memorial meeting in honor of the late Oliver Wendell Holmes on Oct. 15. Revs. Sawyer, Tompkins and Kirtley were directed to give readings and selections from his works. The Episcopal ministers expressed their gratification at the probable visit to this city of Very Rev. S. R. Hale, Dean of the Rochester (England) Cathedral. The Christian ministers did not meet because most of their number have gone to Columbia to attend the State convention of their church. The Southern Methodist ministers elected Rev. F. R. Hill, Jr., as Secretary of their meetings for the coming year.

ODLUM DISCHARGED.

He Had Been Held for Killing Enoch Reed.

Turnkey Christopher Odlum of the Third District was discharged in the Court of Criminal Correction of a charge of manslaughter in killing Enoch Reed, a colored man, about six weeks ago at 1910 Carr street. The case was heard last Saturday and Judge Claiborne took the matter under advisement.

COMMITTEES NAMED.

Work of Raising Funds for a Presentation to the Steamship "Saint Louis."

The committee having in charge the matter of making a presentation to the steamship "Saint Louis," met in the morning with Mayor Walbridge in the chair.

The following telegram in answer to the telegram sent Friday was received:

George H. Morgan:

I thank you for your very cordial telegram, which has been forwarded to me here. Our Executive Committee will meet Monday or Tuesday next, after which I will write you fully, giving the information you desire. The date of the launch has not yet been fixed, but will probably be between the 5th and 10th of November.

C. GRISCOMB, President.

Mr. T. B. Boyd was appointed Chairman of a Finance Committee to solicit funds necessary for the testimonial, with authority to appoint his assistants.

Mr. L. D. Kingsland was appointed Chairman of the Committee on Transportation, with authority to add to his committee.

On the suggestion of Mayor Walbridge one of the daughters of President Boyd of the Merchants' Exchange was selected to perform the usual ceremony of breaking a bottle of wine over the bows of the vessel at the time of launching.

Mayor Walbridge, President of the Merchants' Exchange, Hon. S. W. Cobb and Messrs. T. B. Boyd and D. L. Kinsland, were appointed a committee to continue the correspondence with the steamship company and make the preliminary arrangements, and to call another meeting of this committee when necessary.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—Wheat was strong at the opening to-day. Cables were firm, Liverpool being ⅛c higher, and there was also a decrease on passage of 1,072,000 bu; Dec started ⅛c higher at 51⅛c, advanced ⅛c more, and then declined to 54⅛c and rallied to 54⅛@⅛c. Corn at Liverpool was ⅛c higher. Receipts here were small at 79 cars; May started ⅛c higher, with light offerings at 51⅛c, advanced to 51⅛c. Oats were higher in sympathy with corn; May started ⅛c higher at 34⅛c, advanced to 34⅛@⅛c and receded to opening prices. Provisions were firm on local buying. Jan pork started 7½c higher at $12.80, advanced 5c more and declined to $12.77½. Jan lard opened 5c higher at 7.40c and declined to 7.35c.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—Barley—Choice, 55@56c; medium, 52@54c; common, 48@51c. Rye—cash, 48c; Dec, 49½c; May, 54½c.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.48@1.49; Dec, $1.47 bid. Timothy—Cash, $5.30; Oct, $5.30.

Estimates for to-morrow—Wheat 91, corn 85, oats 178, hogs 15,000.

PEORIA, Ill., Oct. 8.—Corn strong, higher; No 2, 53½c; No 3, 53⅛c. Oats active, firm; No 2 white, 30⅛@31⅛c; No 3 white, 30@30⅛c. Rye scarce; No 2, 49@50c. Whisky firm; highwine basis, $1.23. Receipts—Wheat 6,600, corn 40,950, oats 35,300, rye none, barley 59,500. Shipments—Wheat 600, corn 1,950, oats 43,000, rye none, barley 52,500.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Butter—Receipts, 5,965 pkgs; easier and dull; Western dairy, 12@22c; Western creamery, 15@25c; Elgins, 25c. Eggs—Receipts, 5,910 pkgs; dull and weak; Western, 18@19c; cases, $2.25@4.25. Sugar—Raw weak and nominal; fair refining centrifugal, 96 test, 3⅛c; refined inactive and nominal; crushed, 5@5 3-16c; powdered, 4 11-16@5c; granulated, 4 7-10@⅛c. Coffee nominal; No 7, 15⅛c.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 8.—Close—Wheat firm, demand moderate; No 2 red winter, 4s 2½d; do spring, 4s 5d. Corn firm, demand fair; new mixed spot, 4s 8d; futures firm, demand poor; Oct, 4s 7½d; Nov, 4s 6½d; Dec, 4s 6d. Flour dull, demand poor; St. Louis fancy winter, 5s 3d. Lard dull, demand poor; spot, 39s 6d; futures no demand. Pork easy, demand poor; prime Western, 71s 3d; do medium, 63s 9d. Beef dull, demand poor; extra India mess, 75s; prime mess, dis 3d. The receipts of wheat for the past week were: From Atlantic ports 3,000 qrs, from Pacific ports none, from other ports 42,000 qrs. The receipts of American corn for the past week none.

For Cotton and other Markets see Page 7.

THE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 8, 1894.

"I want you to stop this bulling of wheat," remarked a miller. "Here is a letter from Holland that is simply disgusting. Publish it." This letter from the Hague, Holland, under date of Sept. 25, says: "Flour trade over here is in a desponding state. Wheat is to be had for 47c per 60 lbs and good home made straight flour costs only 6 guilders. If you want to do some business on this side you will have to come down to 7 guilders for patents. It may take some time before this happens, but we are sure it will come to it. There is too much stuff on the markets and no money coming forward to take it up. In Russia wheat is selling at 27c per 60 lbs." At 6 guilders flour is only worth $1.44, and at 7 guilders $1.79 per bbl of 196 lbs in St. Louis.

A letter received from Central Nebraska states that the writer raised on his farm during past three years the following crops and the comparison will give some idea of the almost total failure this year:

	1894.	1893.	1892.
	Bu.	Bu.	Bu.
Wheat	3,000	3,000	7,800
Corn	1,400	1,600	18,000
Oats	1,800	18,000	56,000
Total	6,300	22,600	81,800

A notable purchase made here late Saturday was that of five cars No 2 red wheat for an Atlanta (Ga.) mill. It was notable in this respect that it is exceptionally early for the Southern mills to begin buying wheat in this market. Last week it was noted that Tennessee millers were making inquiries of their correspondents here regarding purchases of wheat in St. Louis. The above purchase is the first from the South so far.

The grain on ocean passage for Europe continues to decrease, the total amount of wheat being reduced last week 1,072,000 bu and corn 807,000 bu, where one year ago the decrease was respectively 328,000 bu and 1,113,000 bu. There is now afloat 25,234,000 bu wheat and 3,411,000 corn, which is 5,512,000 bu less for the wheat and 1,117,000 bu less for corn than at this time one year ago.

The Buenos Ayres *Standard* says the corn crop of the past season was a comparative failure and no figures were obtainable as to its extent. Enough remained in the country to meet the wants of the people, although it was selling for more than wheat. The acreage would not be great for the new crop, owing to the lack of success for a few years past.

We have more corn than expected, wires St. Joe, Mo., but the crop is very short and the quality poor. There is a world of wheat being fed. I get letters daily from Missouri, Nebraska and Kansas points asking for prices on wheat for feed. You don't realize how much wheat is being fed.

Advices from Roumania are that stocks of corn have not changed materially. Owing to the dry weather winter seeding of wheat is progressing slowly.

Advices from New Zealand are that owing to continued wet weather seeding of grain has been very much delayed.

The official report makes the wheat crop of Italy 116,800,000 bu this year, against 131,280,000 bu last year.

The wheat area of Beavar, India, amounts to 2,041,000 acres, 8.1 per cent less than normal. The conditions are good.

The visible supply of wheat surprised the trade by increasing 2,201,000 bu last week, though one year ago the increase was 2,649,000 bu and it was stated that 500,000 bu of last week's increase was due to a private elevator in Minnesota being "made regular." The total is now 78,614,000 bu, where it was 68,169,000 bu one year ago. The corn visible decreased 400,000 bu last week—it increased 591,000 bu one year ago—and is now 3,905,000 bu, against 8,612,000 bu last year. Oats increased 416,000 bu and is 8,650,000 bu, against 4,011,000 bu one year ago, when the increase was 149,000 bu.

India shipped 260,000 bu wheat last week, against 40,000 bu the week before and 420,000 bu for corresponding week last year. Since April 1 India has shipped 8,210,000 bu, against 14,760,000 bu for same time last year and 24,640,000 bu the year before.

New York wired this morning that the tone of private cables were decidedly better and brought liberal acceptances of wheat. The amount afloat is unusually light. Exporters took 64,000 bu No 2 red and millers 32,000 bu choice red last Saturday; also 6 loads for export at outports. No corn reported.

AMERICAN RAILWAY STOCKS.

Henry Clews Says English Capitalists Are Buying More Freely.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—Henry Clews, in his weekly trade letter, says speculation in Wall street centers in the industrials, while railroad shares are neglected. England, however, is showing more disposition to buy American railway securities, the feeling of distrust, occasioned by numerous railroad receiverships, having largely abated. Referring to the recovery of trade, Mr. Clews says there is nowhere any disposition to discount the future from the standpoint of sanguine expectations, but he looks for a continued improvement through 1895, though nothing approaching a boom.

COMMERCIAL.

Regular Cash Market Price.

	Monday.	Saturday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No 2 red	49½	49½	61⅛
No 3 red	48 b	48	57⅛
No 4 winter	47 n	47 b	54⅛
CORN.			
No 2	53	51 b	36⅛
No 2 white	55½ b	53 b	37⅛
No 2	....	....	35
OATS.			
No 2	29½ b	29½	27½
No 2 white	31½	32	31
No 3	28½ b	28½	26½

Future Prices.

	Closing Saturday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing Monday.
WHEAT.				
Dec.	50⅛ b	51⅛	50⅛	50⅛ a
May	56⅛ b	56⅛	55⅛	55⅛ b
CORN.				
Dec.	46⅞ b	47½	47⅛	46⅞ a
May	47⅛@⅞ b	48½	47⅛	47⅛ a
OATS.				
Oct.	29 b	....	....	29⅛ b
May	34 a	34⅛	33⅛	33⅛@⅛ a

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

WHEAT.				
Dec	54 b	54⅛	53⅛	53⅛ a
CORN.				
May	51⅛	51⅛	50⅛	50⅛@51
OATS.				
May	34	34½	33⅛ b	33⅛
PORK.				
Jan	12.72	12.92	12.65	12.67
LARD.				
Jan	7.35	7.40	7.35	7.35
SHORT RIBS.				
Jan	6.47	6.55	6.42	6.42

CHICAGO—Wheat—Dec, 53⅛c; May 58⅛@59c. Corn—Nov, 51⅛c b; Dec, 49⅛c; May, 50⅛@51c. Oats—Dec, 30⅛@⅛c a; May, 35⅛c.

PORK—Oct, $12.75; Jan, $12.67. Lard—Oct, 7.62c; Jan, 7.35c. Short ribs—Oct, 6.72c; Jan, 6.42c.

FLAXSEED—Cash, $1.47@1.49 for N W; Oct, $1.46; Nov, $1.46⅛; Dec, $1.47 b. Timothy—Cash, $5.30 n; Oct, $5.30 n. Clover—Cash and Oct., $8.50 n.

NEW YORK—Wheat—Dec, 57⅛c b; May, 62⅛c b. Corn—May, 54⅛c b. Oats—Dec, 34⅛c.

TOLEDO—Wheat—Dec, 53⅛c; May, 58⅛c.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat—Dec, 55⅛c; May, 58⅛@59c.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Monday.	Saturday	Year Ago.
Wheat, bu	6,376,453	6,364,009	5,081,362
Corn, bu	42,588	43,414	86,841
Oats, bu	506,191	499,709	95,757
Rye, bu	7,111	7,111	5,429
Barley, bu	1,335	1,335	2,924
No 2 red win wheat	5,964,639	5,951,518	4,445,482
No 2 corn	40,054	39,933	58,384
No 2 white corn	....	947	11,393
No 2 oats	411,933	412,501	14,299
No 2 rye	7,111	7,111	4,732

Movement of Wheat and Corn Oct. 8.

	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	Corn.	SHIPMENTS. Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	25,453	20,300	504	2,516
Chicago	44,346	92,000	171,215	266,848
Toledo	27,683	989	41,286	2,300
Detroit	17,003	7,000	573	......
Kansas City	27,050	7,000	......	......
Milwaukee	86,462	650	......	......
Minn'polis	468,650	4,950	19,720	......
Duluth	253,138	......	362,156	......
New York	....	......	15,393	800
Baltimore	18,286	15,087	......	......
Philadel'ha	4,644	6,479	7,077	4,900
Boston	65,649	6,740	74,647	......

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR—St. Louis, 5,949 bbls; Chicago, 9,793 bbls; Detroit, 440 bbls; Milwaukee, 17,585 bbls; Minneapolis, 32,904 bbls; New York, 5,128 bbls and 16,494 sks; Boston, 888 bbls and 33,583 sks.

ON CHANGE.

Grain.

Wheat—The market was a little slow in opening, both buyers and sellers showing considerable caution, but the first sale was at ⅛c advance, and in a short time ⅛c more was paid. Offers to sell were notably scarce and for small amounts, though the demand was not remarkable for size or urgency. There was only the relapse from the first advance and soon rallied ⅛c. From this there was a decline of 1⅛c and considerable wheat was for sale on the large visible increase. There was little recovery to the market and the close weak, with sellers ⅛c below Saturday. A decrease of 1,072,000 bu in the amount afloat for Europe, firm cables—Liverpool ⅛d higher—and light receipts here and at all winter wheat markets were the stimulating influences this morning. There was considerable talk, too, of wheat feeding to animals. The effect of the bullish conditions was more to hold sellers off than draw buyers on and trading was very light. Northwest receipts continued large, 1,076 cars arriving in Duluth and Minneapolis, and the stock at latter market showed 1,180,000 bu increase for last week. This latter, with some good increases elsewhere, led traders to look for a large increase in the visible and this checked the upward tendency. The clearances from four ports of 73,000 pkgs of flour and 97,000 bu wheat were only equivalent to 379,000 bu, but it was the visible increase of 2,201,000 bu that had most decided effect. This increase was so much larger than expected that it started selling and forced the market down. The closing cables were discouraging, too. Liverpool was unchanged, but inactive and all continental markets lower—Paris ⅛@1⅛c and Berlin and Antwerp ⅛c. All domestic markets were weak and declining and carried prices down here, the close being near the bottom.

FUTURES—Dec opened at 50⅞c and sold up to 51⅛c and down to 50⅛c, closing at 50⅛c asked. May sold at 56⅛c early up to 56⅜c off to 55⅜c and latter bid at close.

SPOT GRADES—Better, but quiet. Late Saturday an order for No 2 red was filled for a Georgia mill. On call to-day little offered and the only buyers there for elevator account. No 2 red was salable in United and Terminal at 49½c, E side at 49⅛c and in East at 50⅛c. Bids for United and Terminal were 48c for No 3 red, 46c for No 4 winter, 49⅛c for No 2 hard winter.

After call local millers bought No 2 red in F at 49⅛c and a round lot sold E side at 50c, but the rates not obtainable late.

SAMPLES—Received, 1,937 sks, 37 cars local. Firm and ⅛c higher. Very little was for sale, and that was quickly taken by local millers, who paid 50⅛c for the best in sacks, warehouse and on track. It was understood that a lot of 25 cars was sold for shipment, but all particulars withheld.

Corn—The tone was strong this morning and the tendency of the market upward, but speculation was light and only a few small and occasional trades made. Besides very light receipts at the Western markets, the cables were firm, better in tone and demand and the amount on ocean passage showed 800,000 bu decrease. All domestic markets advanced and May sold ⅛@⅛c higher here. The visible decreased 400,000 bu, but the set-back wheat received had an unfavorable effect upon corn and prices eased off.

The closing Liverpool was ⅛@⅛d higher, but there was too much depression in wheat and weakness in outside markets, and prices gradually went off. From the top the decline was ⅜c, and the close saw sellers at the bottom and ⅛@⅛c lower than Saturday.

FUTURES—May opened at 48⅛c and sold to 48⅛c, to 47⅞c, and latter asked at close. Dec sold at 47⅛c to 47⅜c, and a close offered at 46⅞c.

SPOT GRADES—Higher. No offerings on Call, except from stock in store, which was held largely higher. A local feeder paid 53c for C and that bid for Terminal, 25c for regular. As high as 55½c bid this side for No 2 white, but none in stock. No 3 offered at 53c, no bids.

SAMPLES—Received, 34 cars local. Lower, but active at the decline, local feeders purchasing freely at ⅛c decline for mixed and ⅛c for white. The offerings were pretty well cleaned up, and, barring the decline, it was a right good market.

By sample in special bin—1 car No 2 at 30⅛c, 2 No 2 Northern at 31⅛c, 1 thin No 2 white at 31½c, 1 No 2 color at 32c.

By sample on track, this side—1 car No 2 at 30⅛c, 1 white wheat mixed at 3 c switched, 1 No 3 white at 31c, 1 Northern mixed at 31⅛c, 3 do at 31⅛c, 1 ungraded white mixed with wheat, 1 do lightweight, 9 No 2 white and 2 No 3 white at 32c, 1 ungraded white at 32⅛c, 5 No 2 white at 32½c, 1 fancy clipped at 33c. East Side—3 cars No 3 at 29c, 2 No 2 late yesterday at 30c, 1 No 2 at 30⅛c, 2 do at 30⅛c, 1 do at 30⅛c, 2 No 3 white at 32c, 1 No 2 white at 32c.

Oats—The speculative market was quiet, but early in the day was firm. May sold ⅛c higher at 34⅛c, but later went off with corn and wheat and at close was offered ⅛@⅛c below the top.

SPOT GRADES—No trading on call. No 2 offered regular at 29⅛c, bid 2⅛c for E side, M. and D. 3 c for Terminal. No 3 offered E side at 28⅛c, bid 28⅛c for regular, 28c for M. and D., 28⅛c E side, 29c for Terminal.

After call No 2 sold at 29⅛c and No 3 at 28⅛c, both East side.

Rye—None offering. On call 48⅛c bid for No 2 regular, 49⅛c for East side.

Hay.

Received, 980 tons; shipped, 281 tons. It is still a case of the supply far exceeding the demand. Offerings are heavy on both sides the river and current arrivals are more than enough to meet requirements. The result is stocks are accumulating. Only buyers are local feeders and they not inclined to stock up, while so much is for sale. The demand runs to very best grades, large baled timothy preferred, and that commands $12.50 when strictly fancy. Too much medium and low grades offering and only salable at buyers' prices.

Sales on track and ware-house this side: Prairie—10 cars choice at $8, 1 strictly do at $8.50, 1 extra fancy at $10. Mixed—1 car at $8, 1 slightly grass-mixed at $9.50, 1 clover-mixed at $8. Timothy—½ car prime at $8.50, 2 prime at $9, 3 strictly do at $9.50, 1 choice at $10, 6 strictly do at $10.50, 9 fancy at $11, 1 do large bales at $11.50, 5 strictly fancy at $11.50, 2 do large bales at $12, 1 strictly do at $12.50.

East side—Timothy—1 car strictly prime at $9.50, 1 car strictly choice at $10, 1 do at $10.25, 2 strictly fancy at $11. Straw—1 car wheat this side at $4.50.

Flour and Feed.

Flour—The market was quiet but holders firm at steady prices.

Patents	$2 40@2 55	Rye flour	$3 00@3 10
Extra fancy	2 15@2 30	Cornmeal	2 40@2 45
Fancy	1 95@2 05	Hominy	2 90@3 00
Choice	1 75@1 85	Grits	2 90@3 00

Bran—Lower, but in demand at 6 c East track and 58c at all rail points. Sold also at 60c at mill.

Seeds and Caster Beans.

Grass Seeds—Timothy quotable at $5 to $5.12½. Clover at $7.35 to $8.06. Red top at $.75 to $6.10. Millet at 93½c.

Flaxseed—Sales: 3 cars at $1.43.

Castor Beans—Car lots, prime, $.25; smaller lots and inferior, less.

Provisions.

The market was easy and quiet.

Pork—Standard mess selling at $13.82½; on orders, $14.12½.

Lard—Prime steam at 7.52½c, and choice at 7.57½c asked.

Bacon—Packed shoulders, 7⅛c; longs, 7⅛c; c'ribs, 8c; shorts, 8⅛c. On order—Longs and c'ribs, 8⅛c; shorts, 8⅛c.

Dry Salt Meats—Shipping age f.o.b. on cash orders—Shoulders, 6c; longs and ribs, .80c; shorts, 7c; boxed, 1⅛c higher.

Highwines—Firm at $1.23.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Lower. The market was heavy and weak. Holders were loth to sell below $2.9½, but 100 tons spot sold at $2.90.

Spelter—Quickly salable at $3.20.

ON THE STREET

[*The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.*]

Fruits.

Apples—Receipts fair and prices were unchanged. We quote: Car lots, good, $1.50@2; choice, $1.75@2.25; fancy, $2.25@2.50; Jennathan more; Canadian, $1.75@2; other shipped to fancy Eastern varieties, $2@2.40.

Peaches—Very little offering, but sufficient to supply the light demand. Sales ran 70@75c per ⅓ bu and $1.40@1.50 per bu-basket for best offerings; specked and damaged less.

Cantaloupes—Deliveries lighter. Prices are easier; fair to choice, 25c to 30c per box.

Grapes—Receipts heavy, market easy. Elvira and Martha, 12@13c; Delaware, 30; New York Concords, 14c per 9-lb basket; Catawba, 15@16c.

Pears—Ample supply and quiet; do Duchess, $1.25; Seckle, $1@1.25 per bu.

Plums—Damsons, $2.50 to $3.50 per bu; red, 75c to $1 per ⅓-bu basket; 25c to 30c per 9-lb basket.

California Fruits—Offerings large, market quiet and steady. Peaches, fair to choice, 90c to $1; grapes, muscat, $2 to $2.25; Toka, $2 to $3 per 20-lb case; plums, 70c to $1; German prunes, $1@1.25 ₽ 20-lb case; Bartlett pears, $1.60 to $2 ₽ 40-lb box; choice on orders higher, nectarines, 80c to 90c ₽ bu-box and $1 to $1.25 ₽ crate.

Oranges—Firm. We quote: Mexican, $4 to $4.25; Rodi, $5@5.50.

Lemons—The market steady. We quote: Extra fancy, $4; fancy, $3.75; choice, $3@3.50 per box; Florida, $1.50@2.

Bananas—On orders, $1.50 to $2 per bunch, the latter for fancy.

Cocoanuts—Are quoted at $2.75 to $3 per 100.

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Receipts, 441 bu; shipments, 2,273 bu. Near-by stock firm at 60@72½c per bu for fair to fancy; Northern and Western 60@ c, and California Barbanks, 75c per bu in bulk delivered.

Onions—Received, 1,723 bu; shipped, 1,296 bu; fair to choice, 35@40c, and fancy at 50c.

Sweet Potatoes—Dead dull. Bermudas, $1.75@2.00 and Spanish red, $2.00@2.50 per bbl. Southern shipments not wanted at any price.

Cabbage—Liberal offerings, limited demand and quiet at $7.00@10.50 per ton for Northern. On orders $1.50 per crate.

Horseradish—$3.50 per bbl.

Cucumbers—Offerings, demand light at $1@1.50 per bbl and 25@40c per bu box.

Celery—10c to 25c per bunch for small and 25c to 50c for large when in good condition.

Milwaukee Carrots—$1.50@1.75 per bbl.

Sauerkraut—$1 75 per ½-bbl; $3.50 per bbl.

Tomatoes—The deliveries light and market steady. Prices ranged 40@60c per bu loose. In shipping order, 50@70c per bu box.

Green Corn—10@15c per doz.

String Beans—Round, 50c to ... 75c per bu.

ON ORDERS IN SHIPPING ...

Beets, home-grown, $1.75 per ..., 60 @75c per bu; egg plant, 50c ... $3 per bbl; radish, white ... bunches, 30c per doz; ... tomatoes, 50c to 75c per ... 85c per bu; turnips, $1.2...

$2.25 to $2.75 per bbl; grapes 17c to 18c per basket.

Eggs.

Received, 2,354 cases; shipped, 415 cases. Market higher; fresh gathered stock selling at 15c per dozen, but most offerings out of condition and selling for much less.

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—Business rather slow and the feeling weak. Indications are for lower prices.

Creamery.		Dairy.	
Separator	23@24	Good to choice	20@21
Gathered cream	20@22	Common to fair	12@18
Fancy Elgin	26@27	Country butter	8@10

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 11c; singles, 11⅛c; Young American, 11⅛c.

Poultry and Game.

Live Poultry—Unchanged. Demand fair, with receipts moderate.

Old Chickens.		Spring Chickens.	
Hens, per lb	6½	Average rec'pts	7 @ 7½
Roosters	3½	Ducks.	
Turkeys.		Choice	6½
Choice, per lb	7	Geese.	
Poor and thin	6	Choice	5½@ 6

Live Veals—Firm; fancy fat, 125 to 140-lb calves in good demand, but all others slow; choice to fancy ranged 4½@5c; fair to good, 3½@4c; heretics, rough and thin, 2½@3c per lb.

Game—Prairie chickens in fair supply and slow sale, but all other kinds scarce. Woodcock, $4.50 per doz; prairie chickens, $3.25@3.50 for young and $2 for old; quail, $1.50 for drawn and $1.75 for undrawn; mallard duck, $2.75; teal, $1.25 to $1.50; frog legs, 50c to 75c per doz. Venison—Saddles, 15c per lb; carcasses, 10c.

Hides and Feathers.

Hides—Quiet. Green salted, round, 4c for near-by; 3½c to 3¾c for Southern; No 1, 4½c; No 2, 3½c; uncured, ½c less, dry flint, 5½c to 6c; No 1, 7c; No 2, 5½c; dry salted, 4½c; No 1, 5½c; No 2, 4c; glue stock, green, 1c; dry, 3c.

Feathers—Firm. Prime white, large sks, 36c; small sks, 37c; old white, 28@30c; prime gray, 28; old—X, 21@28c; XX, 15@16c; XXX, 9@11c; XXXX, 5@7c. Chicken—Dry picked, 3½c. Duck—White, 25c; dark, 20c. Tare, 3 to 10 per cent.

Sheep Pelts—Current receipts bring 30@40c for large green to 15@25c for lambs; dry, 10@30c; shearlings, dry, 5@10c; green, 10@15c.

Deer Skins—Prime, 21c; damaged half price; antelope, 1 ½c; goat skins, 5@10c each.

Tallow—Steady. Prime run, in bbls, 5c; No 2, 4½@4½c; cake, 5½c per lb.

Beeswax—Steady at 26c per lb.

Roots—Ginseng, $2 40@2.50; senega, 26@30c; snake, 15@16c; golden seal, 15@17c; May apple, 1½@2c; pink, 16c; lady slippers, 4c; black, 4@4½c; angelica, 3½@4c; wahoo, bark of tree, 3@4c; root, 9c; blood, 2@2½c; blue flag, 4c.

Wool.

No life to trade, there being no demand.

MISSOURI, ILLINOIS, ETC.		TEXAS (6 to 12 months).	
Med combing	15	Medium	12 @14
Med combing	14	Fine medium	9 @12
Coarse & braid	14	Coarse and low	9 @11
Low and cotted	11 @12	Light fine	10 @11
Fine medium	11 @12	Heavy fine	7 @ 8
Light fine	10 @11	Short and sandy	5 @ 7
Heavy fine	9 @ 9½	WESTERN AND NORTHERN	
Slightly burry	10 @11	Medium	11 @13
Hard burry	9 @ 9	Fine medium	9 @11
Southern burry	7½	Coarse and low	7 @10
Bright l'bs w'l	12 @13	Light fine	9 @ 9½
TUB WASHED.		Heavy fine	7 @ 8
Choice	21	Sks long, 15c; Texas, 10c	
Fair	19 @20	Tare, 3 to 3½ lbs.	
Cotted & coarse	15 @18		

LIVE STOCK.

National Stock Yards.

Cattle—Receipts, 3240 head. Native cows and mixed lots sold steady. There was a very small representation of steers in the native division. The few offered were in small lots, and it was impossible to obtain a straight car-load. The market in the Texas division opened steady; some of the early sales were made on that basis, but later the tone was inclined to be easier.

NATIVE CATTLE SALES.

No. Qual.	Av.	Price.	No. Qual.	Av.	Price.
9 steers	973	$3 35	21 cows	749	1 00
23 cows	796	2 17½	15 cows	787	1 80
12 cows	755	2 25	21 mixed	489	1 70
21 cows	810	1 95	25 mixed	732	1 90
24 cows	771	2 00			

SOUTHERN CATTLE SALES.

No. Quality.	Av.	Price.	No. Quality.	Av.	Price.
16 steers	877	$2 65	96 steers	989	$3 00
21 steers	980	2 70	94 steers	1,007	3 10
193 steers	901	2 60	46 steers	1,075	3 10
92 steers	977	3 00	52 steers	940	2 90
69 steers	994	3 00	19 steers	834	2 25
49 steers	1,007	3 00	25 steers	970	2 90
22 steers	996	3 00	40 yearlings	477	1 75
26 steers	948	2 90	11 yearlings	355	1 20
16 cows	768	2 20	27 cows	895	2 50
27 cows	879	2 20	30 cows	762	2 00
185 cows	715	2 05	60 cows	701	2 00
27 cows	661	2 05	64 calves, per head		8 75

Hogs—Receipts, 1,578 head. Choice hogs were not represented to-day, and in the absence of this kind buyers paid steady prices for the fair to the best lightweights obtainable. The bulk of the best heavy sold at $5.15 to $5.20. Medium to good light sold $4.95 to $5.15; common to fair light at $4 to $4.85.

HOG SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
73	237	$5 20	65	226	$5 20
14	222	5 15	68	225	5 15
79	195	5 10	105	188	5 15
33	210	5 10	28	216	5 10
58	237	5 10	66	184	5 10
16	245	5 10	79	180	5 05
72	180	5 00	35	198	5 00
53	192	4 95	76	185	4 90
91	180	4 85	47	146	4 75
92	145	4 60	70	151	4 65
10	120	4 25	10	119	4 15
84	135	4 00			

Sheep—Receipts 538 head. There was no material change in prices as compared with the close of last week; though the market did not show much life. The light supply did not contain anything that could be considered choice.

SHEEP SALES.

No. Qual.	Av.	Price.	No. Qual.	Av.	Price.
92 shp & lbs.	100	$2 80	30 culls	83	$1 50
50 nat. mxd.	113	2 65	6 culls	126	1 75
121 S.w. mxd.	94	2 65			

Live Stock By Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—Hogs—Receipts, 23,000; official Saturday, 7,999; shipments, 2,884; left over, about 3,600. Quality is fair; market fairly active and firm; best heavy lots unchanged, other goods 5c higher. Cattle—Receipts, 23,000; market moderately active; best grades steady, others 5@10c lower. Sheep—Receipts, 25,000; steady for good grades, common 5@10c lower.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 8.—Cattle receipts, 8,000; shipments, 2,000; market dull. Texas steers, steady at $2.55@3.10; Texas cows, $1.75@2.25; beef steers, $3.75@5.10; native cows, $1.50@2.85; stockers and feeders, $2.80@3.50; bulls and mixed, $1.25@3.10. Hogs—Receipts, 1,500; shipments, 500; bulk of sales, $4 90@5.10; heavies, $5@5.10; packers, $4.90@5.10; mixed, $4.90@5.10; lights, $4.80@4.95; yorkers, $5.90@5.05; pigs, $3.10@4.75. Sheep—Receipts, 5,000; shipments, none. Market 5c to 10c lower.

MONEY.

Bank Clearings $4,395,050
Balances 582,267

Exchange—Quoted by A. G. Edwards & Sons:

New York	60c disc bid	Louisville	25c disc bid
Chicago	par bid	New Orleans	75c disc bid
Cincinnati	25c disc bid		

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Broker, Rialto Building, 218 North Fourth street.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.	When due.	Interest Payable.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. BONDS.				
2 ₽ cent bonds	Opt'nal.	J S D & O	96	
4 ₽ cent bonds	1907	J A J & M	114	115
5 ₽ cent bonds	1904	F M A N	119	119½
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 3½ sterling	1919	Feb and Aug	97	99
City 3-65 sterling	1907	June and Dec	99	100½
City 4s, 10-20s				
City 4s, sterling	1902—05	Various	100	102
City 4s, sterling	1905	June and Dec	103	104
City 4s, sterling	1908	Jan and July	103	104
City 4s, sterling	1918	Jan and July	105	106
City 5s, sterling	1900	Various	105	106
City 6s, sterling	1895—96	Various	102	104
City 6s, sterling	1898—99	April and Oct	107	108
County sterling	1905	April and Oct	118	120
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo Pac consols	1920	May and Nov	98	100
Mo Pac 3ds	1896	May and Nov	110	111½
No Mo 1st m 7s	1895	Jan and July	103½	105
K P 1st m 6s	1895	Feb and Aug	103½	104½
K P 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec	105	106½
K P D X 6s	1899	May and Nov	105½	106½
K P consols	1919	May and Nov	78½	82
St L & San F 2d 6s, g, class A	1906	May and Nov	113	113½
St L & San F 2d 6s, g, class B	1906	May and Nov	113	113½
St L & San F 2d 6s, g, class C	1906	May and Nov	113	113½

Stocks.

Private Wire to Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

LONDON, 2 p. m.—Prices of American securities:

Consols	101⅛	Union Pacific	12⅛, adv ⅛
Lake Shore	139, dec ⅛	Nor. Pacific pfd	19⅛, unc
St. Paul	64⅛, adv ⅛	Reading	10, dec ⅛
L. & N.	55⅛, adv ⅛	Atchison	6⅛, adv ⅛
Erie	15⅛, adv ⅛		

NEW YORK—Sugar is about the only feature in the stock market to-day. It is weak on small transactions. The White interest is the principal seller. The traders find no support to the stock, and it yields easily. The weakness has a tendency to depress other stocks. London appears as a buyer. St Paul is their card, but transactions are not large. Bear traders are doing most of the hammering to-day.

The new traffic arrangement between the D., L. & W. and the Nickel Plate has been in contemplation for two or three years. The new arrangement was brought about through overtures on the part of the Nickel Plate management.

Philadelphia and London sold Reading. Room traders sold Rock Island and St. Paul and Boston sold C., B. & Q. Western reports say rates are still demoralized and this has a tendency to check any rise in the grangers. Still the short interest is quite large and if premiums keep up, the bears will start in to cover and give these stocks a good rally.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—At 12:30 o'clock this afternoon there was no change in the price of consols as compared with Saturday's closing.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8, 10:15 a. m.—The stock market opened quiet and generally fractionally higher. In the early trading Chicago Gas and Pacific Mail recorded an improvement of ⅛ and Union Pacific and Manhattan have sold up ⅛. Sugar soon displayed weakness and has sold down 1⅛ to 84⅛. Sugar preferred lost ⅛; Bay State Gas lost 1 per cent. Chicago Gas ⅛, Lackawanna ⅛, and the rest of the list smaller fractions. Speculation continues downward at this writing.

11 a. m.—There was no abatement of the pressure to sell until near 11 o'clock. Meanwhile New England has receded 1⅛ to 3, Reading 1⅛, Manhattan and Sugar preferred ⅛, common ⅛, Chicago Gas and Western Union ⅛. Tobacco and Pacific Mail were exceptions, and advanced 1 per cent. Toward 11 o'clock a better tone was in evidence, and Chicago Gas has regained ⅛, Sugar ⅛ and other shares ⅛@⅛.

Noon—Money on call easy at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3@5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.86⅛@4.87 for demand and 4.85⅛@4.86 for sixty days. Posted rates, 4.86⅛@4.87 and 4.87⅛@4.88. Commercial bills, 4.84⅛@4.85. Silver certificates, 63⅛ bid; no sales. Bar silver, 64⅛. Mexican dollars, 51⅛. United States 4s, reg, 119; do coupon, 119; 4s reg, 114; do coupon, 114; do 2s, reg, 96 bid; Pacific 6s of '95, 101 bid.

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, wherein I. F. Burns is plaintiff and A. B. McCune, O. Buchanan and O. B. Van Valkenberg are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: A one-story frame building situated upon the following described premises, to-wit: In block 4867, city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, being part of lot M, Buchanan's tract, beginning at the intersection of the south line of Old Manchester road and east line of land of Walter Britt, thence east along the south line of old Manchester road 25 feet, thence south in a line parallel with said Britt's east line 100 feet to a point, thence west in a line parallel with the south line of old Manchester road, 25 feet to the east line of said Britt's, thence north along the east line of said Britt's to place of beginning, and I will on FRIDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Oct. 6, 1894. 1882

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE—In the matter of the estate of Martin Grunz, deceased—Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of sale made and entered by the Probate Court for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, at its March term, 1893, and a renewed order of sale made at the June term, 1893, and a renewed order of sale made at the September term, 1894, in the matter of the estate of Martin Grunz, deceased, ordering and directing the undersigned as surviving executor of the last will of said Martin Grunz, to sell the real estate of said deceased, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to pay the debts of said deceased, the undersigned will on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OCTOBER, 1894, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and during the session of Circuit or Probate Court of said city, expose to sale, at public vendue or outcry, to the highest bidder for cash, subject to the approval of said Probate Court, the following described real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debts due by said deceased, to-wit: Lot number ten in block No. 21 in Julia C. Soulard's First Addition to the city of St. Louis, and being block No. 699 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, containing thirty feet front on the east side of Third street, formerly Jackson street, and running back eastward 140 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, according to the plat of said addition on file in the Recorder's office of said city of St. Louis.

2. A lot or parcel of ground being the southern twenty feet of lot numbered four, in block number eleven of Julia C. Soulard's first addition to the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and being block No. 693 of said city, having a front of twenty feet on the east line of Third street, formerly Jackson street, and running back with the same width eastwardly 140 feet to the west line of an alley running north and south and twenty feet wide, bounded northwardly by a line parallel to and distant northwardly one hundred and ten (110) feet from the north line of Miller street, east by an alley, south by lot No. 3 of said block and west by Third street.

ROBERT GRUNZ, Surviving Executor of the last will of Martin Grunz, Deceased.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 28, 1894.

RASSIEUR & SCHNURMACHER, Attorneys for Executor. 1859

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Whereas Nathaniel H. Irvin and Eliza Irvin, his wife, of the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri by their certain deed of trust, dated April 4, 1894, and recorded in Book 1,213 at page 21 of the Recorder's office for the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Being twenty-five (25) feet of lot number four (4) of the subdivision of lot or block number twenty-four (24) of Clay's Old Orchard tract and in city block number forty-four hundred and forty-one (4441) of said city of St. Louis, beginning in the south line of Natural Bridge road thirty (30) feet west of the east line of said lot number four (4), thence running westwardly along the south line of said Natural Bridge road twenty-five (25) feet, thence southwardly on a line parallel with the east line of said lot number four (4) a distance of one hundred and ninety (190) feet; thence east and parallel with the south line of said Natural Bridge road twenty-five (25) feet to the west line of a lot now or formerly of Oliver B. Walters, thence along the west line of said lot, now or formerly of Oliver B. Walters, in a northerly direction a distance of one hundred and ninety (190) feet to the point of beginning, bounded north by Natural Bridge road, on the west by a part of said lot four (4), on the south by part of said lot number four (4) and on the east by property now or formerly of Oliver B. Walters, together with the improvements thereon consisting of a two-story brick building of four rooms and a store, and known as number 4324A Natural Bridge road. Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed fully described.

And whereas the first interest note has become due and remains unpaid and there has been certain mechanics' liens filed and now exist against said property, in violation of the covenants of this deed of trust; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF OCTOBER, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell said real estate to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said notes and the cost of executing this trust.

MARTROM D. LEWIS, Trustee.

St. Louis, Oct. 8, 1894.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an execution, issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of F. X. Barada, G. Strode, C. B. McIntire, Julius Pitzman, Geo. J. Tansey, and John F. McDermott and others, and against John P. Hudgens, founded on judgment rendered in said court on the 2d day of July, 1894, in a certain cause therein then pending, wherein Ernest Viehl is plaintiff and Anna J. Hudgens and others are defendants; cause No. 92,094; I have levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the defendant above named, John P. Hudgens, of, in and to the following described real estate, to wit: Lots 1 and 2 and 11 and 12 of block 1, lots 1 and 2 having a frontage of 61 feet 5⅛ inches on east line of Grand avenue by a depth between parallel lines eastwardly of 145 feet 7 inches to an alley; lots 11 and 12 having a frontage of 60 feet on west line of Eleventh street by a depth westwardly between parallel lines of 142 feet 6 inches; lots 1 and 2 being bounded on the west by Grand avenue, on north by lot 3 of block 1, on east by an alley and on south by Eiler street; lots 11 and 12 of block 1 being bounded on the east by Eleventh street, on south by lot 13, on west by an alley and on north by lot 10; also all of block 3, said block 3 being bounded on west by Tenth street, on the north by Eichleberger street, on the east by Ninth street and on the south by Eiler street. All of foregoing described real estate being situated in Viehl & Hudgens' subdivision, in United States Survey 104, all being in city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and I will on

SATURDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant, John P. Hudgens, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 27, 1894. 1853

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

NOTICE—Whereas Charles Sutter and Robert L. McLaren, stockholders of the National Subway Company of Missouri, did, on Saturday the 29th day of September, 1894, apply in writing to Justice James Carroll, Justice of the Peace, in and for the Fifth District, City of St. Louis, Missouri, requesting said Justice to issue to either one of them a warrant directing and authorizing either one of them to call a meeting of the stockholders of said corporation, and did allege in said application that such meeting could not otherwise be held, for want of sufficient by-laws for that purpose, and of officers duly authorized to call same, which warrant was by said Justice issued to said Charles Sutter.

Now, therefore, I, said Charles Sutter, by virtue of said warrant issued by said Justice on the above application, do hereby call a meeting of the stockholders of said National Subway Company of Missouri, to be held at my offices, rooms 6B and 6C Laclede Building, southwest corner of 4th and Olive streets, St. Louis, Mo., on Tuesday, Oct. 9, 1894, at the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of adopting by-laws to govern the company, and for the purpose of electing five directors to act for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

CHARLES SUTTER, Stock holder.

CORPORATION MEETING—Office Phil French Watch and Jewelry Co., 807 N. 6th st., St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 6, 1894—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Phil French Watch and Jewelry Co. for the election of officers and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the company, in the city of St. Louis, on the 15th day of October, 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m.

PHIL FRECH, President.

JENNIE FRECH, Secretary.

CORPORATION MEETING—Office Desnoyers Shoe Co., St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 4, 1894—Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Desnoyers Shoe Co., for the election of directors and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the company in the city of St. Louis on the 15th day of October, 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m.

J. R. DESNOYERS, President.

JOS. C. FRIAGIN, Sec'y.

Financial.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

Is prepared to make loans on first-class improved property at the lowest current rate of interest, and without commissions.

For particulars, apply to

John S. Lowry, Special Loan Ag't,

804 Union Trust Building, St. Louis, Mo.

Medical.

WILCOX COMPOUND TANSY PILLS

SAFE AND SURE.

Unscrupulous persons are counterfeiting Wilcox Compound Tansy Pills, the genuine are put up in metal boxes with registered trade mark of Shield, accept no worthless nostrum, insist on the genuine, at all Druggists. Send 4 cents for Woman's Safe Guard and receive them by mail. Wilcox Specific Co. Phila. Pa.

Lodge Notices.

Regular Meetings, 25 cents each insertion; Funeral Notices, 50 cents each insertion.

HALL of Robert E. Cowan Lodge, No. 131, Knights of Pythias; Hall No. 1, Odd Fellows' Building, cor. 9th and Olive sts.—Regular meeting this evening at 8 o'clock; work in the rank of Esquire; all members expected and visitors cordially invited to attend.

THEO. INGOLA, C. C.

Attest: CHARLES F. LEIBER, K. R. and S.

LEGAL.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1894, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Eau Claire Lumber Company is plaintiff and T. Jefferson Ross, Thos. Dunn, M. B. O'Reilly, trustee, and Will J. Howard are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Two detached two-story brick dwelling houses and the sheds in rear thereof, together with the ground on which they are situated, described as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block No. 4556, commencing at a point in the north line of Washington avenue at the east line of lot sold by Thomas Dunn to A. B. Chapman, thence eastwardly along the north line of Washington avenue 105 feet to a point, thence northwardly and parallel with east line of said Chapman lot 167 feet 4 inches to the south line of an 18-foot alley, thence westwardly along the south line of said alley 105 feet to a point in the east line of Chapman lot, thence southwardly along the east line of Chapman lot 167 feet 4 inches to the north line of Washington avenue, point of beginning, and I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1894,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property to satisfy said execution and costs.

PATRICK M. STAED, Sheriff, City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 24, 1894. 1847

SPECIAL Commissioner's Sale—Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis in the cause of Jennie E. Reilly et al. vs. Louis A. Reilly et al. (No. 92,003), I, the undersigned special commissioner, will, on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1894,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis (subject to the approval of said Circuit Court), the following described premises, to-wit:

A certain parcel of real estate, situate and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, being a tract of land beginning at a point at the intersection of the south line of Meramec street with the west line of the Stringtown road (now Virginia avenue), thence along the south line of Meramec street three hundred and eight feet (308 ft.), thence southwardly three hundred and eighteen feet eleven inches (318 ft. 11 in), more or less to a point distant westwardly from the west line of the Stringtown road (now Virginia avenue), two hundred and ninety-one feet and four inches (291 ft. 4 in.) more or less, thence eastwardly two hundred and ninety-one feet four inches (291 ft. 4 in) to a point in the west line of the Stringtown road (now Virginia avenue), distant southwardly from the south line of Meramec street four hundred and thirty-nine feet six and one-half inches (439 ft. 6½ in.) more or less, thence northwardly along the west line of the Stringtown road (now Virginia avenue) four hundred and thirty-nine feet six and one-half inches (439 ft. 6½ in.) to the place of beginning; and being the northwest fractional portion of block 83 and part of block 82 of the St. Louis commons; said property constituting an entire city block, number 2852.

Terms of sale are one-third cash, balance in equal installments in one and two years, deferred payments to be secured on the property sold, or at the purchaser's option more than one-third or all may be paid in cash.

FREDERICK W. MOTT, Special Commissioner, No. 6 N. 8th street.

WM. F. WOERNER, Attorney for plaintiffs.

C. W. BATES, Attorney for defendants. 1866

ESTATE of Gustav Kornhardt, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Gustav Kornhardt, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 21st day of September, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 21st day of September, 1894.

1845 BERTHA KORNHARDT, Executrix.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION—Special Commissioner's Sale in Partition, case No. 95,379, room 4, Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, February term, 1894. Joseph B. Ostermann, plaintiff, vs. Ella N. Ostermann, Lillie M. Ostermann, Letitia M. Ostermann, Ella M. Ostermann, John J. Ostermann and Rosa, otherwise known as Gesina Meier, defendants. Pursuant to an order of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, made in the above entitled cause on July 30 h, 1894, and an additional order made thereon on September 8, 1894, renewing the order of sale for the October term, 1894, of said Circuit Court, and an additional order of said Circuit Court made October 2, 1894, renewing said original order of sale for the October term, 1894, the undersigned Special Commissioner will, on

SATURDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell the real estate herein described at public auction to the highest bidder, the terms of said sale being one-third cash, balance of purchase price being one-third payable in one year and one-third payable in two years, the deferred payments to bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from date of purchase, to be secured by deed of trust on property sold—the purchaser having the option to pay a greater portion or all cash—option to be expressed prior to filing report of sale; said purchase or purchases to be subject to the approval of the Circuit Court, the property to be sold being the following described real estate, all situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz.:

One lot of ground in Julia C. Soulard's Third Addition to the City of St. Louis, to-wit: Lot number two (2) in block number one hundred and thirteen (113), being thirty (30) feet front on the east side of ...el (now Tenth) street and running eastwardly with the same width one hundred and fourteen (114) feet to an alley twenty (20) feet wide, according to the plat of said Julia C. Soulard's Third Addition, recorded in the Recorder's office of the County (now city) of St. Louis, and being in city block No. three hundred and eighty-five (385); which said property was acquired by said Gerhard H. Ostermann under the name of Hermann Gerhard Ostermann, from Henry T. Wessels and Elizabeth, his wife, by deed dated the 30th day of June, 1852, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis County (now city), State of Missouri, in book H, No. 6, page 343.

Also a piece or parcel of ground situated in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in block number three hundred and seventy-one (371), containing a front on the east side of Seventh street of ninety-seven feet and six inches (97 ft. 6 in.), by a width on the alley or east line of said lot of fifty-four feet and six inches (54 ft. 6 in.), making an average width of seventy-six feet (76 ft.) by a depth easterly on the north line of one hundred and forty feet (140 ft.), and on the south line of one hundred and forty-seven feet (147 ft.), more or less, bounded on the west by Seventh street, on the north by lot now or formerly of Henry Scheele, on the east by an alley twenty feet (20 ft.) wide, and on the south by Julia C. Soulard's south line; which said property was acquired by said Gerhard H. Ostermann, from Peter Richard Kearick, by deed dated the 9th day of June, 1866, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis County (now city), State of Missouri, in Book 325, page 80.

RUFUS J. DELANO, Special Commissioner.

(1876) Laclede Building, St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 3, 1894.

ESTATE of William Richter, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of William Richter, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 17th day of September, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 17th day of September, 1894.

CAROLINE RICHTER, Executrix.

W. W. C. PERRY, Attorney. 1866

ESTATE of Isaac Chandler, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration with the will annexed, on the estate of Isaac Chandler, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 21st day of September, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 21st day of September, 1894.

1848 ALONZO C. CHURCH, Administrator, with the will annexed.

THE DELICATESSEN CAFE

718 OLIVE STREET.

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

CITY NEWS.

It goes without saying that Crawford's will again to-day have the crowds; to-day it will be St. Louis crowds. The best place to meet your long-lost friends is at Crawford's store.

Imported Wuersburger Hopbran, India Pale Ale, Wainwright's extra brew, on draught at the Merchants', 616 Washington avenue

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st

Dr. E. C. Chase,

804 Olive street. Crown and bridge work.

DWELLING BURNED.

A Gasoline Explosion Destroys Charles Foenebodhns' Residence.

A gasoline stove explosion at 7:45 a. m. set fire to the two-story frame dwelling of Charles Foenebodha in Des Peres place, one-quarter mile west of the city limits. The building was damaged to the extent of $1,200 and the furniture to the amount of $200. No one was injured.

DR. SIMMONS GIVES BOND.

The Amount Is $800 and Charles Ehrengart Is Surety.

Dr. C. F. Simmons, President of the Simmons Medical Co., at 2810 Clark avenue, who was indicted by the Grand-jury last Friday a week ago on a charge of assault to kill in cutting his bookkeeper, John McBain last June called at the Four Courts to-day and gave bond. He was out of the city on a fishing expedition when the indictment was retured and has just gotten back. Charles Ehrengart of 2723 Adams street is surety on the bond which is for $800.

In Our Custom Department

In addition to a full line of English suitings and Scotch Cheviots, we show you a large number of Novelties from the best London jobbers. You will notice a reduction of prices on all Worsteds affected by the new Tariff.

The increase of business in our CLOTHING DEPARTMENT, enables us to Offer an increased variety of Fine Garments with all of the latest improvements of this season's fashions.

MILLS & AVERILL,
Broadway and Pine.

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED.

Ellis Jackson, a Prominent Contractor, Disappears in Kansas City.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Oct. 8.—Ellis Jackson, a contractor, went to Kansas City to view the Priests of Pallas parade, expecting to return on Wednesday. Nothing has been heard from him and L. W. Dwiedress, the Court-house contractor, has returned from a fruitless search for him.

Frank Borden, foreman for Jackson, is now in Kansas City trying to find a clew to the missing man.

Jackson has a family here, has no bad habits and stands very high in every way. He has the contract for the woodwork on the new court-house here and is also erecting a couple of large business buildings. His accounts are all right and he had only a small amount of money when he left. He was last seen on Tuesday evening by a friend at the Western Star Hotel on Grand avenue in Kansas City. Foul play is strongly suspected.

CHASHIER CRAWFORD SENTENCED.

Given Five Years in the Penitentiary on the Seventh Count of the Indictment.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Oct. 8.—Judge Philips of the United States District Court to-day sentenced A. B. Crawford, ex-cashier of the defunct American National Bank, to five years in the Missouri Penitentiary on the seventh count of the indictment—making a false entry. He was convicted on five counts, while five others were quashed, but it is understood that an agreement was reached between the defense and the District Attorney whereby five years is all the punishment he will be given, and the case will not be appealed.

If the case had been carried to the Supreme Court Crawford would probably have been sentenced on each count and the District Attorney would have had him reindicted on the five quashed counts.

Crawford took the sentence very coolly. When Judge Philips asked him if he had anything to say why sentence should not be passed on him, he glanced at Gen. W. H. H. Miller, who shook his head, and the prisoner die the same. Judge Philips expressed deep regret for the cashier.

Crawford spent a quiet Sunday in jail and probably to be taken to Jefferson City to-night by the Federal authorities.

Warrants for Williams.

Ex-Surveyor of the Port James O. Churchill called at the Prosecuting Attorney's office to-day and swore out a warrant against Charles Williams charging him with burglarizing his residence at 3021 Washington avenue on Veiled Prophets' night and stealing $150 worth of jewelry. S. N. Ford of 3018 Pine street also swore out a warrant to-day against Williams charging him with burglarizing his residence on the same night and stealing $200 worth of jewelry. Williams was arrested last Thursday by Detectives Viehle and Frese.

THE grate construction of BUCK'S ROYAL Heater for soft or hard coal will not allow clinkers to form. See it in any of 100 St. Louis stove stores. Made in St. Louis.

International Dance.

An international dance will be given Tuesday afternoon in the amphitheater at the Fair Grounds. The Dahomeyans, South Sea Islanders, Buck Taylor's Indians, Persian and Egyptian dancers will all take part, giving their national dances. There will be no muscle dancing, so that everyone may enjoy the spectacle without being disgusted. The admission will be 10 cents at the entrance to the grounds. The performance will begin at 3 o'clock.

Merchants' Exchange Meeting.

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Merchants' Exchange was held regarding the elections of the Vice-Presidents. Heretofore the elections of both First and Second vice-presidents have been held together and it is now proposed to have these elections held separately. The advisability of admitting No. 2 hard winter wheat as deliverable upon No. red contracts was also discussed. Both questions were acted upon and submitted to a vote of the members.

Ask for a Stay.

SPRINGFELD, Ill., Oct. 8.—Col. Frank McConnaughey of Belleville presented a petition to the Governor to-day asking for a stay of execution of Minkhausen, sentenced to be hanged there Friday, the 12th inst. The Supreme Court has refused the supersedeas. The Governor has the petition under advisement. Minkhausen was convicted of poisoning his wife.

Winter Tourist Rates.

The IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE is selling winter tourist tickets to San Antonio, Galveston, Austin, Eddy, El Paso, Lake Charles, New Orleans, and a number of other prominent points in the Southwest at very low rates, good for return until June 1, 1895.

TIME LIMIT RULE.

It Is Becoming a Burning Question In the Southern Methodist Church.

The Southern Methodist ministers who were changed about at the recent annual conference reported to the regular Monday meeting of the ministers the results of their first work in their new charges. The removal of Dr. Messick from Cook Avenue Church and his appointment as presiding elder in place of Dr. Werlein, who has become pastor of Lafayette Park M. E. Church South, as successor of Dr. Chappell, the new pastor of Cook Avenue Church, has not occasioned much dissatisfaction but it has revived the controversy over the time-limit rule. In several cities throughout the country congregations of Methodist churches have protested strenuously against the removal of their pastor by the annual conference because he has served the full term permitted by the laws laid down by the general conference. These protests have taken the form of boycotts against the new appointees. Ministers in the Methodist and Southern Methodist churches are appointed for the term of a year by the annual conferences, over which one of the College of Bishops presides; but a Southern Methodist minister cannot remain more than four years and a Methodist minister not more than five years in one place.

DR. CHAPMAN'S VIEWS.

Rev. Dr. M. B. Chapman, editor of the St. Louis *Christian Advocate*, who is to become pastor of a church in Baltimore on Nov. 1, was asked to-day to give his views of the itinerary system and the time limit regulation. "I am in favor of the itinerary system, whereby the ministers are appointed for a term of one year, by the annual conference," said he, "but I think that the arbitrary rule which decrees the removal of a minister because he has served four years in one charge should be modified and made more flexible. As a general rule a term of four years is long enough for a minister to be in one charge, but there are exceptional cases where the application of the arbitrary time-limit rule is very hurtful.

THE TENDENCY SHOWN.

That the general tendency of Methodism is in favor of greater permanency of pastorates appears from the fact that twenty-five years ago the Southern Church extended the time limit from two years to four years, and that the Methodist Church at its General Conference at Omaha extended the limit from three to five years.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC ECONOMY.

Policy of Rigid Retrenchment to Be Inaugurated Nov. 1.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 8.—The policy of retrenchment commenced by the Southern Pacific Railroad Co. is to be continued. A consolidation of divisions will take place on Nov. 1. One division is to be abolished completely and the work of the other division so divided up that a second division superintendent can be dismissed. This change means the lopping off of the heads of all the petty officers of the abolished division and of half the clerical force in the consolidated divisions, effecting a saving of several thousand dollars a month.

William H. Haydock is to be relieved of the superintendency of the coast divison, and will be succeeded by J. L. Frazier, now Superintendent of the San Joaquin Division, which is to be abolished, and its headquarters removed from Fresno to San Francisco. The San Joaquin Division will be divided, half of the territory being added to that now in charge of the Mojave Division superintendent, whose division headquarters will be moved from Mojave to Bakersfield. The other half will be part of the Western Division, with headquarters at Oakland.

FILED A PLEA.

Pullman Palace Car Co. Defends Itself Against Quo-Warranto Proceedings.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—A plea was filed today in the Circuit Court before Judge Gibbons in behalf of the Pullman Palace Car Co. in defense of the quo-warranto proceedings begun by Attorney-General Maloney. It denies the charges that the company is exceeding its rights in doing business not provided for by its charter. The time allowed for filing the plea expired to-day.

To Protect an Investment.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 8.—Suit has been brought in the United States District Court for the appointment of a receiver for the Minnesota and Ontario Lumber Co., of which Dennis Ryan is president and R. B. Calusha, secretary. The allegations in the complaint, which is subscribed to by Stephen Douglass Ryan of Dubuque, are sensational in character and the suit is brought to protect an investment of $140,000, alleged to have been made by the complainant in the stock of the company.

HE VISITED NORMANDY.

Demonstration Over Archbishop Kain's First Visit to the Little Suburb.

Archbishop Kain made his first visit to St. Ann's Church, Normandy, Fr. Peter, pastor, Sunday afternoon, and it was made the occasion of quite a demonstration by the citizens of that aristocratic little suburb. The Archbishop was escorted from the Passionist monastery to the church by the men of the parish, headed by the Christian Brothers' College brass band. Mr. James A. Reardon delivered an address of welcome, to which Archbishop Kain responded in a happy vain. Fifty children and seven adults were confirmed by his grace, Col. Taylor and Mrs. Charles L. Hunt standing as sponsors for the boys and girls. The three handsome statues donated by Mrs. Hensgen, Mrs. J. C. Ghio and Mr. Michael Fagin were blessed by the Archbishop. Special decorations were made at the church for the occasion, the new stained glass windows donated by Mrs. J. M. Turner, Mrs. Robert J. Lucas, Mrs. J. B. C. Lucas, Mrs. Charles L. Hunt, St. Ann's Branch C. T. A., Mr. and Mrs. James Tennelly, Mr. Thomas Tennelly and Mr. Joseph Nolte lending much beauty to the scene. A special musical programme prepared by Mrs. J. E. McFaul was well rendered by the following people: Prof. George A. Kissel, organist; Misses. Fitzhugh Turner, Nullaphy Cates, James Peacock and J. E. McFaul, sopranos; Miss Florence McGrath, contralto; Messrs. G. C. Farley, Benj. J. Bloemker and Charles E. Blume, tenors, and ——— Fitzhugh Turner, Lucien Jones and Arthur E. Foss, bassos. After services Mrs. McFaul entertained the choir at her home.

Twenty or twenty-five of the clergy from the city attended the services at the church and dined with the Archbishop at the monastery. Archbishop Kain left for Philadelphia later to attend a meeting of archbishops.

Katharine Nirk's Divorce.

Katharina Nirk began proceedings in the Circuit Court for divorce from her husband, Edward J. Nirk. Plaintiff recites their marriage in this city on June 24, 1893, and states that they lived together until Sept. 25, 1894. She charges that the defendant has failed and refused to support her and has been guilty of general indignities towards her.

For the Grand-Jury.

James Ethel was held for the Grand-jury in the Court of Criminal Correction in $1,500 bonds on a charge of assault to kill. John Maloney and Frank Bowman were held in $300 bond each on a charge of burglary and larceny. H. H. Gerhardt was held in $300 bonds on a charge of embezzlement.

Professionals 10, Hillsboro 6.

HILLSBORO, Ill., Oct. 8.—The St. Louis Professionals with Breitenstein and Schutz in the points, defeated the locals by a score of 10 to 6. McDermott and Rappold were the Hillsboro' battery.

ROBBED IN TEXAS.

Collector Scott of the Wrought Iron Range Co. Relieved of $1,100.

FT. WORTH, Tex., Oct. 8.—About 9 o'clock last night two masked highwaymen held up John Scott, collector for the Wrought Iron Range Co. of St. Louis, and relieved him of $1,100, the amount being one week's collection.

The robbers covered Scott with double barreled shotguns and hit him over the head with the butt end of a revolver. There is no clew to the perpetrators of the robbery.

When seen at the office of the company, Nineteenth street and Washington avenue, Treasurer H. H. Culver, Jr., said that as yet no official information had been received by the company regarding the robbery.

"On a number of previous occasions," said Mr. Culver, "we have received reports that some one of our collectors had been held up but investigation proved that the report was groundless, and we are in hopes that this rumor may turn out in a like manner. Mr. Scott has been employed by the firm as collector for the past six years, his territory being Tarrant County, Tex. He traveled for the most part either on horse-back or in a buggy, and was usually on the road about a week at a time.

"Collectres for our firm have been held up a number of times during the last eight or nine years, but in every instance we have either recovered the money stolen or captured the robbers. We have wired General Manager E. R. Jennings, who has charge of our affairs in Texas, with headquarters at Ft. Worth, for particulars, but have as yet received no reply."

Scott is a single man, about 35 years old, and resides at Ft. Worth.

COLLINS DAMAGE CASE.

The Asphyxiation of Two Young Men at the St. James Recalled.

The cases of Benjamin C. Collins and wife against Thomas C. Miller, proprietor of the St. James Hotel and the Travelers' Protective Association were called in the United States Circuit Court, Judge Priest presiding, and were laid over until 2 p. m. to give the defense an opportunity to prepare affidavits asking for a continuance on the ground that some of the witnesses are missing. The suits are for $5,000 damages against Miller for negligence in causing the death of the plaintiffs' son at the St. James Hotel last winter by asphyxiation and for the recovery of a $4,000 life insurance policy from the T. P. A., who resisted payment on the ground that young Collins was drunk at the time of his death. James Solomon was a room-mate of Collins at the time and met the same fate.

SAVED FROM RUIN.

Mary Buckthorn Rescued by Harry E. Bradley, a Huckster.

About 9 o'clock this morning Harry E. Bradley, a huckster, who lives with his family at 1217 North Seventh street, rescued Mary Buckthorn, a 17-year-old country girl, from Potosi, Mo., from ruin. Mr. Bradley was driving along Seventeenth street, between Poplar and Spruce streets, when he noticed the innocent-looking girl in the company of a dudishly-clad young man, who was about to take her into a disreputable resort. Bradley jumped off his wagon and went over to the couple and ascertained that the young man did not know the girl, but that he had told her if she went with him to this house he would give her a little money and help her out of her trouble. Bradley gave the young dude a severe tongue lashing, took charge of the girl and took her to the Four Courts.

STRONGLY DENOUNCED.

Rev. Vanosdel Shocked at a Minstrel Performance by Ladies of Galesburg.

GALESBURG, Ill., Oct. 8.—Society here is all agog over an attack made by Rev. O. W. Vanosdel, Baptist minister, in his sermon last night on some twenty-five of the "Four Hundred." About a week ago some ladies, including members of Rev. Mr. Vanosdel's flock, gave a minstrel show for the benefit of the Universalist Church. The affair was a great success in every particular. Ladies had their faces blacked, and also donned the regimentals so common to the Southern negroes, and the "end" women wore big, sparkling diamond pins and played tambourines in a way that would do credit to a professional.

This did not meet with the approval of Rev. Mr. Vanosdel, and last Sunday evening he gave notice that he would dwell upon the subject in his next sermon. During the week the matter was the subject for much speculation, and the preacher was criticised. Some of the members of his church requested him not to mention the subject, but he published in the evening papers a card in which he claimed the right as a Baptist minister to criticise the public acts of any individual or set of individuals, and that he would continue in the course he had laid out.

The result was that his church was filled last evening. He denounced in strong terms such measures for raising money for the church. As a result of this sermon there is likely to be a break in Rev. Mr. Vanosdel's church.

Religious Notes.

The First Presbyterian Church of Columbia, Mo., costing $30,000, was dedicated.

A big Sunday-school convention was held in the Methodist Episcopal Church, Forest, Ill.

Central Illinois Camp Meeting opened at La Place, Platt County. Evangelist O. T. Black is present.

Rev. E. R. Burton and Bishop Joseph Huff preached to large congrations in the Latter Day Saints' Tabernacle, at Eldorado Springs, Mo.

Cardinal Gibbons, in a sermon preached yesterday in Baltimore Cathedral, opposed woman suffrage as a debasing influence and a detriment to the true mission of women.

Prof. Swing's Chicago church will be dissolved, its organization having been dependent upon the late professor's peculiar intellectual personality.

The lecture given at St. John's Church by Rev. James W. Lee, in which the speaker described a journey taken by him from Jerusalem to Nazareth, was largely attended.

Dr. McGlynn declared that the A. P. A. was founded on unpatriotic and dishonorable principles, but said that the discussion by Catholic priests of political subjects was in part responsible for its existence.

Negroes about Berea, Ky., are in a condition of religious frenzy, and are trying to work miricles by faith and prayer. A female evangelist, named Brooks, caused the excitement.

JUDGE EDMUNDS DISQUALIFIED.

He Will Not Hear the Testimony in the Klein Lottery Case.

In the afternoon session of the Criminal Court Judge Edmunds was disqualified from hearing the Klein lottery case.

INDECENT POSTAL CARD.

George W. Davis Is Charged With Having Circulated It.

George W. Davis, who claims to be a sewing machine and gasoline stove repairer, with a shop at 918 Pine street, was arrested last Saturday evening in front of 912 Olive street on the charge of circulating an indecent advertising card. Chief Harrigan some time ago received a letter from A. C. W. Kenton complaining of the alleged indecency of the card presented to pedestrians by Davis, and Officer Delaney was detailed to investigate the matter. The officer learned that Davis is in the habit of standing on Olive street and distributing the objectionable cards to colored and white girls especially. Davis is about 40 years old. The cards he is accused of distributing have songs printed on them, several verses of which are considered suggestive if not indecent.



Your Laundress' Back,

and her time, are not the only things that you save, if she uses Pearline. You'll get your clothes washed without that ruinous rub, rub, rub that wears them out quickly. It's a gain for her and a gain for you, and they're washed just as safely as they could be with the best soap—only a great deal more easily.

But see for yourself that what she uses is Pearline—the original washing-compound; the best; the one proved to be perfectly harmless. All these washing-powders that you're warned against are only imitations of Pearline. 406 JAMES PYLE, New York.

CLAIRETTE SOAP.

THE TUB THAT STANDS ON IT'S OWN BOTTOM



SOLD EVERYWHERE

MADE BY THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis

THE LEADING AND EXPERT SPECIALIST.

DR. OLIN D. WHITTIER.

ADVICE FREE, Call or Write. (Office Hours, 9 to 1 and 3 to 8. Sunday, 10 to 12.) 514 Washington Av., St. Louis, Mo. (Established in 1860,) Specialist in

NERVOUS DEBILITY Lost Manhood, Exhausting Drains, Organic Weakness, from Indiscretion, Excess or Indulgence, producing some of following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Dark Circles, Self Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples, Loss of Ambition, Lack of Energy, Tire Easily, Gloominess, Despondency, Melancholy, Backache, Unfitness to Marry, etc., treated with success and fully restored. Blank 1 and Dictionary sealed, FREE, explains.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Cures for Life-Blood Poison and Taints, affecting the Body, Nose, Throat, Skin and Bones, Mucous patches in mouth, Scrofula, Eczema, Acne, Warty Growths, Herpes, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Piles, etc. Blank 2 and Dictionary sealed, FREE, explains.

URINARY AND BLADDER Ailments, as Pain in, Difficult, Too Frequent, Milky or Bloody Urine, and private matters relating to Urinary Passage, promptly cured. Blank 3 and Dictionary sealed, FREE, explains

MEN'S SPECIAL TROUBLES, whether contagential or acquired, successfully attended to.

WITH A STOOL.

Harold Denevers Seriously Assaults John Hodges of Ellendale.

John Hodges, a young man of a respectable family living at Ellendale, Mo., and Harold Denevers, who conducts a lunch stand at 104 North Fourteenth street, got into a dispute about 11 p. m., at Denever's stand over the price of some lunch which Hodges had eaten. Hodges was under the influence of liquor and refused to pay the price asked by the lunch man. When he was about to leave the stand Denevers picked up one of the stools in the place and dealt Hodges a couple of blows on the head, inflicting one very large and serious scalp wound. Deivers was arrested and brought to the Four Courts, while Hodges was taken to the City Dispensary, where Dr. Fitzpatrick dressed his wound and pronounced it quite serious, but not necessarily fatal. The injured man was removed to a room at 1818 Chestnut street. Hodges claimed at the City Dispensary that a woman, who is an inmate of a disreputable house in the neighborhood of Fifteenth and Chestnut streets, was responsible for the assault.

USED COCAINE.

Dentist Giddings at Seattle Shoots His Head Off With a Shotgun.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 8.—Dr. W. F. Giddings, a dentist of wide reputation and ex-President of the State Dental Association, was found a his office with the whole left side of his head blown off by a shotgun. He had placed the muzzle of the gun in his mouth, and when the shot went off blood and brains were scattered over the ceiling and three walls of the room.

Giddings was prosperous and happy in his domestic relations, but his health had become impaired by the excessive use of cocaine undoubtedly causing mental derangement.

Cheap Home-Seekers' Excursion.

On Oct. 9th Burlington Route will sell excursion tickets to all points in the West, Northwest and Southwest at one fare for the round trip plus $2. Ticket office, 218 North Broadway.

Tried to Burn Chauvin's House.

DETROIT, Mich. Oct. 8.—An attempt was made to destroy by fire the old house in which the murdered hermit Chauvin spent the last days of his life. The old bed in which he got was saturated with kerosene and set fire to. Neighbors, however, extinguished the flames before the house was completely destroyed. It is believed the attempt was made for the purpose of destroying the will, the withy hermit told his neighbors he had made, but which the most diligent search on the part of his administrators has failed to reveal.

Chaos in the Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct. 8.—Important changes have take place among the Pennsylvania Railroad officials. James Reed, Superintendent of the west Pennsylvania, has resigned. D. M. Watt Superintendent of the Virginia & Charleston succeeds West; D. H. Lovell, Superintendent of the Cambria & Cambria, with headquarters at Cresson, takes Watts' position, while Frank F. Robb of Cambria succeeds Lovell.

Sugar Refinery to Close.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Oct. 8.—The Maulen hauer Sugar Refinery, employing 1,800 men, will shut down to-day for an indefinite time. The Moll hauer people say that a singular feature of the market is the fact that they have sold sugars and molasses ahead, but there is absolutely no market for refined sugar.

Callahan Sentenced.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 8.—John T. Callahan, the last of the boodle Councilmen convicted of criminal bribery and corruption in office, was to-day sentenced by Judge Moise to five years in the State Penitentiary and $50 fine.

Whe[illegible]ick, we gave her Castoria,
Whe[illegible]ild, she cried for Castoria,
Whe[illegible]ss, she clung to Castoria,
W[illegible]s, she gave them Castoria.

STEAM PIPE EXPLODID.

Two Men Killed and Five Very Dangerously Injured.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—Two men were killed to-day in the Illinois Steel Works by the explosion of a steam pipe. The dead are:

WILLIAM MILLER, 30 years old, married.
A. B. SHARROW, unmarried.

The recovery of five other employes, who were very dangerously injured, is doubtful. They are:

JOHN HOLSTROM.
THOMAS DORSEY.
OSCAR WAGNER.
JOSEPH TODHUNMER.
PETER MOXEY.

All were employed at the South Chicago Mill and the injured were taken to the company hospital there.

The room in which the accident occurred filled with steam from the broken pipes and almost every one of the fifty men at work there were more or less burned. All but seven, however, were able to go to their homes, and the company's physicians reported that none of the others were dangerously hurt.

Deaths From Eating Toadstools.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 8.—Joseph Humbal, the members of whose family were poisoned by eating toadstools by mistake for mushrooms, died last night from the effects of the poisoning. The entire family, comprising the parents and three children, were taken violently ill without apparent cause, and it was not known what was the matter with them until one of the children died. Despite the work of physicians the mother and the two children also died.

AGAINST APAISM.

Open and Organized Warfare Begun in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 8.—Open and organized warfare against the American Protective Association has commenced in this city. Meetings have been held in every precinct and an organization called the American Liberal League has been formed by a number of prominent lay members of the Roman Catholic Church to devise a plan for the defeat of candidates in the coming election who may be supported by the A. P. A.

The organizers of the American Liberal League have employed every available means to learn the plans and methods of the A. P. A. They claim to have obtained accurate accounts of the A. P. A. meetings in this city, with the rituals and oaths of the various lodges. James F. Smith, an attorney, who is a prominent mover in the American Liberal League, said:

Our League is an organized body; it is only by combination that we can fight the A. P. A. movement. By thorough district and central organization we will try to see that none of the A. P. A.s are elected. The local Populist ticket is largely A. P. A. in its make-up, and the municipal non-partisan ticket also contains many A. P. A. names. In the recent Republican Municipal convention there were sixty-seven members of the A. P. A., and its ticket also has many names which the American Liberal League will openly denounce."

Colson Legal Nominee.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Oct. 8.—Upon the motion of John T. White, who obtained the injunction against the Republican primary election, Judge Jones has dissolved it. Colson holds the certificate of nomination signed by nine members of the District Committee. Eight members refused to sign. Colson's friends are jubilant and claim that dissolving the injunction makes him the legal nominee. Adams and White will remain in the race.

Political Drift.

The National Democratic Congressional Committee is raising money to assist in re-electing Mr. Wilson of West Virginia.

Jerry Simpson of Kansas is to be brought out as a candidate for United States Senator.

The Democratic State Committee will not indorse him for Congress.

John G. Carlisle is a candidate for the Senate, according to the Frankfort (Ky.) *Capital*.

Want Their Tin-Plate Makers.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—In order to get back the British tin-plate makers who went to America, the Welsh manufacturers, in addition to guaranteeing them work, promise to pay their fares home.

New and Nice

OVERCOATS!

The tailor never made nicer or better ones—at any price.

Ours are cut in style,
Elegantly lined and trimmed,
Best qualities of cloth,
Handsomely and stoutly built;

But the price is *not* the tailor's; it is *ours—about one-half the tailor's.*

We Want You to See Them.

The prices are within reach of everybody.

Some as Low as $8.00.

Some as High as $46.00.

But whatever price you buy at you get the same *big value for your cash.*

We Are Their Makers.
We Are Their Guarantors.

You can determine as to *looks, fit and price.* We will warrant as to quality and service.

Browning, King & Co.,

Cor. Broadway and Pine.

HIS DIVORCED WIFE.

George Reuter Fined $10 for Threatening and Annoying Her.

George Reuter, a tall, well-dressed and rather good-looking man, apparently about 30, was fined $10 by Judge Paxson in the Second District Police Court for disturbing the peace of his divorced wife, Emma Reuter, and in default of payment was sent with the other prisoners to the Third District Station preparatory to going to the Work-house.

YOUNG WOMEN DRUNK.

Mamie Hickey and Mamie Davis, Both Well-Dressed, Plead Guilty.

Mamie Hickey and Mamie Davis, two well-dressed and attractive young women, were arraigned before Judge Morris on the charge of being drunk on the streets. They live in the neighborhood of Twenty-third and Wash streets and Sunday went out for a quiet lark. When Officer Tom Doulin of the Central District met them at Ninth and Market streets at a late hour last night they were howling like Indians, and had on a comfortable jag. When called out for trial both walked up to Clerk McEnnis concealing their faces with their hands and entered a plea of guilty. They were fined $3 each and given a stay on good behavior.

Faster Trains West.

The Union Pacific have announced another change of time for their fast train from Kansas City to Denver. The train will leave Kansas City at 6:45 p. m., instead of 7, as heretofore, and will arrive in Denver at 1:40 p. m., or in nineteen hours and fifty-five minutes.

For Misdemeanors.

Thomas Rochester, James Sullivan and Wm. Hussey were sentenced to three months in the Work-house by Judge Claiborne for petit larceny. Stephen O'Leary was given four months in the Work-house also for petit larceny. Samuel Lucas, Thomas Dorsey, alias Jacob Johnson and George Gray got sixty days each in the Work-house for petit larceny.

Warrant for Arson Against O'Brien.

A warrant charging arson was issued today against Edward O'Brien, who was arrested by Officers Hogan and Quigley on suspicion of having caused a fire in the room of Mrs. Esther Rice at 910 Marzet street last Sunday night.

To E. T. Rowse's Memory.

President Boyd of the Merchants' Exchange has appointed the following committee to prepare resolutions of respect to the memory of Edward S. Rowse: Isaac M. Mason, Charles F. Orthwein, S. W. Cobb, B. M. Hubbard, George H. Morgan.

Good Shepherd Reception.

Archbishop Kain, with solemn ceremonial, received eight postulants into the order of the sisters of the Good Shepherd and administered the final vows to six novices at the convent on Seventeenth and Pine streets.

Archbishop Kain was assisted in the sanctuary by Fr. Koopman and Rohmer, S. J., and Fr. Valentine, a Franciscan.

HUMPHREY'S, Broad
The weather to-day:



TO-DAY the International Typographical Union, of which William H. Prescott is president, opens its annual convention at Louisville, Ky.

The sessions will continue six days, closing on Saturday next. All the large cities and towns of the United States and Canada are represented in this gathering of practical printers, by whose labors the daily and weekly newspapers and other periodicals, as well as books are produced.

We are producing a sensation with our sale of Men's Fancy Border Handkerchiefs, selling at 9 cents each.

Our $1.90 Derbys are also producing a sensation about town among nobby dressers.

Our Fine Ready-for-Wear Suits and Overcoats are as fine as tailors' hands can make, and prices are from a third to a half less than merchant tailor prices for garments of identical style and quality.

F. W. HUMPHREY & C[illegible]



In[illegible] Pin[illegible]

That's a fig of man a man's fo[illegible] —with to scrambl[illegible] over one a other a[illegible] ball and si[illegible] compresse[illegible]

Selz Royal Blue Men's $4.00 Sho[illegible]

Manufactured by Selz, Schwab & Co., Chic[illegible] largest Shoe Makers in the United State[illegible] *is true*—made to fit the human [illegible] and does it. Both handsome and [illegible]rable besides.

Selz Royal Blue Shoe Sold by the [illegible]

A PAUPER'S GRAVE

An Unknown Nobleman to Be Laid Rest in Potter's Field.

The remains of Alois Von Rauchenb[illegible] the Austrian nobleman, whose body found floating in the river at the [illegible] Gratiot street, several days ago, will [illegible]terred in Potters' Field. The body w[illegible] claimed by any friends. Von Re[illegible]bechler was a dishwasher on Fift[illegible] Poplar streets, and resided in the neighborhood with Henry Mosenthie relatives live at Strasburg, Austria.

Austrian Consul Diehm stated that unknown to him, and that he ha[illegible] heard of any prominent family by thi[illegible] in Austria, although there might be family among the Austrian nobility.

HUNTERS' RATES.

Season of 1894-1895.

The IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE ha[illegible] in effect low rates for hunters and fi[illegible] to points in Missouri, Arkansas and [illegible]ana. Apply at City Ticket Office [illegible] Station for copy of Hunting and [illegible] pamphlet containing game laws a[illegible] information.

Americans Again in Cont[illegible]

PANAMA, Oct. 8.—It is reported [illegible] Americans have regained contr[illegible] Panama Railroad, that Geo. J. Gou[illegible] its new President, and that Col. [illegible] present superintendent of the [illegible] enter the service of the Canal [illegible] engineer.

HOME, Happiness, Heaven — ROYAL Air-tight stove for soft or [illegible] has much to do with bringing tha[illegible] into conjunction. Try it. Remem[illegible] made in St. Louis.

For Stealing a Watc[illegible]

A warrant was issued char[illegible] Stadtmiller with stealing a watc[illegible] Loue, a jeweler at 2729 Chouto[illegible] Stadtmiller sold the watch, it [illegible] it was recovered.

CURES OTH[illegible]

For Severe, Lingering Co[illegible] Lungs, Bleeding from Lungs, [illegible] Asthma, and Consumption, [illegible] stages, Dr. Pierce's Golden Me[illegible]ery is a sovereign remedy. [illegible] cures the cough but also b[illegible] strength and flesh of those re[illegible] a healthy standard by "Wasti[illegible] Will not make fat folks more



MR. WILEY.

R. F. W[illegible] Esher, C[illegible] Wyo., wri[illegible] bronchiti[illegible] years an[illegible] could n[illegible] out coug[illegible] to take a[illegible] away. [illegible] thes of Golden [illegible]ery, and [illegible] word as [illegible] I can c[illegible] there is [illegible] 'ranch[illegible] ing. I [illegible] ery of [illegible] Medical [illegible] a year."